The Centre Reporter.

VOL { OLD SERIES XL / NEW SERIES XX

CENTRE HALL, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1887. NO. 21

THE CENTRE REPORTR.

FRED KURTZ. . . Editor.

The state board of agriculture meets in the court house at Bellefonte, June 8th.

Thus far Gov. Beaver has vetoed eight bills and signed 58, with 285 yet to act upon.

At the burning of a Paris theatre on 25, 14 persons lost their lives by jumping from a window.

Ladies be sure to have a copy of the REPORTER of June 1, it will have a coupon for a jacket pattern free.

Up in Monroe county a wealthy and accomplished young lady died from intemperate habits. She had almost squandered a fortune of $100,000.

The crop prospects throughout the country have improved considerably in the last two weeks, and there is a downward tendency in prices of grain in consequence.

The President has appointed A. H. Dill, of Lewisburg, U. S. Marshall, for the eastern district of Pennsylvania. This is a good appointment and one that will not be objected to by anybody.

Philadelphia is to have a boom. It is stated that more than 21,000 buildings will be erected within the corporate limits of the city of Philadelphia during the year 1887, 95 per cent of which will be dwelling houses.

The people of Somerset county will have either to go thirsty or adopt some of the always effective devices for evading the provisions of prohibitory liquor laws. The courts there have refused all applications for licenses, and are likely to continue to do so.

The losses by the forest fires in Michigan and Wisconsin since the first of the present month are said to be fully four millions of dollars, and the destruction is going on almost as rapidly as ever. A few more such fires as this will breed a timber famine in the country, and do away with the erection of frame buildings.

The Lancaster county Republicans are divided into the hog-ring and bull ring factions. At the primary elections held last week, the hog-ring was victorious. These nicknames were given each other by the factions themsetves, because belonging to the same dunghill they knew just what name was the proper one to apply to each other.

The authorities of Kansas City, Mo., do not hold the Salvation Army in high esteem. A few evenings ago a meeting of the Army was raided and nineteen of its members arrested and put in the lockup, presumably as disturbers of the peace. There is no question that, as sometimes conducted, such meetings are public nuisances, but they could be dispersed without arresting the people who conduct them.

The unknown girl who was murdered at Rahway, N. J., several weeks ago, has at last been buried, without being recognized. The brutal murderer and the poor victim are both unknown. It is a remarkable fact that two gentlemen of unimpeachable veracity stated positively that they identified the remains as those of girls whom they knew, but in both instances the supposed victims were afterward found to be alive and well.

A liquor seller in Michigan has just been assessed in nearly ten thousand dollars damages by a jury, in a rather peculiar case. He sold liquor to a man, under the influence of which the latter killed another, and was convicted and sentenced to prison for life. The convict's wife sued the saloonkeeper for damages with the above result. If this rule prevailed in all the States and saloonkeepers were held responsible for all damages done by persons made drunk by them, there would be fewer saloons and much less drunkeness and crime.

The strife among the Knights of Labor is daily becoming more serious, and threatens the disruption of the society unless some sort of a settlement is reached. It is a question whether the head officials can go on suspending assembly after assembly, each with its thousands of members, without a sacrifice of strength which it cannot well afford. It is said the striking Knights in the coke region will refuse to obey an order to return to work, should one be issued, and thus lopping off several thousand additional members. There are threatened breaks in the ranks in New York City, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and at other points. Taking it all around, Mr. Powderly and his aids seem destined to have plenty of hard work to hold things together.

FARMERS OF THE STATE.

THE SPRING MEETING TO BE HELD AT BELLEFONTE.

The spring meeting and general farmers' institute of the Pennsylvania state board of agriculture will be held in the court house at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., and at the Pennsylvania state college, in the same county, Wednesday and Thursday, June 8 and 9, 1887. The address of welcome will be made by Hon. A. O. Furst, of Bellefonte, Pa. The following is the programme of exercise for Wednesday morning and subsequent sessions throughout that day and Thursday.

Wednesday Morning—"How to build and maintain public roads," by Hon. Wm. Gates' member from Venango county; "An inquiry into the results of the artificial propagation of food fishes in Chester county," by Dr. John P. Edge, member-at-large, Downingtown, Pa.; "Some suggestions on forestry," by Prof. W. A Buckhout, entomologist of the board, State college, Centre county, Pa; "Farming in Centre county," by Clement Dale, esq, Bellefonte, Pa.; Questions and answers."

Wednesday Afternoon—"Tenant farming in Centre county," by Prof. John Hamilton, State College, Centre county, Pa.; "Lime and home-made fertilizers vs. commercial fertillizers," by Hon. C. C. Musselman, member from Somerset county; "commercial fertillizers," by Hon. John W. Hickman, Russellville, Chester county, Pa.; "Recent investigation on nitrogen soils and plants," by Prof. William Frear, State College, Centre county, Pa.; questions and answers, including a general discussiou of the fertilizer question.

Wednesday Evening—An illustrated ecture, by Dr. Henry Leffman, microscopist of the board. Subject: "The application of adulterations." Admisson free. All are invited to attend. Lecture to commence at 8 p. m.

Thursday Morning—Through the curtesy of the railroad officials and Dr. Geo. W. Atherton, president of the Pennsylvania State College, a special train will convey the members of the board and their friends from Bellefonte to the State College, arriving there about 9 a. m. Immediately on arrival, the board will meet in the chapel of the college and proceed to carry out the following programme: "Address of welcome by Dr. George Atherton, president; address by Dr. George W. Cook, vice president of Rutgers college and director of the New Jersey experiment station. Subject, "The limitations of agricultural experiment work." The inspection of the different departments of the college under the guidance of the respective professors, including an examination of the series of experiments with fertillizers which has been in progress for a number of years, and which will be fully explained by Prof. William Frear, under whose care they have been made.

Thursday Afternoon—Obituary notice of J. S. Keller, late member of the board from Schuylkill county. Obituary notice of Hon. D. H. Foresman, late member of the board from Lycoming county.

Thursday Evening—An illustrated lecture, by Prof I Thornton Osmond, meteorologist of the board, State College; subject, "Physics of the atmosphere." All county agricultural societies, farm, club and granges are cordially invited to regularly accredited delegates, who are expected to participate in all discussions. Such delegates are requested to hand their credentials to the proper committees, which will be appointed at the opening of the first session.

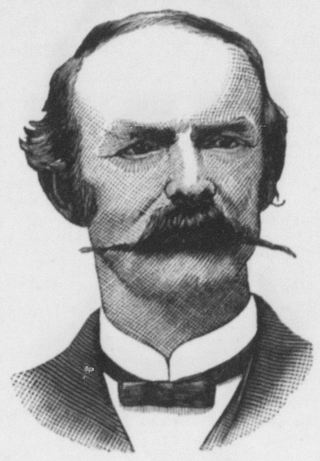
THE HALF-HOLIDAY A SUCCESS.

The New York legislature passed what is known as the half-holiday law, for Saturday afternoons. It went into force last Saturday and the *World* speaking of its workings says:

The first Saturday Half-Holiday observed under the sanction of law shows that the movement is bound to be a success.

The Clearing-House and the banks closed their doors early yesterday. The Stock Exchange stopped business with a cheer at noon, and the other exchanges took a rest or are preparing to do so. The big stores will close at least during the heated term. And with the custom thus inaugurated, and essential parts of the business of the great city suspended, other branches will fall into line. Where there is no longer business enough to do on Saturday afternoon to pay for going through the motion of doing it, the half holiday will be general. And in doing their trading before noon on Saturday, and devoting the afternoon to pleasure, the public can hasten this "consumation devoutly to be wished."

A Long Island man committed suicide by loading his gun with water after ramming the wad down on the charge, and then pulling the trigger with his toe. As his constitution had been ruined by drinking intoxicants instead of water, he was unable to resist such a sudden attack of that usually harmless fluid, and so died of water on the brain.



Joshua T. Potter,

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR THE NOMINATION OF COUNTY TREASURER,

Is a son of the well-known Joshua Potter, dec'd, one of the most respected and intelligent farmers of our county. His son Joshua, of whom the above is a correct likeness, was born in Harris township, on the old homestead, August 4, 1849, and seems to have inherited all the noble qualities of his esteemed father, namely, integrity, industry, and as a Christian gentleman. Like his father, Joshua T. Potter is a successful farmer. His education was obtained at Dr. Hamill's select school at Oak Hall. His occupation as a farmer was confined to his father's farm until 1878, when he was married to Miss Mattie, daughter of Fleming McCormick, of Clinton county, after which he took possession of the farm now owned by him, in Potter township, about 2 miles west of Centre Hall, and formerly owned by L. Neff.

Mr. Potter is a young man of liberal and enterprising disposition. He is a pillar in the Presbyterian church with a charitable feeling towards all other denominations, and a liberal supporter of any good cause. The laboring classes around him, always find him a benefactor, and he is proud to know they are among his warmest friends, which they evince by a strong support whenever opportunity is given at the polls. Mr. Potter is a great helper in Sabbath schools and our common school system has found in him a warm supporter. He is, also an active Democrat, and has frequently been honored by his district as their representative in county conventions.

THE SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

The Saturday half holiday bill passed both branches of our state legislature and is now in the hands of the Governor. It is generally believed that he will approve the measure, although there is considerable opposition to it. Under the bill, if approved, Saturday will be a legal holiday after twelve o'clock noon from 15th June to 15th September, and notes due on that day may be protested at noon instead of the usual three o'clock closing hour.

The Saturday half holida y bill now only needs Gov. Beaver's name to make it law. Now let there be a few more legal holidays, with what is left to be taken up for base ball and every body will be happy, if ther's only enough to be had to eat without working.

The Anarchists of Chicago are at it again, with a new plan for the overthrow of the social fabric. It includes the organization of numerous groups of five throughout the city, the members of one group not to know those of another until the proper time arrives, when all are to unite, and with dynamite and torch destroy the city. This is outlined in a secret circular just issued, with the approval of the leaders and Herr Most, and it is the movement will not be confined to Chicago, but that the war against property will be made general. If such a war is threatened, the authorities should take the initiative and inaugurate the war by organizing groups of twelve to battle with the Anarchist groups of five. There is little doubt that the groups of twelve, each entrenched in a jury box, could get away with their opponents in short order. We need some thing to give the hemp market a boom and here is the opportunity.

Another attempt has been made on the Czar's life. A telegram has been received from Odessa stating that an attempt had been made a student to kill him by firing at him as he rode by in a carriage.

——Go to Loebs, if you want to see the finest lot of dry goods in Central Penn'a. All the latest and most handsome styles—assortment complete, and can suit any taste. A special bargain offered in handsome dress goods at Loebs.

WIPED OUT BY FOREST FIRES.

FROM MICHIGAN.

News has just been received from Camp There on Summit Division, South Shore extension, that the camp is surrounded by fire. George Grolet, a timber contractor, and eight men escaped through a mile of fire and smoke, leaving 300 Italians in the camp fighting for their lives. Every available dish, including cooking utensils, was in use. The only available water was in a well and a small creek some distance away. An attempt was made to remove the sick men, but it failed. When the Grolet party were a short distance away they heard great shouting and saw big flames, and they believed the camp was burned. If so there would be great loss of life among the panic stricken Italians.

ROCHESTER CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mr. M. Fauble, formerly with S. & A Loeb, Bellefonte, has opened a new clothing house in Ammerman's Block, Bishop street, Bellefonte. Mr. Fauble makes a specialty of the celebrated "Rochester Clothing," which is considered by merchants and the public, to be the best article in ready made godos His stock has been received and is brand new in every particular. Along with clothing is a complete line of gents furnishing goods, hats, collars, shirts, under clothing, trunks, satchels, etc. Mr. Fauble invites his many friends in Penns Valley to call on him at his new stand and promises to give them better bargaine than heretofore.

——Men's plow shoes, $1 15, $1.25 $1.50, $1.75 up to the best. LYON & Co.

——Knee pants from 25c up to the best. LYON & Co.

——Children's suits, $1.25 to $1.50 and up. LYON & Co.

——Men's suits, $3.75 and up. LYON & Co.

SPECIAL COURT.

The following is a list of jurors drawn for the second week. No court will be held first week as the important cases have been settled or postponed and jurors drawn for that week need not attend:

2ND WEEK—THIRD MONDAY IN JUNE.

Merty Cunningham, Bellefonte.
A. V. Miller, Spring.
Isaiah Rish, Spring.
Alex Miller, Rush.
Geo. Garberick, Spring.
William Quick, Snow Shoe.
W. K. Alexander, Millheim.
Frank C. Flagel, Philipsburg.
Jacob Ardry, Worth.
Wm. H. Mills, Bellefonte.
Noah Korman, Miles.
Michael Confer, Howard.
John A. Bechtol, Liberty.
Luther Geiswite, Miles.
Henry Korman, Gregg.
George Taylor, Boggs.
Frank P. Blair, Bellefonte.
John Duke, Rush.
Thomas Doyle, Philipsburg.
Elias Markle, Walker.
Adam Duck, Worth.
R. M. Wolf, Haines.
W. B. Turner, Union.
Wm. McCormick, Potter.
D. M. Pletcher, Howard.
D. M. Butts, Bellefonte.
Ed. H. Poorman, Snow Shoe.
Russel Holt, Huston.
Geo. Stover, Potter.
John C. Rote, Spring.
Jacob Griffin, Half Moon.
Frank Ingram, Union.
Roland Swisher, Huston.
A. C. Hinton, Snow Shoe.
F. F. Jamison, Gregg.
John Reed, Patton.

THE VERDICT UNAMOUS.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, Druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 50 years' experence, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unamimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the liver, Kidenys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at all Drug Stores.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and not one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.

Notice is hereby given that Appeals will be held at Commissioners' office in Bellefonte for the different townships and boroughs as follows:

For the townships of Miles, Penn, Haines and Gregg, and Millheim borough May 31.

For Harris, College, Ferguson, Halfmoon and Potter townships, and Centre Hall borough June 1.

For Rush, Taylor, Huston and Worth townships, and Philipsburg borough June 2.

For Union, Burnside, Snow Shoe and Milesburg boroughs June 3.

For Howard, Curtin, Liberty, Marion and Walker townships, and Howard borough June 6.

For Benner, Patton and Spring townships, and Bellefonte borough June 7.

Assessors are required to be present and have their transcripts with them.

John Wolf,
A. J. Greist,
J. C. Henderson,
Commissioners.

Attest,
G. W. Rumberger,
Clerk.

FATAL COLLISION AT SEA

WHITE STAR STEAMERS CRASH TOGETHER.

The Celtic Hits the Britannic 350 miles Out—Several People Killed—Discipline Maintained With Pistols.

NEW YORK, May 23.—It was not with an iceberg that smashed the prow of the White Star steamship Celtic, as was supposed when she was sighted on Saturday. Coming this way through a fog she ran into her sister steamship the Britannic, bound out from New York, 350 miles east of Sandy Hook, on Thursday afternoon. A terrible blow she gave her, breaking a hole in her port quarter big enough for a man to walk through, and for a time it was supposed to be only a matter of minutes before the Britannic would go to the bottom. Her boats were lowered, and the rush for them was checked by officers with drawn pistols. Five boat loads of women, with a sprinkling of frightened men, were put aboard the Celtic, and by that time it was ascertained that the Britannic would float. In the collision certainly four steerage passengers on the Britannic, and it is said seven were killed, and twenty more were hurt. Four were buried at sea. Both steamships lay at anchor all day yesterday in the fog outside of Sandy Hook, and many of their passengers were put ashore.

The vessels were very close together when they became visible each to those aboard of the other, though the whistles had been heard back and forth for some minutes. Dr. Thomas Wheeler, of Chicago, was in the cabin of the Britannic when somebody came down from the deck and announced that a big steamer was whistling close by. Dr. Wheeler had time to go in no great hurry to the deck before the Celtic was first visible as a perpendicular black line. The next instant she seemed to spring out of the fog at the Britannic's port quarter.

The Celtic was in motion under her momentum, but with engines not working and her screw not turning. The Brittanic was under all the way she had had while moving through the fog—a good deal more than half speed.

Whatever criticism may be evoked by the two boats of the same line, sailing in opposite directions on courses that brought them together at right angles, it is agreed on all sides that the subsequent handling of the ships was masterly. The seemingly inevitable collision that would have cut into the Britannic's middle compartment and probably sunk her in a few minutes was averted. Both huge hulks sheered to starboard, and as the prow of the Celtic began to swerve from the threatening right line, it struck the Britannic on the port quarter.

But it was many minutes before any one on board the Brittanic had any hope that she was not doomed to almost instant destruction. As the motion of the two vessels tore them apart, the water rushed into the gaping wound in the side of one, left by the ragged and torn prow of the other. The Brittanic was the most appalling scene of the wreck. The horrors of the riven side, the rushing water, the splintered deck and rail, were intensified by the sight of mangled human bodies and by the groans and cries of the wounded, for the sudden crash had brought instant death to four passengers at least.

It had been mild weather and the Britannic's decks were populous. There was a confusion of helpless horror, and then a great outcry. Andrew Wheeler, jr., of Chicago, with his wife on his arm, was standing on the bridge and called out: "What shall we do?" to Capt. Perry on the bridge. The answer was: "To the boats."

The word passed like a flash through the ship's crew and among the passengers. Then began a fight for life preservers. In a few instances men took them from women. Occasionally two or three men got hold of one preserver and fought hand to hand for it. With a few shameful exceptions, the gentlemen who were alone assisted ladies who were without escort or in other parties. With the exception of four firemen who were the first to enter the first boat lowered, the crew were notably cool. Capt. Perry got his men to work promptly, cleared away the wreck and examined the injury, and began the work of lowering boats. The sea was smooth, and shortly after the collision the fog lifted for awhile. Chief Engineer Sewell went below and closed the sliding doors in the watertight bulkhead dividing the injured compartment from the rest of the ship, and then, pistol in hand, drove the remainder of the stokers back to disipline and duty. Three boats were smashed in the collision, and the stokers and steerage passengers filled a fourth. There were six left, and the first shock and confusion being over, and system and order somewhat restored, the word was passed from the captain all along the line of officers and passengers:

"Women and children first."

This command was obeyed with very few exceptions.

The men who made trouble were those who had no one but themselves to look out for. Some of these, said to be from the steerage, were menaced by another pistol in the hands of the first officer. Others were undeterred even by this and sprang over the side into the boats on top of the women and children there.

During the transfer of the passengers the Brittanic was settling into the sea as the water poured into the hole in her side, and no body felt sure that the bulkheads would stand or that the other compartments had not been injured. Her plates were damaged for a length of 150 feet, some of them being bent in more than two feet. But within a half hour after the collision the Brittanic was found to be making no more water, the bedding, canvas, and timber patching on the hole was completed, the boat work was ordered stopped, and the transfers of passengers ceased

On clearing off the wreck of the Britannic's deck, the people killed and injured were found to have been caught below. Those on deck were warned in time, and it is thought that all of those hurt were between decks. They were all steerage passengers, and one of them was a little girl, Kate Robinson, whose head was severed from her body. The others killed, according to the official report, were two men and a boy, names unknown. One of the men, it is believed, was James Turnbridge. The injured numbered twenty, of whom twelve are badly injured.

A SCENE OF YE OLDEN TYME.

Public Castigation of Petty Criminals in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 21.—Public whippings at Newcastle attracted a large crowd of spectators, among them several Mestizos, members of the Mexican village company exhibiting here. Eight culprits were stripped of their clothing and lashed to the whipping-post, while the sheriff administered the cat. Two men, for the theft of a chicken, were punished with as many blows as a thief who stole nearly $300 worth of plantinum, while a professional sneak thief who robbed a jewelry store of rings and locked the proprietor in to prevent pursuit, received only five lashes, just half the number given the chicken thieves. The punishments began with William Morris, colored, charged with assault with intent to kill. He was given one hour in the pillory. Charles Scott, for the larceny of a watch, received five lashes; John W. Campbell, for the theft of a tray of rings, five lashes; Antonio Gallio, larceny of a watch and chain, five lashes; Robert A. Providence, larceny of a coat, five lashes; John Heck and Allen McCracken, larceny of chickens, ten lashes each; Benjamin Simmons, colored, larceny of a clock, ten lashes; Silas Murray, colored, larceny of a quantity of platinum, ten lashes.

SHE WAS WORTH A DOZEN MEN.

Mrs. Mangin Rescues a Drowning Boy While Men Run Around Helpless.

NEW YORK, May 22.—While Mrs. Mary Mangin, the wife of a Hoboken telegraph operator, was walking alone in Hudson square park, she saw a little boy who had been balancing himself on the stone wall that separates the park from the river throw up his hands and disappear with a splash in the water. A dozen men saw the accident and ran vehemently around shouting advice in stentorian tones, but making no effort to get the boy out. The water was deep and the boy was drowning. Mrs. Mangin ran boldly down to the river and jumped in. The boy had sunk twice and was struggling frantically. Mrs. Mangin struck out for him and with a vigorous effort got him to shore. The boy was unconscious when she pulled him upon the land, and Mrs. Mangin set to work to resuscitate him. She rolled him about on the grass until she got the water out of him, and after a while he came to. The men who had permitted Mrs. Mangin to rescue the boy stood around with their hands in their pockets and watched her efforts to restore him to consciousness with idle curiosity, but without offering to help.

A Murderer Confesses.

CHICAGO, May 21.—Yesterday after a search of several days, the police arrested a sailor named Henry F. McCabe just as he was about to leave on a sailing vessel. Last evening he made a written confession of the murder of J. M. Howard, a lawyer in the employ of the Nickerplate road, at Valparaiso, Ind., whose body was found last Sunday in a lumber yard in Chicago. McCabe's confession shows that on Sunday evening last he met Howard in a Halstead street saloon, and they had many drinks together, and after a while they went into a lumber yard and drank a bottle of whisky. After that they had a quarrel, and Howard struck the sailor and knocked him down. McCabe struck him with his fist and he fell, his head striking on the railroad track. McCabe says he picked him up and set him down alongside a lumber pile and wiped the blood off his face, and then went away and left Howard alone, and he was found dead the next morning. The police expect to be able to prove that McCabe first killed and then robbed Howard.

Stolen Bonds Accidentally Discovered.

BOSTON, May 20.—In 1867, when Calvin Chadbourne, now of Greene, Me., was living in Foxborough, Mass., somebody broke into his house and stole $5,000 in bonds. A short time ago a farmer living near Mr. Chadbourne's former place in Foxborough found three $500 bonds in a stone wall. They were in a good state of preservation, and were registered. He sent them to Washington, and has received word that they belonged to Calvin Chadbourne, now of Greene, who had notified the department of their loss. Mr. Chadbourne is a carpenter, and works in Lewiston.

Discord Among the Singers.

BALTIMORE, May 23.—At the academy of music, McCaull's chorus girls went on a strike because they were each fined $1 for being late at rehearsal. The girls assert that it was the stage manager's fault, as he failed to call them at the proper time. The men of the company joined the girls and refused to play unless the fines were remitted. The stage manager declined to remit them and a strike followed. McCaull's manager was appealed to and he discharged the girs for refusing to acknowledge the justice of the fines. The affair was afterwards patched up.

Warm Words Among the Brethren.

ST. LOUIS, May 22.—Quite a flurry and considerable excitement occurred in the Presbyterian general assembly when, on reading the minutes, it was discovered that the resolution regarding organic union was not recorded as it was printed. Dr. Farris the permanent clerk took exception to some remarks of Dr. Smoots as a personal reflection on him, and he got quite warm over it, but a correction was finally made and the matter dropped.

Died on Her Daughter's Grave.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 23.—Mrs. Mary Hay Bockes, wife of Judge Bockes, of the supreme court, and mother of cashier William Hay Bockes, of the First National bank, died suddenly while visiting the grave of her daughter in Greenridge cemetery. She was found kneeling over the grave and dead. Mrs. Bockes was about sixty-seven years old.

No License for John L.

NEW HAVEN, May 22.—Chief of Police Bollman refused to grant manager Wall, of the New Haven opera house, a license to show the Sullivan combination next Wednesday. The board of alderman will be appealed to.

Great Rush of Immigrants.

NEW YORK, May 21.—There were landed at Castle Garden Thursday 4,126 immigrants, and Friday fully 3,300 more. The steamship England, from Liverpool, alone brings 1,022.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

A Sprig of Heartsease.

"And his disciples . . . went and told Jesus."—MATT. 14 : 12.

An outrageous assassination had just taken place. To appease a revengeful woman, King Herod ordered the death of that noble, self-sacrificing Christian, John the Baptist. The group of the disciples were thrown into grief and dismay. They felt themselves utterly defenceless. There was no authority to which they could appeal, and yet grief must always find expression. If there be no human ear to hear it, then

THE AGONIZED SOUL

will cry it aloud to the winds and the woods and the waters. But there was an ear that was willing to listen. There is a tender pathos, and at the same time a most admirable picture, in the words of my text: "They went and told Jesus." He could understand all their grief, and He immediately soothed it. Our burdens are not more than half so heavy to carry if another is thrust under the other end of them. Here we find Christ. His brow shadowed with grief, standing amid the group of disciples, who, with tears and violent gesticulations and wringing of hands and outcry of bereavement, are expressing their woe. Raphael, with his skilful brush putting upon the wall of a palace some scene of sacred story, gave not so skilful a stroke as when the plain hand of the evangelist writes, "They went and told Jesus."

The old Goths and Vandals once came down upon Italy from the north of Europe, and they upset the gardens, and they broke down the altars, and swept away everything that was good and beautiful. So there is ever and anon in the history of all the sons and daughters of our race an incursion of

ROUGH-HANDED TROUBLES

that come to plunder and ransack and put to the torch all that men highly prize. There is no cave so deeply cleft into the mountains as to allow us shelter, and the foot of fleetest courser cannot bear us beyond the quick pursuit. The arrows they put to the string fly with unerring dart, until we fall pierced and stunned.

I feel that I bring to you a most appropriate message. I mean to bind up all your griefs into a bundle, and set them on fire with a spark from God's altar.

THE PRESCRIPTION THAT CURED.

the sorrow of the disciples will cure all your heartaches. I have read that when Godfrey and his army marched out to capture Jerusalem, as they came over the hills, at the first flash of the pinnacles of that beautiful city, the army that had marched in silence lifted a shout that made the earth tremble. Oh, you soldiers of Jesus Christ, marching on toward heaven, I would that today, by some gleam from the palace of God's mercy and God's strength, you might be lifted into great rejoiceing, and that before this service is ended you might raise one glad hosanna to the Lord!

I. In the first place, I commend the behavior of these disciples to all in this audience who are

SINFUL AND UNPARDONED.

There comes a time in almost every man's history when he feels from some source that he has an erring nature. The thought may not have such heft as to fell him. It may be only like the flash in an evening cloud just after a very hot summer day. One man to get rid of that impression will go to prayer, another will stimulate himself by ardent spirits, and another man will dive deeper in secularities. But sometimes a man cannot get rid of these impressions. The fact is when a man finds out that his eternity is poised upon a perfect uncertainty, and that the next moment his foot may slip, he must do something violent to make himself forget where he stands, or else fly for refuge.

If there are any here who have resolved that they would rather die of this awful cancer of sin than to have the heavenly surgeon cut it out, let me say, my dear brother, you mingle for yourself a bitter cup. You fly in the face of your everlasting interests. You crouch under a yoke and you bite the dust, when, this moment, you might rise up a crowned conqueror. Driven and perplexed as you have been by sin,

GO AND TELL JESUS.

To relax the grip of death from your soul, and plant your unshackled feet upon the golden throne, Christ let the tortures of the bloody mount transfix Him. With the beam of His own cross He will break down the door of your dungeon. From the thorns of His own Crown He will pick enough gems to make your brow blaze with eternal victory. In every tear on His wet cheek; in every gash of His side; in every long, blackening mark of laceration from shoulder to shoulder; in the grave-shattering, heaven-storming death groan, I hear Him say, "Him that cometh unto Me, I will in nowise cast out."

"Oh," but you say, "instead of curing my wound you want to make another wound—namely, that of conviction!" Have you never known a surgeon to come and find a chronic disease, and then with sharp caustic burn it all out? So the grace of God comes to the old sore of sin. It has long been rankling there, but by Divine grace it is burned out through these fires of conviction, "the flesh coming again as the flesh of a little child;" "where sin abounded grace much more aboundeth." With the ten thousand unpardoned sins of your life, go and tell Jesus. You will never get rid of your sins in any other way; and remember that the broad invitation which I extend to you will not always be extended.

King Alfred, before modern timepieces were invented, used to divide the day into three parts, eight hours each, and then had three wax candles. By the time the first candle had burned to the socket, eight hours had gone, and when the second candle had burned to the socket, another eight hours had gone, and when all the three candles were gone out, then the day had passed. Oh, that some of us, instead of calculating our days and nights and years by any earthly time-piece, might calculate them by the numbers of opportunities and mercies which are burning down and burning out, never to be relighted, lest at last we be amid the foolish virgins who cried, "Our lamps have gone out!"

II. Again, I commend the behavior of the disciples

TO ALL WHO ARE TEMPTED.

I have heard men in mid-life say that they had never been led into temptation. If you have not felt temptation it is because you have not tried to do right. A man hoppled and handcuffed, as long as he lies quietly, does not test the power of the chain; but when he rises up, and with determination resolves to snap the handcuff or break the hopple, then he finds the power of the iron. And there are men who have been for ten and twenty and thirty years bound hand and foot by evil habits who have never felt the power of the chain, because they have never tried to break it. It is very easy to go on down with the stream and with the wind, lying on your oars; but just turn around and try to go against the wind and the tide, and you will find it is a different matter. As long as we go down the current of our evil habit we seem to get along quite smoothly; but if after awhile we turn around and head the other way, toward Christ and pardoned heaven, oh, then how we have to lay to the oars! You will have your temptation. You have one kind, you another, you another, not one person escaping.

It is all folly for you to say to some one,

"I COULD NOT BE TEMPTED

as you are." The lion thinks it is so strange that the fish should be caught with a hook. The fish thinks it is so strange that the lion should be caught with a trap. You see some man with a cold, phlegmatic temperament, and you say, "I suppose that man has not any temptation." Yes, as much as you have. In his phlegmatic nature he has a temptation to indolence and censoriousness and over-eating and drinking; a temptation to ignore the great work of life; a temptation to lay down an obstacle in the way of all good enterprises. The temperament decides the styles of temptation; but sanguine or lymphatic, you will have temptation. Satan has a grappling-hook just fitted for your soul. A man never lives beyond the reach of temptation. You say when a man gets to be seventy or eighty years of age he is safe from all Satanic assault. You are very much mistaken. A man at eighty-five years of age has as many temptations as a man at twenty-five. They are only different styles of temptation. Ask the aged Christian whether he is never assaulted of the powers of darkness. If you think you have conquered the power of temptation, you are very much mistaken.

A man who wanted the Papal throne pretended he was very weak and sickly, and if he was elected he would soon be gone. He crawled upon his crutches to the throne, and having attained it he was strong again. He said, "It was well for me while I was looking for the sceptre of another that I should stoop, but now that I have found it, why should I stoop any longer?" and he threw away his crutches and was well again. How illustrative of the power of temptation! You think it is a weak and crippled influence; but give it a chance, and it will be

A TYRANT IN YOUR SOUL,

it will grind you to atoms. No man has finally and forever overcome temptation until he has left the world. But are you to do with these temptations? Tell everybody about them? Ah, what a silly man you would be! As well might a commander in a fort send word to the enemy which gate of the castle is least barred as for you to go and tell what all your frailties are, and what your temptations are. The world will only caricature you, will only scoff at you. What, then, must a man do? When the wave strikes him with a terrific dash shall he have nothing to hold on to? In this contest with "the world, the flesh, and the devil," shall a man have no help, no counsel?

Our text intimates something different. In those eyes that wept with the Bethany sisters I see shining hope. In that voice that spake until the grave broke and the widow or Nain had back her lost son, and the sea slept, and sorrow stupendous woke up in the arms of rapture—in that voice I hear the command and the promise, "Cast thy burden on the Lord, and He will sustain thee." Why should you carry your burdens any longer? Oh, you weary soul, Christ has been in this conflict. He says, "My grace shall be sufficient for you. You shall not be tempted above that you are able to bear." Therefore, with all your temptations, go, as these disciples did, and tell Jesus.

III. Again, I commend the behavior of the disciples to all those who are abused and to

THE SLANDERED AND PERSECUTED.

When Herod put John to death the disciples knew that their own heads were not safe. And do you know that every John has a Herod? There are persons in life who do not wish you very well. Your misfortunes are honeycombs to them. Through their teeth they hiss at you, misinterpret your motives, and would be glad to see you upset. No man gets through life without having a pummelling. Some slander comes after you horned and husked and hoofed, to gore and trample you; and what are you to do? I tell you plainly that all who serve Christ must suffer persecution. It is the worst sign in the world for you to be able to say, "I haven't an enemy in the world." A woe is pronounced in the Bible against the one of whom everybody speaks well. If you are at peace with all the world, and everybody likes you and approves your work, it is because you are an idler in the Lord's vineyard, and are not doing your duty.

All those who have served Christ, however eminent—

ALL HAVE BEEN MALTREATED

at some stage of their experience. You know it was so in the time of George Whitefield, when he stood and invited men into the kingdom of God. What did the learned Dr. Johnson say of him? He pronounced him a miserable mountebank. How was it when Robert Hall stood and spoke as scarcely any uninspired man ever did speak of the glories of heaven? and as he stood Sabbath after Sabbath preaching on these themes his face kindled with the glory. John Foster, a Christian man, said of this man, "Robert Hall is only acting, and the smile on his face is a reflection of his own vanity." John Wesley turned all England upside down with Christian reform, and yet the punsters were after him, and the meanest jokes in England were perpetrated about John Wesley. What is true of the pulpit is true of the pew; it is true of the street, it is true of the shop, and the store. All who will live godly in Christ Jesus must suffer persecution. And I set it down as the very worst sign in all your Christian experience if you are, any of you, at peace with all the world. The religion of Christ is war. It is a challenge to "the world, the flesh, and the devil;" and if you will buckle on the whole armor of God, you will find a great host disputing your path between this and heaven. But

WHAT ARE YOU TO DO

when you are assaulted and slandered and abused, as I suppose nearly all of you have been in your life? Go out and hunt up the slanderer? Oh, no, silly man! While you are explaining away a falsehood in one place, fifty people will just have heard of it in other places. I counsel you to another course. While you are not to omit any opportunity of setting yourselves right, I want to tell you this morning of one who had the hardest things said about Him, whose sobriety was disputed, whose mission was scouted, whose companionship was denounced, who was pursued as a babe and spit upon as a man, who was howled at after He was dead. I will have you go unto Him with your bruised soul, in some humble, child-prayer, saying, "I see Thy wounds—wounds of head, wounds of feet, wounds of heart. Now, look at my wounds, and see what I have suffered, and through what battles I am going; and I entreat Thee, by those wounds of Thine, sympathize with me." And He will sympathize, and He will help. Go and tell Jesus!

IV. Again, I commend the behavior of the disciples

TO ALL THE BEREAVED.

How many in the garb of mourning! If you could stand at this point where I am standing and look off upon this audience, how many signals of sorrow you would behold! God has His own way of taking apart a family. We must get out of the way for coming generations. We must get off the stage that others may come on, and for this reason there is a long procession reaching down all the time into the valley of shadows.

This emigration from time into eternity is so vast an enterprise that we cannot understand it. Every hour we hear the clang of the sepulchral gate. The sod must be broken. The ground must be ploughed for resurrection harvest. The dust must press our eyelids. "It is appointed unto all men once to die." This emigration from time into eternity keeps three-fourths of the families of the earth in desolation. The air is rent with farewells, and the black-tasselled vehicles of death rumble through every street.

The body of the child that was folded so closely to the mother's heart is put away in the cold and the darkness. The laughter freezes to the girl's lip, and the rose scatters. The boy in the harvest-field of Shunam says, "My head! my head!" and they carry him home to die on the lap of his mother. Widowhood stands with

TRAGEDIES OF WOE

struck into the pallor of the cheek. Orphanage cries in vain for father and mother. Oh, the grave is cruel! With teeth of stone it clothes for its prey. Between the closing gates of the sepulchre our hearts are mangled and crushed. Is there any earthly solace? None. We come to the obsequies, we sit with the grief-stricken, we talk pathetically to their soul; but soon the obsequies have passed, the carriages have left us at the door, the friends who stayed for a few days are gone, and the heart sits in desolation listening for the little feet that will never again patter through the hall, or looking for the entrance of those who will never come again—sighing into the darkness—ever and anon coming across some book or garment, or little shoe or picture, that arouses former association, almost killing the heart. Long days and nights of suffering that wear out the spirit, and expunge the bright lines of life, and give haggardness to the face, and draw the flesh tight down over the cheek-bone, and draw dark lines under the sunken eye, and the hand is tremulous, and the voice is husky and uncertain, and the grief is wearing, grinding, accumulating, exhausting.

Now, what are such to do? Are they merely to look up into a brazen and unpitying heaven? Are they to walk a blasted heath unfed of stream, unsheltered by overarching tree?

HAS GOD TURNED US OUT

on the barren common to die? Oh, no! no! no! He has not. He comes with sympathy and kindness and love. He understands all our grief. He sees the height and the depth and the length and the breadth of it. He is the only one that can fully sympathize. Go and tell Jesus. Sometimes when we have trouble we go to our friends and we explain it, and they try to sympathize; but they do not understand it. They cannot understand it. But Christ sees all over it, and all through it. He not only counts the tears and records the groans, but before the tears started, before the groans began, Christ saw the inmost hiding-place of your sorrow; and He takes it, and He weighs it, and He measures it, and He pities it with an all absorbing pity. Bone of our bone. Flesh of our flesh. Heart of our heart. Sorrow of our sorrow. As long as He remembers Lazarus's grave He will stand by you in the cemetery. As long as He remembers His own heart-break, He will stand by you in the laceration of your affections. When He forgets the footsore way, the sleepless nights, the weary body, the exhausted mind, the awful cross, the solemn grave, then He will forget you, but not until then.

Often when we were in trouble we sent for our friends; but they were far away, they could not get to us. We wrote to them, "Come right away," or telegraphed, "Take the next train." They came at last, yet were a great while in coming, or perhaps were too late. But

CHRIST IS ALWAYS NEAR

—before you, behind you, within you. No mother ever threw her arms around her child with such warmth and ecstasy of affection as Christ has shown toward you. Close at hand—nearer than the staff upon which you lean, nearer than the cup you put to your lip, nearer than the handkerchief with which you wipe away your tears—I preach Him an ever-present, all sympathizing, compassionate Jesus. How can you stay away one moment from Him with your griefs? Go now. Go and tell Jesus.

It is often that our friends have no power to relieve us. They would very much like to do it; but they cannot disentangle our finances, they cannot cure our sickness and raise our dead; but glory be to God that He to whom the disciples went has all power in heaven and on earth, and at our call He will balk our calamities, and, at just the right time, in the presence of an applauding earth and a resounding heaven, will raise our dead. He will do it. He is mightier than Herod. He is swifter than the storm. He is grander than the sea. He is vaster than eternity. And every sword of God's omnipotence will leap from its scabbard, and all

THE RESOURCES OF INFINITY

be exhausted, rather than that God's child shall not be delivered when he cries to Him for rescue. Suppose your child was in trouble; how much would you endure to get him out? You would go through any hardship. You would say, "I don't what it will cost. I must get him out of that trouble." Do you think God is not so good a father as you? Seeing you are in trouble, and having all power, will He not stretch out His arm and deliver you? He will. He is mighty to save. He can level the mountain and divide the sea, and can extinguish the fire and save the soul. Not dim of eye, not weak of arm, not feeble of resources, but with all eternity and the universe at His feet. Go and tell Jesus. Will you? Ye whose cheeks are wet with the night-dew of the grave; ye who cannot look up; ye whose hearts are dried with the breath of a sirocco; in the name of the religion of Jesus Christ, which lifts every burden, and wipes away every tear, and delivers every captive, and lightens every darkness I implore you now, go and tell Jesus.

A little child went with her father, a sea-captain, to sea, and when the first storm came the little child was very much frightened, and in the night rushed out of the cabin and said, "Where is father? where is father?" Then they told her, "Father is on deck guiding the vessel and watching the storm." The little child immediately returned to her berth and said, "It's all right, for

FATHER'S ON DECK."

Oh, ye who are tossed and driven in this world, up by the mountains and down by the valleys, and at your wit's end, I want you to know the Lord is guiding the ship. Your Father is on deck. He will bring you through the darkness into the harbor. Trust in the Lord. Go and tell Jesus.

Let me say that if you do not, you will have no comfort here, and you will forever be an outcast and a wanderer. Your death will be a sorrow. Your eternity will be a disaster. But if you go to Him for pardon and sympathy, all is well. Everything will brighten up, and joy will come to the heart and sorrow will depart; your sins will be forgiven and your foot will touch the upward path; and the shining messengers that report above what is done here will tell it until the great arches of God resound with the glad tidings, if now, with contrition and full trustfulness of soul, you will only go and tell Jesus.

But I am oppressed, when I look over this audience, at the prospect that some may not take this counsel; and go away unblessed. I cannot help asking what will be the destiny of these people? Xerxes looked off on his army. There were two million men—perhaps

THE FINEST ARMY

ever marshalled. Xerxes rode along the lines, reviewed them, came back, stood on some high point, looked off upon the two million men, and burst into tears. At that moment, when every one supposed he would be in the greatest exultation, he broke down in grief. They asked him why he wept. "Ah!" he said, "I weep at the thought that so soon all this host will be dead." So I stand looking off upon this host of immortal men and women, and realize the fact, as perhaps no man can, unless he has been in similar position, that soon the places which know you now will know you no more, and you will be gone—whither? whither? There is a stirring idea which the poet put in very peculiar verse when he said:

"'Tis not for man to trifle; life is brief,
And sin is here;
Our age is but the falling of a leaf—
A dropping tear.
Not many lives, but only one have we—
One, only one;
How sacred should that one life ever be—
That narrow span!"

Royal Grandeur.

I went to call on a king with a man who knew the proper way to do it. We called in after a long day's shooting, very dirty and tired, to see "the old man." On arriving at a circular mud hut, we hitched our horses to a log and walked in. "No one was to be seen, so my friend set to work to shout. Fancy shouting for a real live king! Presently a hideous old hag, with a small freehold garden on her, and clothed in an old skin that a London bagman would pass by in disgust, came in and told us that the chief had been unwell all day, but would come out and see us. This meant that he had been as drunk as Chloe for a week past. Soon a blear-eyed, filthy, smelling, disgusting, old drunkard came in and sat down on the floor with a grunt. Then he asked for some tobacco. As we only had good tobacco, we said we hadn't any. Then he asked for brandy; subsequently for a coat, a pair of trousers, some boots, or a hat; and the interview finished up by his trying to sell us a dozen of his wives for a bottle of brandy.

Certain trifling flaws sit as disgracefully on a character of elegance as a ragged button on a court dress.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

SUNDAY, MAY 29, 1887.

The Red Sea.

LESSON TEXT.

(Exod. 14 : 19-31).

LESSON PLAN.

TOPIC OF THE QUARTER: *Bondage and Deliverance.*

GOLDEN TEXT FOR THE QUARTER: *There is no other God that can deliver after this sort.*—Dan. 3 : 29.

LESSON TOPIC: *Delivered from Enemies.*

Lesson Outline: { 1. Israel Delivered, vs. 19-22, 29.
2. Enemies Destroyed, vs. 23, 28.
3. God Triumphant, vs. 30, 31.

GOLDEN TEXT: *When thou passest through the waters, I will be with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee.*—Isa. 43 : 2.

DAILY HOME READINGS:

M.—Exod. 14 : 19-31. Deliverance from enemies.
T.—Exod. 12 : 29-39; 13 : 17-22. Israel's outgoing.
W.—Exod. 14 : 1-18. Israel pursued.
T.—Exod. 15 : 1-22. The song of triumph.
F.—Psa. 46 : 1-11. Israel's security.
S.—Luke 12 : 22-32 Security assured.
S.—Rev. 15 : 1-4. Heaven's triumphant song.

LESSON ANALYSIS.

I. ISRAEL DELIVERED.

I. By a Divine Leader:

The angel of God, which went before the camp (19).
And the Lord went before them (Exod. 13 : 21).
Behold, I send an angel before thee (Exod 23 : 20).
He leadeth me beside the still waters (Psa. 23 : 2).
The angel of his presence saved them (Isa. 63 : 9).

II. By a Heavenly Light:

Yet gave it light by night (20).
By night in a pillar of fire, to give them light (Exod. 13 : 21).
At even it was . . . . the appearance of fire (Num. 9 : 15).
Unto the upright there ariseth light in the darkness (Psa. 112 : 4).
God . . . . shined in our hearts (2 Cor. 4 : 6).

III. By a Marvellous Way:

Israel walked upon dry land in the midst of the sea (29).
He turned the sea into dry land (Psa. 66 : 6).
He clave the sea, and caused them to pass through (Psa. 78 : 13).
Our fathers . . . . all passed through the sea (1 Cor. 10 : 1).
By faith they passed through the Red sea (Heb. 11 : 29).

1. "The angel . . . . which went before . . . . removed and went behind." (1) A guide at the front; (2) A defense at the rear.—(1) Help abundant; (2) Help adapted.
2. "Between the camp of Egypt and the camp of Israel." (1) Opposed hosts; (2) Interposed help.
3. "Into the midst of the sea upon the dry ground." (1) A solid pathway; (2) A surrounding peril; (3) A cheering prospect; (4) A fruitless pursuit.

II. ENEMIES DESTROYED.

I. The Confident Pursuit:

The Egyptians pursued, and went in after them (23).
And the Egyptians pursued after them (Exod. 14 : 9).
The enemy said, I will pursue, I will overtake (Exod. 15 : 9).
The horses of Pharaoh went in . . . . into the sea (Exod. 15 : 19).
The Egyptians pursued after your fathers (Josh. 24 : 6).

II. The Discomfited Host:

The Lord . . . . discomfited the host of the Egyptians (24).
The Egyptians said, Let us flee (Exod. 14 : 25).
The Egyptians fled against it (Exod. 14 : 27).
When evil-doers came upon me . . . . they stumbled and fell (Psa. 27 : 2).
Overthrew Pharaoh and his host in the Red Sea (Psa. 136 : 15).

III. The Overwhelming Waters:

And the waters returned, and covered the chariots (28).
Israel saw the Egyptians dead upon the sea shore (Exod. 14 : 30).
The sea covered them (Exod. 15 : 10).
The sea overwhelmed their enemies (Psa. 78 : 53).
The Egyptians assaying to do were swallowed up (Heb. 11 : 29).

1. "The Egyptians pursued, and went in after them." (1) Intent on their prey; (2) Blind to their peril; (3) Hastening to their end.
2. "The Lord looked forth upon the host of the Egyptians." (1) The look of the Lord; (2) The fate of his foes.
3. "The sea returned to its strength." Released by the Almighty; (2) Obedient to the rod; (3) Destructive to the Egyptians; (4) Saving to the Israelites.

III. GOD TRIUMPHANT.

I. God's People Saved:

Thus the Lord saved Israel that day (30).
The Lord . . . . is become my salvation (Exod. 15 : 2).
O Israel, ... a people saved by the Lord (Deut. 33 : 29).
So the Lord saved Israel that day (1 Sam. 14 : 23).
The Lord saved them by a great victory (1 Chron. 11 : 14).

II. God's Enemies Destroyed:

Israel saw the Egyptians dead upon the sea shore (30).
There remained not so much as one of them (Exod. 14 : 28).
The horse and his rider hath he thrown into the sea (Exod. 15 : 1).
They sank as lead in the mighty waters (Exod. 15 : 10).
Their pursuers thou didst cast into the depths (Neh. 9 : 11).

III. God's Word Believed:

And the people . . . . believed in the Lord (31).
And the people believed (Exod. 4 : 31).
They believed they his words (Psa. 106 : 12).
His disciples believed on him (John 2 . 11).
The Jews, which . . . . beheld, ... believed on him (John 11 : 45).

1. "Thus the Lord saved Israel." (1, The Saviour; (2) The saving; (3) The saved.
2. "Dead upon the sea shore." (1) Victims of God's wrath; (2) Assurances of Israel's safety; (3) Warnings to God's foes.
3. "Israel saw, ... feared, ... believed." (1) Saw his works; (2) Feared his name; (3) Believed his words.

LESSON BIBLE READING.

THE DELIVERANCE AT THE SEA.

1. History of the Event:

Israel overtaken at the sea (Exod. 14 : 2, 8, 9).
Israel in terror (Exod. 14 : 10-12).
Deliverance assured (Exod. 14 : 13, 14).
Deliverance attained (Exod. 14 : 15, 16, 21, 22, 29).
The mad pursuit (Exod. 14 : 23).
The troubled host (Exod. 14 : 24, 25).
The utter overthrow (Exod. 14 : 26-28, 30).
The victor's song (Exod. 15 : 1-6, 20 21).

2. Lessons of the Event:

It exalts God (Exod. 14 : 17, 18; Isa. 51 : 9, 10).
Shows God's power (Exod. 15 : 1-3, 6; Job 26 : 12; Psa. 74 : 13).
Shows God's supremacy (Exod. 15 : 7, 11, 18).
Shows God's goodness (Josh. 24 : 6, 7; Neh. 9 : 9-11).
Is a reason for joy (Psa. 66 : 6; 78 : 53).
Is a reason for wonder (Psa. 78 : 12, 13).
Illustrates the power of faith (Heb. 11 : 29).
Symbolizes heavenly deliverance (Rev. 15 : 2, 3).

LESSON SURROUNDINGS.

In the last lesson, the anticipatory command for the institution of the Passover feast was considered. It was while the Hebrews, in their homes in the district of Goshen-Rameses, were celebrating that feast, that "it came to pass at midnight, that the Lord smote all the firstborn in the land of Egypt; . . . . and there was a great cry in Egypt; for there was not a house in which there was not one dead."

Then it was that Pharaoh and his people were urgent upon the Hebrews to go out instantly as they had desired to go; for the Egyptians said "We be all dead men"—if Jehovah's people be longer detained in Egypt against their will. So the Hebrews rose up to go in haste, as they were bidden. And in going, they asked of the Egyptians—"asked," not "borrowed," as our common English version has it—the customary gifts, or "backsheesh," which in the East all servants or departing guests are entitled to receive. "And the Lord gave the people favor in the sight of the Egyptians, so that they let them have what they asked" to such an extent that the departing Hebrews carried gifts as if they had despoiled an enemy in battle. They also bore with them the mummied remains of Joseph, for final burial in the Land of Promise.

The starting-point of the exodus was the extensive district of Goshen-Rameses, where the Hebrews had their settlement (see Gen. 47 : 6, 11). The place of general rendezvous was Succoth, or a great camping-ground inside of the wall or line of fortifications (known by its Hebrew name "Shur," and by its Egyptian name "Etham") which protected the north-eastern border of Egypt, between the Mediterranean and the Red Sea. (This point, with many another bearing on the narrative, is treated in an article by Dr. Trumbull on another page.) The first move from Succoth was toward the Great Wall, or Etham, near the northern road toward Gaza in Philistia. Thence, a return move was Divinely ordered toward the Red Sea. The object of this retrograde movement was not apparent; and both the Hebrews and the Egyptians misconceived its purpose. It looked like the wandering of an undecided people; and Pharaoh was induced by it to start out in pursuit of the Hebrews. It is while the Egyptians are pursuing the Hebrews, that this lesson opens.

In their movements the Hebrews were Divinely guided by a pillar, or column, resembling smoke in the daytime, and luminous by night. Oriental caravans are often guided by a natural agency similar in appearance to this supernatural agency. Alexander the Great adopted this plan for his army in the East. "Fire was to be the signal by night; smoke by day," says a historian of his campaigns. And there are traces of this mode of guidance in the campaigns of the Pharaohs.

Two or three popular errors concerning the facts of the exodus should be guarded against in every Bible student's mind. The stations given in the narrative are none of them towns or cities. Rameses and Succoth are districts. Etham is a fortified wall, or line of defensive works. The distance between the several stations is not necessarily a single day's journey. It is probable that more than one week, possibly nearly three weeks, elapsed between the Passover night in Goshen-Rameses and the night at the Red Sea, with which this lesson opens. A comparison of the dates given in Exodus 12 : 1-20, 29-39; Numbers 33 : 3; and Exodus 16 : 1, will show how leisurely were the movements of the Hebrews after their hurried start.

The precise point of the Red Sea crossing by the Hebrews is in dispute; for it is an open question whether the Gulf of Suez extended northward at that time, so as to include the old waterbeds now known as the Bitter Lakes. But that the crossing was near the northern end of that arm of the Red Sea, as it was at that time, is pretty well established; although even that has been called in question.

The date of this event is given in our Bible margins as B. C. 1491; but there are those who would make it a century and a half earlier, and others who would put it nearly as much later. This point is likely to have light thrown on it by investigations which are now in progress, by the aid of fresh disclosures in the monumental history of Egypt.

It is to live twice when we can enjoy the recollection of our former life.

FARM NOTES.

CLEAN PIG STYS.—"There is no excuse or decency in having a filthy pig sty. This should and can be as clean and neat as the abode of any other farm animal, and when found otherwise, our word for it there is something wrong with the farmer. We have seen pig stys so scrupulously neat and clean that a person could go into it and lie down, without injury to the clothes or discomfort to himself, and we have seen those that were an abomination to olfactories when several rods away, let alone coming near enough to see the filth. This is certainly poor policy—poor for the hog and poor for the hog eater."

SPEAKING of the cultivation of wild fruits, which may be done advantageously on small areas of land, a Massachusetts writer says: "While beets, turnips, potatoes and cabbages can be bought in good condition, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, huckleberries and other small fruits can only be had in full perfection by growing them in the garden. Such being the fact, if our gardens is not large enough to produce all these fruits and vegetables, let us buy the former, that we may make room in the garden for the latter.

IN THE process of drying grass into hay most of the volatile oils which give green herbage its delicate flavor and odor are lost. But some farmers have found that putting clover and other grasses in barns while rather green and mixing with them enough dry straw to absorb moisture, not only preserve the flavor in the hay, but a portion is communicated to the straw, making it much better for milch cows. It is impossible that farmers may yet take to sowing sweet vernal grass for the sole purpose of flavoring their winter's supplies of dry hay or straw.

THE desire to select farms and market gardens near large cities is founded in error. There is scarcely a village or town that does not find difficulty in procuring a full and ready supply of vegetables and fruits. The towns in the rich Chester Valley, one of the most productive regions in the United States, are often supplied by market cars from this city, and in some portions of New Jersey last season vegetables were sold at good prices, despite the fact that canning establishments, whose presence implies an abundance of vegetables, were not very distant.

IT IS wise to make a general compost of everything about a farm that can be utilized. The manure from poultry, sheep, horses and cattle may be mixed together, and if the refuse of the litter, straw, leaves, and also the scrapings to be added, the whole will serve as an excellent absorbent for the liquids that are sometimes wasted.

From Boston.

One of the most eminent physicians in Boston gives his opinion that the extent of the Moxie Nerve Food plant, now so rapidly substituting stimulants and recovering the nervous women, will probably become one of the great trade staples of the country, because its place cannot be filled. Most of the dealers so consider it now, and even the grocers deliver it to their customers as they do eatables. When we consider it has been on the market but fourteen months, and that it can now be found in almost any part of the country, and that the company are selling it at the rate of 7,200,000 bottles per year, it must have a most marvellous power over the people.

BOSTON CITY OFFICIAL—"Anything wrong with your money, miss?"

Schoolmarm—"Yes, you gave me a counterfeit fifty cent piece when I got my salary yesterday."

"Ah, I see; you want a better half."

"Well, I don't know; you'll have to ask father."

A LADY who advertised for a girl "to do light housework" received a letter from an applicant who said her health demanded sea air, and asked where the lighthouse was situated.

THE LAST CHANCE.—Wife—"Dear, I wish you would invite young Professor Y. some day. I hear he is dreadfully absent-minded; perhaps he will take our Cecelia."

Gold Fields,

that pan out richly, are not so abundant as in the early California days, but those who write to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, will, by return mail, receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, wherever they are located, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day, and upwards. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required; you are started in business free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes.

Plato hearing that some one asserted he was a very bad man, said: "I shall take care so to live that nobody will believe them."

Frazer Axle Grease.

The Frazer Axle Grease received medals at the Centennial, North Carolina State Fair, Paris Exposition, American Institute, New York, and others.

It is of the bounty of nature that we live, but the philosophy that we live well which is in truth, a greater benefit than life itself.

Catarrh is a very prevalent and exceedingly disagreeable disease; liable, if neglected, to develop into serious consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, effecting a radical and permanent cure of catarrh. 100 doses $1.

Be brave, be noble, be true, and you will pass through the coming years as through a white colonnade of monumental pillars.

Nothing like Cann's Kidney Cure for Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. Office, 831 Arch St., Phila. $1 a bottle, 6 for $5.00. Druggists. Try it.

Like a beautiful flower, full of color but without scent, are the fine but fruitless words of him who does not act accordingly.

The best cough medicine is Piso's cure for consumption. Sold everywhere. 25c.

OUT ENOUGH.—Collector (to servant girl)—"Is Mr. Jones in?"

Servant Girl—"No; he's out."

"That's a fib. I saw him enter here a minute ago."

"I tell you he's out."

"I say he's not out; he's in."

"Well, he's out of money, and that's out enough for you, anyway."

And it was.

"I SEE that beastly snob Jilkins has turned up again. Where the deuce has he been?"

"In Australia, I believe."

"And why didn't he stay there. I'm sure we wouldn't have missed him."

"His father or his uncle, or some other incumbrance died, you know, and left him a tidy pile. He has come back to settle the estate up."

"Hum! ha! ah! Jilkins, old fellow, how are you? Come back with us for good, I hope? Gad, but you're looking like a fresh-blown rose; you are, dear boy, upon my soul!"

"THAT Mrs. Brown is the most obstinate woman I ever saw," said Mrs. Jones to Jones. "Our sewing society decided to give the pastor a present. They left it to Mrs. Brown and I to select what it should be. I thought an easy chair would be nice. She thought an album with all our pictures, would be nicer. I argued with her for an hour, but she wouldn't be convinced." "And so you had to give in," said Jones. "Not a bit of it. We compromised on a dressing-gown, to be made by the society."

"JOHNNY, you may give me the name of some wild flower," said the teacher in botany.

Johnny thought a while, and then said: "Well, I reckon Injun meal comes about as near being wild flour as anything I know of."

"I Love Her Better than Life."

Well, then, why don't you do something to bring back the roses to her cheeks and the light to her eyes? Don't you see she is suffering from nervous debility, the result of female weakness? A bottle of Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will brighten those pale cheeks and send new life through that wasting form. If you love her, take heed.

No man, however wise, can look far ahead; but the man who is the best equipped with knowledge and readiness will win the prize in the near future.

How Pale You Are!

is frequently the exclamation of one lady to another. The fact is not a pleasant one to have mention, but still the act may be a kindly one, for it sets the one addressed to thinking, apprises her of the fact that she is not in good health, and leads her to seek a reason therefor. Pallor is almost always attendant upon the first stages of consumption. The system is enfeebled, and the blood is impoverished. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will act as tonic upon the system, will enrich the impoverished blood, and restore roses to the cheek.

There is in every true woman's heart a spark of heavenly fire, that beams and blazes in the dark hours of adversity.

If you have catarrh, use the surest remedy—Dr. Sage's.

MISS MULCAHEY—"Sure, Mister O'Rafferty, it's disappointed that we were last night that yez didn't call at our house as yez promised."

Mr. O'Rafferty—"Sure, Miss Mulcahey, it's sorry that I am, but I couldn't come. I can't be in two places at once. It's not amphibious that I am."

A SUCCESSFUL APPEAL.—Little Dot—"Mamma, can't I go over to see Lucy to-day?"

Mamma—"You must not go anywhere near Lucy. She has the measles."

"Well, I isn't 'fraid of measles. Can't I go?"

"If—if you should take the measles, perhaps your dollie might get them."

"Oh! I didn't fink of that."

The first ingredient in conversation is truth, the second good sense, the third good humor, and the fourth wit.

A Wonderful Machine and Offer.

To introduce them we give away 1,000 Self-operating Washing Machines. No labor or washboard. Best in the world. If you want one, write The National Co., 27 Dey St., New York.

The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well without a thought of fame.

'ROYAL GLUE' mends anything! Broken China, Glass, Wood. Free Vials at Drugs & Gro.

Many people are busy in the world gathering together a handful of thorns to sit upon.

FITS: All Fits stopped free. Treatise and $2 trial bottle of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, free to Patients. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

Simplicity of character is the natural result of profound thoughts.

HERBRAND
FIFTH WHEEL
King-bolt in rear of axle, prevents accidents from broken king-bolts, never rattles and leaves axle full strength. Before you buy a buggy send for free pamph. describing this valuable improvement.
THE HERBRAND CO., Fremont, O.

$1000 REWARD for any machine hulling and cleaning as much Clover Seed in ONE DAY as the VICTOR DOUBLE HULLER. Illustrated circular mailed free. NEWARK MACHINE CO., Columbus, O. Ex. Br. Rooms, Hagerstown, Md.

THE VICTOR $100 Machine in ONE DAY.

PILES! DR. WILLIAMS' Indian Pile Ointment will cure any case of Itching, Bleeding, Ulcerated or Protruding Piles. CURE GUARANTEED. Prepared for Piles only. (Physicians' jars by express, prepaid, $2.50.) Price per box, 50c. and $1. Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of price by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Ag'ts, Phila., Pa.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

TELEGRAPHY Learn here and earn good pay. Situations furnished. Write Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

You Need it Now

This is the best time to purify your blood, for at no other season is the body so susceptible to benefit from medicine. The peculiar purifying and reviving qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla are just what are needed to expel disease and fortify the system against the debilitating effects of mild weather. Every year increases the popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is just what people need at this season.

"For years my blood was in an unhealthy condition. My legs, arms, and face were covered with scrofulous humor, and all the medicine that I received of the physicians did me no good. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking four bottles, the sores were all healed up. And after using six bottles, which cost me only five dollars, I was well and healthy as I ever was." FRED. J. M. WEBBER, Lincoln, Mass.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

20 Years Record.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
Is a Positive Cure
For ALL of those Painful Delicate Complaints and Complicated troubles and Weaknesses so common among our Wives, Mothers, and Daughters.
It will cure entirely all ovarian or vaginal troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements; & consequent spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the change of life.
Lydia E. Pinkham
The Woman's Sure Friend
LADIES,—IT WILL NOT PERFORM SURGICAL OPERATIONS OR CURE CANCER, BUT IT WILL UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, ACT IN HARMONY WITH THE LAWS OF NATURE. THAT FEELING OF BEARING DOWN, CAUSING PAIN, WEIGHT AND BACKACHE, IS ALWAYS PERMANENTLY CURED BY ITS USE.
Sold by Druggists. Price $1. per bottle. Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure constipation. 25c.

READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER

From a Well-known Gentleman of Lockport, and ex-President of the New York State Pharmaceutical Association:

Lockport, N. Y., April 16, 1886.

Pardee Medicine Co:

GENTS:—In reply to your communication of April 15th, I take pleasure in stating that for years physicians and druggists have been trying to secure a remedy for these obstinate and painful complaints, such as neuralgia, rheumatism and nervous headaches, to which every one is liable who lives in this climate, and until quite recently the efforts of both chemist and doctor have been unsuccessful; but I am pleased at last that such a remedy is found in the compound of Dr. Pardee's Rheumatic Remedy. I recommend it to all who are suffering with rheumatism. I have yet to hear of the first case of rheumatism which it has not greatly relieved, and where the remedy has been used as directed, nearly every case has been permanently cured.

Respectfully yours,
F. K. SWEET.

Syracuse, N. Y.

DEAR SIRS:—I have been troubled with rheumatism for the last five years, and until I heard of Dr. Pardee's Remedy I had no rest. After hearing of it I procured some of my druggist, and am now entirely free from the disease. Respectfully yours,
MRS. ETTA HALE, 36 Baker Street.

Jordan, N. Y.

GENTS:—For a year past I have been badly afflicted with rheumatism, at times very bad, and for a month before I commenced using your remedy could hardly sleep nights. One bottle of Dr. Pardee's Rheumatic Remedy relieved me of the pain, and I now sleep as well as well as ever, and feel like recommending it to all who are thus afflicted.

Yours truly,
MRS. ANN DARLING.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Pardee's Remedy and take no other. Price, $1 per bottle; six bottles, $5.
Pardee Medicine Co., Rochester, N. Y.

$1000 Reward for any case of Kidney Troubles, Nervous Debility, Mental or Physical Weakness that Botanic Nerve Bitters fail to cure. 50 Cts. Herb Medicine Co. 25 N. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

Subscription Bureau.—All newspapers and magazines at very low rates. Box 321, Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS Obtained. Send stamp for Inventors' Guide. L. BINGHAM, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

JONES HE PAYS the FREIGHT
5 Ton Wagon Scales, Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for $60.
Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

$5 to $20 a day. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Lines not under the horse's feet. Address BREWSTER'S SAFETY REIN HOLDER, Holly, Mich.

FITS STOPPED FREE. Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored. Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nervous Affections. Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD
Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

REGULATE Bowels & Purify Blood. Dr. Baird's Blood Granules, 25c.; 5 boxes, $1. Of druggists; or by mail, prepaid. DR. BAIRD, Washington, N. J.

RUPTURE Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer. Ease at once; no operation or delay from business; tested by thousands of cases. Office 831 Arch St., Phila. Hours: 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., at 3722 N. 5th St., 5 to 7 P. M., & Sunday 8 to 11 A. M. Advice free.

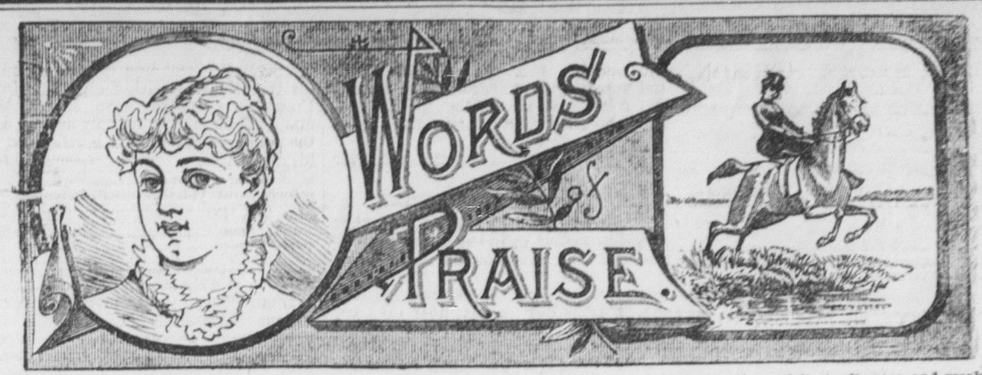
PENSIONS to Soldiers & Heirs. Send stamp for DIGEST. O'D. G. BINGHAM, Att'y Washington, D. C.

MEDICAL OFFICES, 206 N. Second St., Philada., Formerly Drs. J. N. & J. B. HOBENSACK. Established 40 years. For the cure of all Special DISEASES OF MEN, including VARICOCELE, Etc. Call or write and be cured by a Graduate of Jefferson College, with Hospital experience. Hours, 8 to 2, 6 to 9. Closed Sundays.

HIRES' IMPROVED ROOT BEER PACKAGES, 25c. Makes 5 gallons of a delicious, sparkling temperance beverage, strengthens and purifies the blood. Its purity and delicacy of flavor commend it to all. Sold everywhere. TRY IT.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. A sure relief for ASTHMA. Price 25 cts. by mail. STOWELL & CO. Charlestown, Mass.

OPIUM Habit Cured. Treatment sent on trial. HUMANE REMEDY CO., LaFayette, Ind.



The following words, in praise of DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION as a remedy for those delicate diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women, must be of interest to every sufferer from such maladies. They are fair samples of the spontaneous expressions with which thousands give utterance to their sense of gratitude for the inestimable boon of health which has been restored to them by the use of this world-famed medicine.

$100 THROWN AWAY.

JOHN E. SEGAR, of *Millenbeck, Va.*, writes: "My wife had been suffering for two or three years with female weakness, and had paid out one hundred dollars to physicians without relief. She took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it did her more good than all the medicine given to her by the physicians during the three years they had been practicing upon her."

THE GREATEST EARTHLY BOON.

MRS. GEORGE HERGER, of *Westfield, N. Y.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from leucorrhea, bearing-down pains, and pain continually across my back. Three bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' restored me to perfect health. I treated with Dr. ——, for nine months, without receiving any benefit. The 'Favorite Prescription' is the greatest earthly boon to us poor suffering women."

THREW AWAY HER SUPPORTER.

MRS. SOPHIA F. BOSWELL, *White Cottage, O.*, writes: "I took eleven bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and one bottle of your 'Pellets.' I am doing my work, and have been for some time. I have had to employ help for about sixteen years before I commenced taking your medicine. I have had to wear a supporter most of the time; this I have laid aside, and feel as well as I ever did."

IT WORKS WONDERS.

MRS. MAY GLEASON, of *Nunica, Ottawa Co. Mich.*, writes: "Your 'Favorite Prescription' has worked wonders in my case.

Again she writes: "Having taken several bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' I have regained my health wonderfully, to the astonishment of myself and friends. I can now be on my feet all day attending to the duties of my household.

TREATING THE WRONG DISEASE.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion or prostration, another with pain here or there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he prescribes his pills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disorder. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages his practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery.

3 PHYSICIANS FAILED.

MRS. E. F. MORGAN, of *No. 71 Lexington St., East Boston, Mass.*, says: "Five years ago I was a dreadful sufferer from uterine troubles. Having exhausted the skill of three physicians, I was completely discouraged, and so weak I could with difficulty cross the room alone. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and using the local treatment recommended in his 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.' I commenced to improve at once. In three months I was *perfectly cured*, and have had no trouble since. I wrote a letter to my family paper, briefly mentioning how my health had been restored, and offering to send the full particulars to any one writing me for them, *and enclosing a stamped envelope for reply.* I have received over four hundred letters. In reply, I have described my case and the treatment used, and have earnestly advised them to 'do likewise.' From a great many I have received second letters of thanks, stating that they had commenced the use of 'Favorite Prescription,' had sent the $1.50 required for the 'Medical Adviser,' and had applied the local treatment so fully and plainly laid down therein, and were much better already."

JEALOUS DOCTORS.

A Marvelous Cure.—MRS. G. F. SPRAGUE, of *Crystal, Mich.*, writes: "I was troubled with female weakness, leucorrhea and falling of the womb for seven years, so I had to keep my bed for a good part of the time. I doctored with an army of different physicians, and spent large sums of money, but received no lasting benefit. At last my husband persuaded me to try your medicines, which I was loath to do, because I was prejudiced against them, and the doctors said they would do me no good. I finally told my husband that if he would get me some of your medicines, I would try them against the advice of my physician. He got me six bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription,' also six bottles of the 'Discovery,' for ten dollars. I took three bottles of 'Discovery' and four of 'Favorite Prescription,' and I have been a sound woman for four years. I then gave the balance of the medicine to my sister, who was troubled in the same way, and she cured herself in a short time. I have not had to take any medicine now for almost four years."

THE OUTGROWTH OF A VAST EXPERIENCE.

The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar maladies.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outgrowth, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for woman's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the uterus, or womb and its appendages, in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. It promotes digestion and assimilation of food, cures nausea, weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating and eructations of gas.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, or "whites," excessive flowing at monthly periods, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

In pregnancy, "Favorite Prescription" is a "mother's cordial," relieving nausea, weakness of stomach and other distressing symptoms common to that condition. If its use is kept up in the latter months of gestation, it so prepares the system for delivery as to greatly lessen, and many times almost entirely do away with the sufferings of that trying ordeal.

"Favorite Prescription," when taken in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and small laxative doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder diseases. Their combined use also removes blood taints, and abolishes cancerous and scrofulous humors from the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women sold by druggists, **under a positive guarantee,** from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years. **Large bottles** (100 doses) **$1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.**

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large, illustrated Treatise (168 pages) on Diseases of Women.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY for ONE DOLLAR
By using COIT'S ONE-COAT BUGGY PAINT. Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Six Fashionable Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermilion, Olive Lake, Brewster and Wagon Green. No Varnishing necessary. Dries hard with a high Gloss. Tip top for Chairs, Furniture, Baby Carriages, Front Doors, Store Fronts, etc. Will send enough to paint your Buggy upon receipt of One Dollar, and warrant it to wear. Discount to the Trade. COIT & CO., 206 & 208 Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill.

NOTHING is more abused than p'e. Yet pie is honest. You can see it's indigestible. It does not deceive you. There is no deception about it. There is a lady uptown who is fond of the French language. She uses it herself, although she is not an adept at it by any means, and she sometimes slips up.

"What kind of pie is this?" asked a boarder one day.

"That is pomme pie." She couldn't think of the second French word. She knew pomme meant apple.

"Oh, Pompeii! I see. What curious shapes that old lava from Vesuvius did take, didn't it?"

Then he asked his neighbor to pass the dynamite, please.

"WELL, I shall call and see you tomorrow, Jessie."

"Thanks. I shall be delighted to have you come, Ella."

"And I shall bring Fido with me."

"Oh, please do not."

"No? Why not?"

"Rover is not receiving at present. He is in mourning for a brother who was run over by a car. Poor little fellow! It wrings my heart to have him going around with a crape bow around his neck. But the rules of polite society must be observed, my dear."

OMAHA DAME—"Bridget, some ladies are coming in the gate, and I wish you would tell them I am not at home."

Bridget—"They stopped at the gate a minute, an' then changed their moinds an' went down strhate."

"The idea of that Miss Stuckup and Mrs. De Pride concluding to postpone their call! Perhaps they were afraid of the dog, Bridget."

"The dog's tied, mum. I guess they saw yez at the windy, mum."

LITTLE NELL—"I'm awful sorry for poor nursie."

Mamma—"Why, pet, your nurse looks well and happy."

"But the angels won't never know how good she is, and maybe they'll make a mistake and let her go to the bad place."

"Mercy me! What put that idea into your little head?"

"Why, she says all her prayers in French."

"DID I not tell you to accept no attentions from Mr. Chips?" Miss Edith Magee's mother frowningly remarked to her daughter this morning.

"Yes, mamma,"

"And yet I saw you kiss him at the gate."

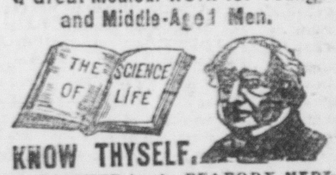
"No, mamma; you misunderstand me. You have told me never to accept a kiss from him, so when he gave me a kiss last night I simply returned it to him. I could not think of disobeying you."

MASON & HAMLIN
100 STYLES OF ORGANS $22. TO $900.

SOLD ON THE EASY HIRE SYSTEM FROM $7.50 PER QUARTER, UP.
Send for Catalogue, 46 pp., 4to, FREE.
IMPROVED UPRIGHT PIANOS
The new mode of piano construction invented by Mason & Hamlin in 1882 has been fully proved, many excellent experts pronouncing it the "greatest improvement made in pianos of the century."
For full information, send for Catalogue.
MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO., BOSTON, 154 Tremont St. NEW YORK, 46 East 14th St.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY
For Liver, Bile, Indigestion, etc. Free from Mercury; contains only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agent: C. N. CRITTENTON, New York.

35 MEDALS AWARDED TO BENSON'S CAPCINE PLASTER
Cures Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Backache, Weakness, Colds in the Chest and all Aches and Strains.
Beware of imitations under similar sounding names. ASK FOR BENSON'S AND TAKE NO —OTHER.—
THE BEST IN THE WORLD

EXHAUSTED VITALITY
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men.


KNOW THYSELF.
PUBLISHED by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. WM. H. PARKER, M. D., Consulting Physician. More than one million copies sold. It treats upon Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Exhausted Vitality, Impaired Vigor, and Impurities of the blood, and the untold miseries consequent thereon. Contains 300 pages, substantial embossed binding, full gilt. Warranted the best popular medical treatise published in the English language. Price only $1 by mail, postpaid, and concealed in a plain wrapper. Illustrations sample free if you send now. Address as above.
Name this paper.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE.
The best $3 Shoe in the world. Best material, stylish, perfect fit; Congress, Button or Lace; all styles toe. Equals any $5 or $6 Shoe. Costs nothing to examine them at your dealer's. I send information free how to obtain these celebrated $3 Shoes if your dealer does not keep them. W. L. DOUGLAS' $2.50 Shoe equals $3 Shoes advertised by other firms. Boys all wear W. L. Douglas' $2 Shoe. Beware of fraud. None genuine unless name and price are stamped on bottom of each Shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED for the LIFE OF HENRY WARD BEECHER
by THEO. W. KNOX. An Authentic and Complete History of his Life and Work from the Cradle to the Grave. Outsells all others 10 to 1. The BEST and CHEAPEST. Splendidly Illustrated. Sells like wildfire. Distance no hindrance for we pay the freight and give Extra Terms. Send for circular. Address HARTFORD PUB. CO., Hartford, Conn.

AFFLICTED and UNFORTUNATE
After all others fail consult
Dr. LOBB
329 N. 15th St., below Callowhill, Phila., Pa.
20 years experience in all SPECIAL diseases. Permanently restores those weakened by early indiscretions, &c. Call or write. Advice free and strictly confidential. Hours: 11 a. m. till 2, and 7 to 10 evenings.

Why did the Women
of this country use over *thirteen million* cakes of Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap in 1886?
Buy a cake of Lenox and you will soon understand why.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER Is The Best Waterproof Coat Ever Made.
None genuine unless stamped with the above TRADE MARK.
Don't waste your money on a gum or rubber coat. The FISH BRAND SLICKER is absolutely water and wind proof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. ASK for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER and take no other. If your storekeeper does not have the "FISH BRAND," send for descriptive catalogue to A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

CENTRE HALL, PA., MAY 25, 1887.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce that Joshua T. Potter, of north precinct Potter, is a candidate for Treasurer, subject to Democratic usages.

We are authorized to announce that George W. Spangler, of south precinct Potter, is a candidate for Treasurer, subject to Democratic usages.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce that Josiah Hoy, of Marion, is a candidate for Sheriff, subject to Democratic usages.

We are authorized to announce that John Q. Miles, of Martha Furnace, is a candidate for Sheriff, subject to Democratic usages.

We are authorized to announce that W. A. Ishler, of Benner township, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to Democratic usages.

RECORDER.

We are authorized to announce that W. Galer Morrison, of Port Matilda, is a candidate for Recorder, subject to Democratic usages.

REGISTER.

We are authorized to announce that John. A. Rupp, of College twp., is a candidate for Register, subject to Democratic usages.

REGULATORS AT PHILIPSBURG.

The Law and Order Societiety of Philipsburg, Centre county, is going at things with a rush and putting the old "Blue laws" to the blush. Nothing going on Sunday. Barber shops, cigar stores, and even livery stables are closed to the public; and as for getting a drink of intoxicating liquor, it couldn't be accomplished for all the influence and money on earth. Sunday papers are all sold either on Saturday previous or the Monday following.

"SEA AND LAND."

An agency for one of J. W. Buel's books is worth about as much as a well stocked farm without any mortgages. He seems to know by intuition what will suit the people, and he writes for the masses. He has never yet written a book that was not a great success; but his latest work, issued by the Historical Publishing Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., "SEA AND LAND," will doubtless excel all his previous efforts. It is a Natural History of the wonderful creatures that live in the Sea and on the Land, illustrated with over 300 engravings and colored plates, and enlivened with stirring incidents and adventures. The *Christian Reflector* says: "The book is a revelation to us. We had no idea that the subject could be treated in such an intensely interesting manner. It is a great work, and we are *almost persuaded* to turn book agents ourselves and help to circulate it for the good it will do." The publishers offer special inducements to canvassers, students, teachers and others. See advertisement elsewhere.

——The largest stock of dress goods clothing, boots and shoes, ever brought to Bellefonte. LYON & CO.

——For tricotes, ottomans and canvass cloths in all colors, visit Lyon & Co.

——For black silk and moire and striped velvet to match all colored dress goods, be sure to call on Lyon & Co.

——$20,000 worth of clothing at less price than anywhere else in the county. LYON & CO.

EXCITEMENT IN TEXAS.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds.

Trial Bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at all Drug Stores.

TWO DEATHS.

On Sunday, the 8th inst., Mrs. Catharine Dunlap, mother of Mr. Dunlap, the postmaster at Pine Grove Mills, died from the effects of a cancer on her face. She was 64 years of age.

Mrs. Sue Reed, a very aged resident of the same place, died on Friday, May 13. She was the wife of David Reed. One week before her death she was stricken with apoplexy, and her death was caused by that disease. Her age was 94 years, 3 months and 15 days.—*News.*

——Men's black diagonal suits, $7.50 and up. LYON & CO.

——Carpets, an immense stock from 15 cents up to the best. LYON & CO.

——Brussels Carpets from 55c up to the best velvets. LYON & CO.

——Ladies' and misses' spring wraps and jackets in endless variety, at Lyon &

The Publishers have aimed to make the June number of the *American Agriculturist* specially valuable by increasing the number of illustrations and giving special attention to the great Dairy and Cattle Show which took place in New York last week.

During the continuance of the great Dairy and Cattle Show, the *American Agriculturist* Monthly, issued a daily paper on the grounds every morning at ten o'clock, of eighteen pages, describing the scenes and incidents from day to day, and presenting illustrations of the various cattle and farm implements as premiums were awarded them. Every number contained from thirty to forty engravings of cattle, etc., etc. It was rather a novelty for the Veteran *American Agriculturist*, now not far from its fiftieth birthday.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

We have now on hand our full line of spring and summer cassimeres for merchant tailoring, which we are prepared to manufacture into suits at very low prices. We have secured the valuable services of Mr. Jackson, the well known Bee-Hive cutter. He needs no special recommendation, as he has been known here for 14 years or more. We are determined not to be undersold and guarantee all goods to fit or no sale. We claim nothing beyond the fact that we give perfect satisfaction to all who deal with us. Give us a call and be convinced,

Yours truly,
SAMUEL LEWIN.

P. S. Call and see our ready made clothing. Children's suits from $1 00 to $5.50, good, all wool goods. Men's suits in proportionate prices. Be sure to give us a call. S. LEWIN.

1887.

Wm. Wolf & SON.

SPRING and Summer Opening

)—o—(

The junior member of our firm has been to the Eastern markets selecting a

NEW STOCK

of goods for our SPRING and SUMMER TRADE.

Great care and a large amount of time was spent in search of goods that we are confident will suit our customers.

Special effort was made to get the very latest styles and the most fashionable for this season. We can show you some rare novelties as well as good bargains in

DRESS GOODS,

and

SPRING SUITINGS

We have fine China Silk, which is cheaper and more durable than Summer Silks, fine line of Seersuckers, Foreign and Domestic Ginghams, plain, striped, lace-striped, and blocked White Goods. Double width Cotton and Wool Suitings at 25 cts.

Gent's Furnishing Goods, in the latest styles. Gauze and Lisle thread underware, etc., etc.

Come and see our New Goods.

Respectfully Yours,

Wm. Wolf & SON.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT FOR 1887.

	Class.	Amount.
Armstrong Bros., Lemont, grain and coal	12	13 25
Auman, N A, Millheim, merchant	14	7 75
Adams, Joseph & Co., Milesburg, merchant	13	10 75
Adams, T. F., Milesburg, merchant	13	10 75
Addleman & Ratowsky, Philipsburg, merchants	11	15 75
Barnes, H. I., Boalsburg, merchant	13	10 75
Beck, Henry, Madisonburg, merchant	14	7 75
Bartholomew, W. H., Centre Hall, merchant	12	13 25
Beck, William, Boalsburg, merchant	14	7 75
Brown, Henry, Hublersburg, merchant	14	7 75
Brown, Lawrence L., Bellefonte, grain and coal	11	15 75
Bairfoot & Wetzel, Bellefonte, stationery	14	7 75
Bayard, Walter, Bellefonte, drugs	14	7 75
Blair, F. P., Bellefonte, jeweler	14	7 75
Bauer, V. J. & Co., Bellefonte, grocers	13	10 75
Brachbill, W. R., Bellefonte, furniture	14	7 75
Brown, A. J. & Co., Bellefonte, music store	14	7 75
Blackford, George, Bellefonte, cigars and tobacco	14	7 75
Bellefonte Iron & Nail Co. Limited, Bellefonte, merchants	11	15 75
Boak Bros., Snow Shoe, merchants	12	13 25
Budinger, T. B., Snow Shoe, merchants	14	7 75
Barber, G. F. & Co., Philipsburg, hardware	13	10 75
Biddle, W. M., Philpsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Burchfield, W. E., Philipsburg, novelty	14	7 75
Brinton, Duncan & Barnes, Philipsburg, merchants	10	20 75
Bunnell & Aikens, Bellefonte, music store	13	10 75
Beezer, Mrs. Maggie, Administratrix, Bellefonte, distiller	8	25 75
Boggs, A. T., Milesburg, merchant	14	7 75
Cornman, H P, Oak Hall, merchant	14	7 75
Campbell, E C, Millheim, merchant	14	7 75
Cook, Robert, Howard, merchant	14	7 75
Curtin & Co., Roland, merchants	12	13 25
Cunningham, F D, Bellefonte, cigars and tobacco	14	7 75
Cunningham, F D, Bellefonte, pool	1	30 75
Cook, C E & Co., Bellefonte, coal and lumber	14	7 75
Cruse, A J, Bellefonte, cigars and tobacco	14	7 75
Camp, W R, Bellefonte, furniture	14	7 75
Ceader, Joseph, Bellefonte, confections	14	7 75
Crissman, S S, Philipsburg, drugs	12	13 25
Centre Mining Co Limited, Penna. Furnace, merchants	13	10 75
Chaney & Thompson, Port Matilda, merchants	13	10 75
Crider, P B & Son, Bellefonte, merchants	14	7 75
Campbell, Charles, Philipsburg, pool and billiards	3	50 75
Co-operative Store Co., Limited, Philipsburg, merchants	10	20 75
Dale & Co., Centre Hall, merchants	14	7 75
Dorman, S F, Zion, merchants	14	7 75
Durham Bros, Coburn, merchants	13	10 75
Davis, E A & Son, Philipsburg, jewelers	14	7 75
Dale, Homer & Co., Philipsburg, clothing	13	10 75
Ewing A G, Penna. Furnace, merchant	13	10 75
Eisenhuth, Jacob, Millheim, drugs	14	7 75
Else, C H, Milesburg, drugs	14	7 75
Everett, C A, Lemont, drugs	14	7 75
Eby, N W, Woodward, distiller	8	25 75
Emerick, J S, Wolf's Store, merchant	14	7 75
Erhard & Shuey, Bellefonte, grocers	13	10 75
Ewing, J S, Snow Shoe, drugs	14	7 75
Fisher, J B, Penn Hall, merchant	13	10 75
Foster, W L, Lemont, merchant	13	10 75
Fauble, M, Bellefonte, clothing	14	7 75
Frank, I, Bellefonte, merchant	14	7 75
Fleck, H M, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Feistal, A R, Philipsburg, jeweler	14	7 75
Faulkner, C A, Philipsburg, pool table	1	30 75
Gobeen, J C & Bro., Rock Spring merchants	14	7 75
Gobeen, J C & Bro., Rock Spring, merchants	13	10 75
Gray, R J P, Stormstown merchant	12	13 25
Griffin, J H, Stormstown, merchant	14	7 75
Goodhart, S H, Hublersburg, merchant	14	7 75
Green, F Potts Bellefonte, drugs	13	10 75
Guggenheimer, Isaac Bellefonte, merchant	14	7 75
Garman, D & Son, Bellefonte, merchants	13	10 75
Graham & Son, Bellefonte, boots and shoes	14	7 75
Glenn, D M Bellefonte, news depot, cigars and tobacco	14	7 75
Gray, J F, Benore, merchant	14	7 75
Grenoble, I J, Oak Hall, grain	14	7 75
Gramley, T F, Oak Hall, grain and coal	14	7 75
Grenoble, I J Spring Mills merchant	12	13 25
Grenoble, Bartges & Co. Limited, Coburn grain and coal	12	13 25
Griest, A J, Fleming merchant	12	13 25
Griest, T E, Fleming, merchant	13	10 75
Gingrey, John, Julian merchant	14	7 74
Gilliland & Tobin, Snow Shoe merchant	14	7 75
Grauer, William Snow Shoe, merchant	12	13 25
George M E, Philipsburg, drugs	12	13 25
Ganoe, J A & Co., Philipsburg, notions	14	13 25
Gray, I V, Philipsburg, merchant	8	30 75
Glenn, E A & Co., Centre Hall, merchants	14	7 75
Harper Bros., Bellefonte, merchants	12	13 25
Hoover & Goss, Hannah, merchants	14	7 75
Harper, Thos. Aaronsburg merchant	14	7 75
Hick, John, Millheim, pool and billiards	2	40 75
Harper & Kreamer, Centre Hall, merchants	13	10 75
Harter, William, Rebersburg, merchant	12	13 50
Hass, Mrs. L. Bellefonte, brewer	8	25 75
Holmes Mrs. M. E. Milesburg, merchant	14	7 75
Hibler John, Milesburg, merchant	14	7 75
Hoover, J W, Fleming, merchant	13	10 75
Hess, J G, Pine Grove, merchants	14	7 75
Hess & Erb, Pine Grove, merchants	14	7 75
Harris, James, & Co. Bellefonte, hardware	10	20 75
Harper, Jared, Bellefonte, grocer	13	10 75
Hoffer, C U, Bellefonte, merchant	13	10 75
Harris, John, Bellefonte, drugs	14	7 75
Hicks, H K & Bro. Bellefonte, hardware	10	20 75
Homer, N H, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Hess, William, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Herman, George, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Hoover, Hughes & Co., Philipsburg, merchants	12	13 25
Haworth, G W, Philipsburg, confectionery	14	7 75
Hirlinger, C G, Philipsburg, clothing	12	13 25
Harper, A W, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Hale, J M & Co. Philipsburg, hardware	11	15 75
Hoffer H O, Philipsburg, confectionery	14	7 75
Hirsh, F, Retort, merchant	13	10 75
Haag, Gotlieb, Pleasant Gap, distiller	8	25 75
Hosterman, F O, Fiedler, merchant	13	10 75
Irvin, Daniel, Julian, merchant	13	10 75
Joseph Bros. & Co. Bellefonte, merchants	8	30 75
Jacobs, C. H. Bellefonte, confectionery	14	7 75
Jones, A. Philipsburg, hardware	11	15 75
Jackson, R. A. Retort, merchant	12	13 25
Jenkins & Gilmour, Philipsburg, merchants	14	7 75
Kauffman, D. S. & Co. Millheim, merchants	13	10 75
Kunes, J. I. Blanchard, merchants	13	10 75
Kessler & Fryberger, Philipsburg, merchants	8	30 75
Long, Samuel, Farmers' Mills, restaurant	5	50 75
Lucas Bros. Howard, merchants	13	10 75
Lauth, B. Mrs. Howard, merchant	12	13 25
Loeb, S. & A. Bellefonte, merchants	9	25 75
Lewin, S. Bellefonte, clothing	13	10 75
Ludwig, William, Bellefonte, grocer	14	7 75
Lyon & Co. Bellefonte, merchants	8	30 75
Lucas, William, Snow Shoe merchant	14	7 75
Lucas, J. T. Moshannon, merchant	14	7 75
Long, J. D. Spring Mills, merchant	13	10 75
Leathers & Co. Fleming, merchants	13	10 75
Lehmens, William, Philipsburg, merchant	11	15 75
Lehman, Joseph, Philipsburg, merchant	13	10 75
M'Cormick Bros. Centre Hall, furniture	14	7 75
Mattern Store Co. Limited, Buffalo Run, merchants	14	7 75
Mattern Store Co. Benore, merchants	13	10 75
Meiss, G. R. Tusseyville, merchant	14	7 75
Musser, J. H. & Son, Millheim, boots and shoes	14	7 75
Musser & Smith: Millheim, merchants	13	10 75
Musser, W. S. Millheim hotel	5	50 75
Meyer, G. J. & Son, Coburn, merchants	14	7 75
Musser, M. M. Aaronsburg, merchants	13	10 75
Meyer, D. J. Centre Hall, hotel	5	50 75
Muiray, J. D. Centre Hall, drugs	14	7 75
Meyer, G. J. & Son, Linden Hall, grain and coal	14	7 75
Mann, J. F. & Co. Axeman, merchants	13	10 75
Miller, Mrs. S. E Walker, merchant	14	7 75
Maore, H. A. Howard, merchant	14	7 75
Miles, W. B. & Son, Milesburg, merchants	13	10 75
McCalmont & Co. Bellefonte, Farmers supply store	12	13 25
Moyer, A. C. & Bro. Bellefonte, grocers	12	13 25
McFarlane, J. Kyle & Co. Bellefonte, hardware	10	20 75
McMillen, C. G. Bellefonte, pool	1	30 75
Mingle, A. C. Bellefonte, boots and shoes	14	7 75
Montgomery & Co. Bellefonte, merchant tailoring	14	7 75
Meese, John, Bellefonte, grocer	12	13 25
McCoy & Linn, Milesburg, merchants	12	13 25
Munson, C. & Sons, Philipsburg, merchants	12	13 25
Munson, R. E. Philipsburg, furniture	14	7 75
McClellan, W. A. Madisonburg, merchant	14	7 75
Miller, W. R. Sandy Ridge, merchant	11	15 75
Meyers, T. J. Philipsburg, merchant	14	7 75
Noll, W. H. & Bro. Pleasant Gap, merchants	13	10 75
Neff, Mrs. S. & Son, Milesburg, merchants	14	7 75
Nutall, John, & Co. Philipsburg, merchants	13	10 75
O'Bryan, James, Bellefonte, pool and billiards	4	60 75
Pierpont, James, Stormstown, merchant	13	10 75
Philips, W. H. Aaronsburg, merchant	13	10 75
Pringle, S. R. Port Matilda, merchant	14	7 75
Parker, George E. Philipsburg, stationery	14	7 75
Pealer, William, Spring Mills, merchant	13	10 75
Peck & Son, Nittany, merchant	14	7 75
Quigley, J. A. Blanchard, merchant	13	10 75
Rhoads, Daniel, Loveville, merchant	13	10 75
Rider, M. Guyer, merchant	14	7 75
Reiley, Thomas, Boalsburg, merchant	14	7 75
Royer & Frank, Rebersburg, merchants	12	13 25
Ross, J. H. Linden Hall, merchant	13	10 75
Robb, William, Romola, merchant	14	7 75
Reese, A. W. Port Matilda, merchant	14	7 75
Ross, J. I. Pine Grove, merchant	14	7 75
Richards, F. C. Bellefonte, jeweler	14	7 75
Rhoads, W. S. Philipsburg, drugs	14	7 75
Riddles, Walter & Bro. Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Ryman E. A. Philipsburg merchant	14	7 75
Russ, John Philipsburg, merchant	14	7 75
Smith, Martin, Guyer, merchant	14	7 75
Stuart, James, Boalsburg merchant	14	7 75
Swartz, S. M. Tusseyville merchant	14	7 75
Strohm, Michael, Centre Hill, merchant	14	7 75
Shafer H. G. Millheim, tavern	5	50 75
Spigelmyer, G. R. Spring Mills, merchant	13	10 75
Spigelmyer, J. Millheim, merchant	13	10 75
Snook, J. W. Millheim, merchant	12	13 25
Stover, J. W. Millheim, merchant	14	7 75
Snyder, M. D. College merchant	14	7 75
Stuart J. W. College, merchant	13	10 75
Shuey, E. M. Houserville, merchant	14	7 75
Solt David, Zion, merchant	14	7 75
Shafer, B. F. & Son, Nittany, merchants	14	7 75
Schenck, J. Howard, merchant	13	10 75
Singer, William & Co. Blanchard, merchant	14	7 75
Sneder, B. F. Wingate, merchant	14	7 75
Smith, A. V. Bellefonte, grocer	13	10 75
Sourbeck J. D. Bellefonte, grocer	14	7 75
Shreyer, H. H. Bellefonte carpets	14	7 75
Stitzer, H. Y. Bellefonte, book store	14	7 75
Stewart & Davies, Snow Shoe, merchants	13	10 75
Swires & Homer, Philipsburg, merchants	13	10 75
Sankey & Heimach, Philipsburg, merchants	13	10 75
Switzer, L. J. & K. Philipsburg, stationery	14	7 75
Stuart, H. S. Philipsburg, furnitnre	14	7 75
Schoonover, J. N. Philipsburg, boots and shoes	14	7 75
Smith, Cal, Philipsburg, grocer	14	7 75
Sechler & Co. Bellefonte, grocers	11	15 75
Thompson & Smith, Potters, Potters Mills, merchants	14	7 75
Thompson & Co. Lemont, merchants	13	10 75
Twitmire, W. T. Bellefonte stoves and tinware	14	7 75
Thompson, S. U. Bellefonte, merchant tailoring	14	7 75
Taylor, Robert, Philipsburg, distiller	8	25 75
Trimble, A. E. Philipsburg, confectionery	14	7 75
Troxell I. N. & Co. Philipsburg, merchants	7	40 75
Van Valin, O. W. & Co. Coburn, distiller	8	25 75
Vonada, R. F. Coburn, merchant	13	10 75
Whitmer & Lincoln, Coburn, grain and coal	12	13 25
Wolf, R. M. Woodward, merchant	13	10 75
Wolf, William & Son, Centre Hall, merchants	12	13 25
Weber, B. & Son, Howard, merchants	13	10 75
Williams, S. H. Martha, merchant	14	7 75
Woodring, G. F. & Co. Port Matilda, merchants	14	7 75
Waite, J. S. & Co. Bellefonte, implements	13	10 75
Williams, S. H. Bellefonte, wall-paper	14	7 75
Wilkinson, W. H. Bellefonte, crockery	13	10 75
Whiteman, J. D. Bellefonte, merchant	14	7 75
Withes & Huffington, Philipsburg, merchants	9	25 75
Wolf, E. F. Spring Mills, contectionery	14	7 75
Wetzel, J. B. Moshannon, merchant	14	7 75
Yearick, Thos. Aaronsburg, merchant	14	7 75
Yearick Bros., Hublersburg, merchant	14	7 75
Yearick, U. W. D. & Bro., Walker, merchants	14	7 75

An appeal will be held at the Commissioners' Office, in Bellefonte, on the 28th DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1887, between the hours of nine and three o'clock, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

A. G. ARCHEY, Appraiser.

WE "MADE A BREAK"

BUT NOT A BAD ONE.

WE RECENTLY MADE A BREAK FROM OUR ORDINARY LINE OF GOODS, WE HAVE BEN SUCCESSFUL IN SECURING THE AGENCY FOR CENTRE COUNTY FOR THE

= CELEBRATED |=| PATTERSON |=| ORGAN, =

WHICH IS ONE OF THE FINEST TONED INSTRUMENTS IN THE MARKET. ANOTHER FEATURE IS THAT WE GUARANTEE IT TO BE THE BEST FOR THE MONEY. EXAMINE IT YOURSELF. WE CONSTANTLY HAVE ON HAND A FULL LINE OF

FINE SILVERWARE, GOLD PENS, PENCILS, RINGS

PINS, CHARMS, HAINS, GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES A FULL

Line of Silverware, Spoons, Forks, Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Revolvers,

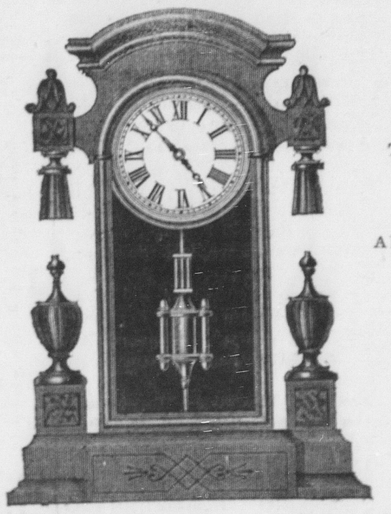
SEWING MACHINES,

We have the Agency for and keep in stock the DAVIS, NEW HOME, and others, with all the mondern improvements and attachments adapted for dress makers or the home. Nothing would please your wife better than an easy running machine.

LAMPS, — LAMPS,

We carry a complete line of Hanging Lamps. We have the Agency for the Incandescent Lamp, which we claim gives a stronger and better light than any Lamp in the market. New invention.

Come and see our Holiday Goods. All goods warranted.



WATCHES,

We have in stock all of the leading Watches made in this country. We have

THE ELGIN,
THE ROCKFORD,
THE WALTHAM,

AND ALL AMERICAN WATCHES

CLOCKS,

We claim that we have the completest line of Clocks ever opened in Centre co. We have small and large with handsome cases. We can give you anything you want in this line at exceptionally low prices.

E. A. GLENN & CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

Next door to Hotel *J. Q. A. Kennedy, Manager,*

H K. HICKS & BRO. H K. HICKS & BRO.

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A,

—DEALERS IN—

Hardware, Oils, Paints,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

FREIGHT MUST BE LOADED AT BELLEFONTE BY 10 A. M.

EXPRESS ANY TIME UP TO TRAIN TIME. COME TO SEE US.

We have the largest stock at the lowest prices of any store in our line of business in Centre county. Now that you have a Railroad through the valley and Telephone Connection direct to our store, it will more than pay you to order from us. We guarantee prompt shipments and the lowest prices for the best goods. When you can save money you will certainly take advantage of this opportunity. H. K. HICKS & BRO.

Our positive terms are CASH. Thirty days to responsible parties.

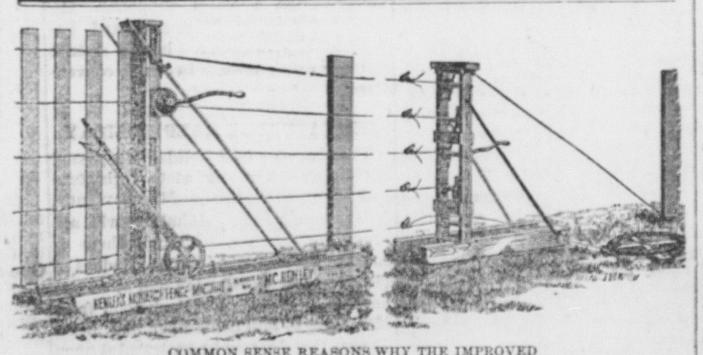
THIRTY DAYS TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES.

Remember the only agency for the SOUTH BEND CHILLED PLOWS.

Glass, Iron,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

H K. HICKS & BRO. H K. HICKS & BRO



COMMON SENSE REASONS WHY THE IMPROVED

HENLY * MONARCH * FENCE * MACHINE

IS THE BEST AND HAS NO EQUAL.

1 Because the wire is stretched the full length of the field before the weaving is commenced.

2 Because any sized wire can be used, and either 2, 3, 4, or 5 double strands can be used, weaving all with equal facility.

3 Because any size, length, or style of picket, or slat, or board, can be used, weaving fancy iron pickets equally well and solid.

4 Because it will make a fence over rough and uneven ground, or up and down hill alike, making as good a fence as on even, level ground; and the machine being adjustable, the pickets are all woven plumb.

5 Because the Monarch machine stretches the wire tighter, thus making the strongest and best wire and picket fence.

6 Because any one, man or boy, can operate it, and there are no parts to get out of order and repair.

7 Because it is made of the best materials, and, with proper care, will last a life-time.

8 Because the price is within the reach of every farmer.

9 Because it is the only machine that forces the slat or picket firmly against the wire, thus securing the slat in such a solid and and permanent manner that it cannot be pulled out, and breakage is impossible.

10 Because the fence made by this machine will turn all kinds of stock, and is much stronger than any barb wire fence, and completely obviates all danger of injury to stock.

11 Because by weaving past the post, and fastening the wire strands to the posts with staples, and not nailing the slats to posts, thus keeping the wood parts from coming in contact with each other, it will not hold the moisture or rot. This is a very important matter, as all boards in board fences soon rot off at post, and occasion continued expense for repair.

12 Because all kinds of old material can be used for making new fence.

13 Because it makes the handsomest, best, strongest, and most durable fence, and is the only first-class, practical fence machine in the world.

For prices of machines, fence material, or territory, address,

SHIRES & KENNEDY,

under Manufacturers Agents for Pennsylvania and New York. CENTRE HALL, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD — (Philadelphia and Erie Division)—on and after Jan. 30, 1887.

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia			11 25 p m
" "	Harrisburg			3 30 a m
" "	Montandon			5 36 a m
" "	Williamsport			7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore			7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven			7 58 a m
" "	Renovo			8 50 a m
	arr at	Erie		4 00 p m
NEWS EXPRESS leaves	Philadelphia			4 30 a m
" "	"	Harrisburg		8 10 a m
" "	"	Montandon		10 12 a m
" "	"	Williamsport		11 10 a m
	arr at	Lock Haven		12 10 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia			7 40 a m
" "	"	Harrisburg		11 25a m
" "	"	Montandon		1 14 a m
	arr at	Williamsport		2 15 p m
" "	"	Lock Haven		3 30 p m
" "	"	Renovo		4 30 p m
" "	"	Kane		8 30 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia			11 50 p m
" "	"	Harrisburg		3 45 p m
" "	"	Montandon		5 54 p m
" "	"	Williamsport		7 10 p m
" "	"	Lock Haven		8 02 p m
	arr at	Renovo		9 00 p m
	(Sunday Train.			
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Philadelphia			4 30 a m
" "	"	Harrisburg		7 40 a m
" "	"	Montandon		9 37 a m
" "	"	Williamsport		10 40 a m
" "	"	Lock Haven		11 55 a m
	arrives	Renovo		12 30 p m

EASTWARD.

SEA SHORE EXP. leaves	Lock Haven			7 05 a m
" "	"	Jersey Shore		7 35 a m
" "	"	Williamsport		8 15 a m
" "	"	Montandon		9 17 a m
" "	arr at	Harrisburg		11 20 a m
" "	"	Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Kane			6 25 a m
" "	"	Renovo		10 20 a m
" "	"	Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" "	"	Williamsport		12 20 p m
" "	"	Montandon		1 22 p m
" "	arr at	Harrisburg		3 13 p m
" "	"	Philadelphia		6 50 p m
RENOVO AC'N leaves	Renovo			4 05 p m
" "	"	Lock Haven		5 05 p m
" "	"	Williamsport		6 20 p m
" "	"	Montandon		7 23 p m
" "	arrives at	Harrisburg		9 30 p m
" "	"	Philadelphia		4 25 a m

Sunday Train—RENOVO Accommod'n East runs also on Sunday.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie			2 45 p m
" "	"	Renovo		11 00 p m
" "	"	Lock Haven		11 58 p m
" "	"	Williamsport		1 25 a m
" "	"	Montandon		2 27 a m
" "	arr at	Harrisburg		4 30 a m
" "	"	Philadelphia		8 25 a m

"Erie Mail East, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. Trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R R; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R.
Daily Except Sunday.

Westward.					Eastward.		
P M	A M.	A M.	STATIONS.	A M	P M.	P M
1 30	10 15	5 50	Montandon	9 10	1 10	5 45
1 40	10 25	6 05	Lewisburg	9 00	1 00	5 35
1 48		6 15	Biehl	8 51		5 22
1 56		6 22	Vicksburg	8 45		5 15
2 09		6 33	Mifflinburg	8 33		5 03
2 27		6 48	Millmont	8 18		4 43
2 37		7 00	Laurelton	8 10		4 30
3 17		7 35	Paddy Mountain	7 35		3 48
3 30		7 49	Coburn	7 23		3 30
3 40		7 56	Zerby	7 15		3 23
3 50		8 10	Rising Spring	7 06		3 15
4 00		8 19	Penn Cave	6 58		3 07
4 07		8 27	Centre Hall	6 50		3 00
4 12		8 34	Gregg	6 43		2 53
4 23		8 45	Linden Hall	6 36		2 45
4 27		8 52	Oak Hall	6 30		2 37
4 30		8 56	Lemont	6 25		2 31
4 36		9 03	Dale Summit	6 20		2 25
4 45		9 14	Pleasant Gap	6 09		2 12
4 51		9 19	Axemann	6 04		2 05
5 55		9 25	Bellefonte	6 00		2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 9.55 a m, and 7.10 p m, returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 9.20 a m, 6.00 p m and 7 30 p m.

CHAS. E PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'ger Ag't

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of John N. Dunkle, deceased, late of Gregg twp., having been lawfully granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

M. L. RISHEL,
20ap6 Farmers Mills, Adm'r.

ST. ELMO HOTEL,

No 317 & 319 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Reduced rates to $2.00 per day. The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and different railroad depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfuly solicited

JOS. M. FEGER, Proprietor

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue, &c

Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

5000 Book Agents Wanted to Sell

THE LIFE OF BEECHER.

AGENTS WANTED.

By Lyman Abbott and Rev. S. B. Halliday, Ass't. pastor of Plymouth Church, and dictated largely by Mr. Beecher himself, and received his aid and approval; the book also contains contributions of personal reminiscences from over 30 prominent writers. This is the right book; don't be induced to get any other. Contains entire life of the great preacher. Agents wanted in every town. ☞*Distance no hinderance*, as we give SPECIAL TERMS and PAY FREIGHT CHARGES.

NOTICE.—All our Agents are given the full benefit of our LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, *which is a powerful lever* to aid them in soliciting subscribers for this book.

Never before has such an opportunity presented itself to Agents as is here offered in placing this publication before the public.

☞Write for full particulars and SPECIAL TERMS, sent free to all, or secure an agency at once by sending $1.00 for outfit. Book now ready. Address, **WINTER & CO.,** Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

HARPER & KREAMER

Centre Hall,

Have just opened in one of the Largest and Best Rooms in the Valley,

—A COMPLETE STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,

HARDWABE,

OILS AND PAINTS
GLASSWARE, QUENNSWARE,
GROCERIES.

COFFEE SUGARS, TEAS, FISH

SALT, TOBACCO, SEGARS,

EVERYTHING
KEPT IN A WELL REGULATED STORE.

ALL NEW GOODS.

We offer bargains unsurpassed n this COUNTY.

COME AND SEE US.

Al kinds of Produce taken and Highes Market Prices Paid.

DESCHNER'S GUN STORE.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A fine stock of

——POCKETKNIVES, SCISSORS,——

Razors and Razors Strops,
Revolvers,
Carving Knives and Forks,
Children's Knives, Forks and Spoons,

A fine lot of

FANCY ARTICLES,

NEW TOYS and DOLLS,

Musical Instruments, such as,

Violins, Guitars, Banjos
Mandolins, Fifes, Piccolos

Mouth Harmonicas, Accordeons, in variety at

DESCHNER'S
GREAT CENTRAL GUN WORK
Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE
dec22tf

CENTRE HALL MEAT MARKET.—The Centre Hall Meat market having a refrigerator families can at all times be supplied with fresh meats, of the best quality, also bologna sausage. Next door to hotel; open day and evening.
14may tf HENRY BOOZER.

JOB WORK.

Having added to our stock of material we are ready to do poster work, at low rates; Sale bills, large ½ sheet $1.25; and ¼ sheet, $1.00. All poster work in same proportion. Envelopes at $1 75 per 1000 Bill heads and statements $1.75 per 1000. Cash to accompany order.

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

This Magazine portrays American thought and life from ocean to ocean, is filled with pure high-class literature, and can be safely welcomed in any family circle.

PRICE 25c. OR $3 A YEAR BY MAIL.

Sample Copy of current number mailed upon receipt of 25 cts.; back numbers, 15 cts.

Premium List with either.

Address:
R. T. BUSH & SON, Publishers,
130 & 132 Pearl St., N. Y.

GET UP CLUBS.

NEWSPAPER MEN KILLED.

A Fatal Short-Cut Taken by Two Philadelphia Reporters.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Two newspaper reporters were instantly killed shortly before six o'clock last Saturday night by an express train at Germantown junction two miles from the centre of the city on the New York division of the Pennsylvania railroad. They were J. R. Shepperd, of the *Record* and E. J. Isaacs, of the *Press*. Shepperd was twenty-six years old and Isaacs twenty. They had been assigned to report a school children's festival at the state fair grounds, which are near the Germantown Junction station. On their return to the station from the grounds, they were accompanied by Thomas Blynn, a reporter of the *Times*. All three cut across the lots and walked over an iron trestle over which the Pennsylvania tracks cross the Reading railroad. The bridge is 50 feet in length. There is a blind iron fence on either side of the tracks. Blynn was 30 feet ahead of Shepperd and Isaacs. He got to the station platform safely and saw the train coming. He shouted to his companions who were within 15 feet of the end of the bridge. Young Isaacs, in looking up, made a misstep, and tripped on one of the ties, and fell. Shepperd, who was directly behind him, stumbled over Isaacs und also fell.

As they struggled to their feet the train, which was running at the rate of 40 miles an hour, dashed upon them. They lay so flat on the track that the cowcather scraped over them and their bodies got clogged in the pilot wheels of the engine. They were dragged for one hundred feet before the train could be stopped. The engineer had put on the air brakes half a minutes before the engine struck them. Shepperd's left leg and right arm were torn off and his breast was smashed in. Young Isaacs was mangled beyond recognition. About a dozen persons stood on the station platform within 20 feet of them unable to save the young men. Mr. Blynn, who made such a narrow escape, also stood speechless with horror, and saw his companions killed.

ON THE VERGE OF ERUPTION.

Popular Demands for Boulanger—Suppressed Excitement in Paris.

PARIS, May 23.—The strain to which the French people have been subjected in keeping calm during the crisis of the last five months is beginning to tell on their sensitive nerves. The resignation of the ministry was taken very coolly at first, but signs of suppessed excitement are now beginning to appear. It is still true that Paris is France, and the Parisian mob is getting up steam to stand up for Gen. Boulanger as the new hero. The same feeling shows itself in the provinces, which are sending in memorials praying that Gen. Boulanger be kept at his post. The popular notion everywhere is that France wants a savior from the impending assault of Germany, and that Gen. Boulanger is the man. Turning from the populace to the class of thoughtful men whose names command respect among the educated classes of Europe we find a quite opposite frame of mind. A dozen eminent Frenchmen lately discussed the prospects in private conversation, and a distinguished member of the academy said: "We will be crushed as no modern nation has ever been, and it will serve us right. It is the only possible hope of restoring us to a sound condition." The issue seems to turn on whether quiet and sensible people on the one side or the mob and the politicians on the other side are to govern France. The outlook is strongly in favor of the mob.

FOREST FIRES STILL RAGING.

Enormous Damages in Michigan—Rain Anxiously Prayed For.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., May 23.—Immense tracts of timber are surrounded by fire. Farmers in this county are fighting desperately to protect their lives and homes. The drought has dried up all the creeks, so that mills can hardly be supplied with logs, and may have to shut down until the situation is more favorable. In the vicinity of Hammond's Bay the roaring of the fire is terrible and everything is laid waste. Unless rain soon comes the loss to farmers will be very heavy. Crystal Falls, a small mining town, is in imminent danger of destruction. Along the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad the fires have burned themselves out. The destruction of cordwood, and standing pines is estimated at $500,000.

LA CROSSE, May 23.—Reports from the East Fork of the Black River are quite alarming. Forest fires are spreading all along the country, burning everything in their path. No serious individual damage has been done since the destruction of 3,000,000 feet of logs of Holaway, but at last accounts the flames were nearing points where great destruction will be inevitable.

His Father Appeals For Aid.

JACKSON, Miss., May 22.—The murdered Mr. Gambrell's newspaper, the *Sword and Shield*, came out as usual Saturday. Following is an editorial extract written by the dead editor's father:

"TO THE PUBLIC: From all sides I have received word insisting that the prosecution of the assassins of R. D. Gambrell shall be made the case of all the people. Eminent citizens insist that the whole people should take up the cause against the men who have put this blot on our state. As the expense of the prosecution must necessarily be far greater than my means can support, I will accept such aid as the law abiding people wish to render toward a full vindication of the law. Every community and individual is left to take such action as seems good. Funds can be remitted to me or placed to my credit in any bank. A strict account will be kept, and a showing made at the proper time."

The Miser's Wealth Found.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., May 23.—The eccentric old man, William Smalling, who for many years had lived a hermit's life in a lonely shanty on the banks of the Delaware river and who was found dead by the roadside a day or two ago had no relatives or intimates, in fact shunned intercourse with his fellows, and was supposed to be miserably poor. On searching the little shanty in which he had lived for many years in apparent squalor and penury, over $2,000 in gold, silver and bank notes were found, with bonds and mortgages exceeding $5,000 in value.

Shot Dead in a Parlor.

NYACK, May 23.—George Vancleef, aged 13, while wrangling with Charles Gulliver, Jr., in a parlor yesterday, pulled a revolver and fired at Gulliver. The bullet entered the brow just above the nose and penetrated to the extremity of the brain, causing instant death. The police have young Vancleef under surveillance. The inquest was adjourned until to-day, owing to the crowd which had gathered.

Herr Most In Newark.

NEWARK, May 23.—Herr Most addressed a large audience in Newark yesterday afternoon. He delivered a very moderate address, confining his remarks to an attack upon capitalists. He defended the Chicago anarchists and said the Chicago police were a lot of rowdies, coming two hundred strong to disturb a quiet meeting.

THE BASE BALL RECORD.

Saturday's Championship Games—Standing of the Clubs.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Saturday's championship games resulted as follows:

National league—New York 7, Pittsburg 5; Philadelphia 4, Chicago 3; Detroit 3, Washington 2; Boston 16, Indianapolis 3. The relative standing of the clubs up to date is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Pl'ed.	Per cent. won.
Detroit	18	2	20	.900
Boston	14	5	19	.737
New York	12	8	20	.600
Philadelphia	9	11	20	.450
Pittsburgh	7	11	18	.389
Chicago	7	11	18	.389
Washington	6	13	19	.316
Indianapolis	4	17	21	.190

American Association—Louisville 8, Metropolitan 4; St. Louis 12, Brooklyn 9; Cincinnati 4, Baltimore 5; Cleveland 15, Athletic 12. Standing of the clubs:

	Won.	Lost.	Pl'ed.	Per cent. won.
St. Louis	21	4	25	.840
Baltimore	15	10	25	.600
Brooklyn	13	9	22	.591
Louisville	15	11	26	.577
Cincinnati	15	12	27	.556
Athletic	11	13	24	.451
Cleveland	6	19	25	.240
Metropolitan	4	18	22	.182

International league—Newark 15, Oswego 5; Jersey City 15, Binghamton 8; Toronto 13, Buffalo 0; Hamilton 8, Rochester 6; Syracuse 15, Utica 3. Standing of the clubs;

	Won.	Lost.	Pl'ed.	Per cent won.
Newark	14	2	16	.875
Toronto	11	6	17	.647
Buffalo	12	7	19	.632
Rochester	10	8	18	.555
Binghamton	8	9	17	.470
Syracuse	8	9	17	.470
Jersey City	8	9	17	.470
Hamilton	7	11	18	.388
Utica	5	10	15	.333
Oswego	3	15	18	.166

O'BRIEN SALUTE'S THE FLAG.

After Two Escapes From Death He Again Stands on American Soil.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 21.—Editor O'Brien and party arrived here without mishap of any kind. A stay of an hour and a half was made here and the party was met by a deputation of leading citizens and escorted to the Woodruff house, where an informal reception was held. The party then left for Niagara falls.

At Cape Vincent, where American soil was touched for the first time in a fortnight, and after narrow escapes with his life, as Mr. O'Brien stepped upon the pier both he and his party lifted their hats and cried "hurrah for the stars and stripes," which the crowd in waiting responded to with vigorous cheers.

An enterprising photographer desired the entire party to sit for their photographs and O'Brien good humoredly complied, saying as he faced the camera: "God bless us, I would almost sooner go through the Orangemen's missiles again than this."

The mysterious individual with the goggles turned up again on board the ferry boat. He has been positively identified as a Scotland yard detective although he tried to pass himself off as a correspondent for Renter's agency.

Arrested for the Texas Train Robbery.

LULING, May 22.—Yesterday morning Deputy United States marshals arrested John Craft, Cheed Craft, Abe Ussery, and John Ussery at a water tank four miles from here, on the Southern Pacific railroad. They are suspected of being implicated in the recent train robbery on the International and Great Northern railway at McNeil Station, fifteen miles east of Austin. The prisoners were conveyed to San Antonio and lodged in jail. The officials claim to have a strong case against the prisoners as well as a clue that will lead to the apprehension in a short time of all engaged in the robbery.

Suicide for Small Cause.

PORTLAND, Me., May 23.—Frank Boynton, of Bar mills, Buxton, aged 45 years, committed suicide by throwing himself into a small pond of water near his residence. He was summoned before the grand jury in a cider case, and the fact that he would have to testify against a neighbor so troubled him that he took his life. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. A brother of Mr. Boynton shot himself in the same village a few years ago.

Mob Law Among the Texans.

AUSTIN, May 23.—Attorney-General Hogg has written a strong letter to the county attorney of Mongomery county denouncing the killing of the negro boy Andrew McGee while shackled in the jail at Willis. He urges an immediate investigation and offers all the assistance in his power. The attorney closes with the declaration "Mob law must be put down in Texas and Texas officers and citizens will do it."

The Crown Prince's Throat.

BERLIN, May 23.—Dr. Mackenzie, the celebrated specialist, performed an operation upon the Crown Prince Frederick William's throat. The result is said to be reassuring. Professor Virchow, after a microscopical examination, stated his belief that the nature of the disease is not serious. The patient has gone to Potsdam.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Money on call 5 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s,	1891, reg.	109¾	109¾
4½,	1891, con.	110½	110½
4s,	1907, reg.	129¼	129¼
4s,	1907, con.	129¼	129¼

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—The market continued quiet and dull during the afternoon, but with strong support. There were no further important changes in price.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	64	64
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	154½	154½
Central Pacific	41½	41½
Del. & Hudson	104¾	105
Del. Lack. & W.	138¼	138½
Erie	34⅝	
Erie pref.	74	
Lake Shore	98	98⅝
Louis. & Nash.	68⅜	68⅜
Michigan Central	95	95
Missouri Pacific	101	110⅜
N. Y. & New Eng.	60½	60½
N. J. Central	80¾	80¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	114⅜	114⅜
Northwestern	125⅜	125⅜
Oregon Navigation	105¼	105¼
Pacific Mail	56	55¾
Reading	44⅞	45⅛
Rock Island	137½	137⅝
St. Paul.	94	94⅜
Union Pacific	62¾	63
West. Union Tel.	77¾	77⅞

PRODUCE MARKET.

	May	June	July
Wheat	96¼	96½	96¼
Corn	47⅞	48	49⅛
Oats	33	33	33¾

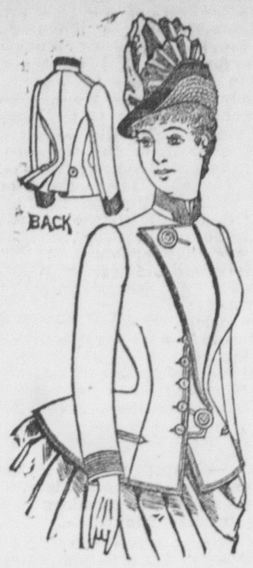
MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market weak. Creamery—Eastern 20a22c.; Western 17a20c.; Dairy—Imitation, 13a16c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a20c.; western, 13a16c.; Factory—Fresh, 13a16c.; low grades, 6a8c.

Cheese—Market weak. New York cheddar, 11½a11c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 5a7c.

Eggs—Market firm: Eastern firsts 13a14c Canadian firsts 12c; Western firsts 12c; Southern firsts 12½a13c.

PATTERN FREE.



A HANDSOME GIFT TO OUR LADY READERS.

In our issue of June 1, we shall print a Coupon Order entitling the holder to a pattern (free) of the above jacket, in sizes for 34, 36, 38, or 40 inches in bust measure. A pattern of this stylish garment is very useful to any lady, as by simply leaving off the revers a plain jacket is obtained, which is always desirable; and it is just such a pattern as every lady should have in the house. There will be no excuse hereafter for Mrs. Smith sending over to borrow a jacket pattern from Mrs. Jones.

We have made arrangements with a New York house to furnish these patterns in the different sizes as above, so that the holder of the Coupon Order may have the size she may desire. This is a great offer, as each pattern has a full value of 25 cents, being accompanied by an illustration, and explicit directions for putting together and making.

Ladies do not fail to buy our issue of June 1, at 5 cents, unless you are a regular subscriber, and cut out the order, which will entitle you to this excellent pattern FREE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FROM the date of this notice we will do a strictly cash business, and positively decline to do any more "ticking." All orders for flour, feed and coal, must be accompanied with cash or no attention will be paid to them. We will buy all kinds of grain and pay cash for same, or exchange for flour, feed and coal. KURTZ & SON,
Feb. 3 1887. Centre Hall.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Wm. McCormick, deceased, late of Potter twp., having been lawfully granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN McCOY,
Potters Mills, 5-18 6 Administrator.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Mrs. Sarah C. Neff, deceased, late of Centre Hall, having been lawfully granted to the undersigned she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present the same duly authenticated for settlement.
FLORA O. BAIRFOOT,
Centre Hall, May 11. 6t Administratrix.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists. 4augly

NEW PLAINING MILL,

At Locust Grove, near Grove and Wolf's Saw Mill.

IRA BARGER,

has just opened a new and complete plaining mill at the above pla and is prepared to fill all orders for

SASH,—— ——DOORS,
——SIDING——
MOULDING —— BRACKETS,

or anything else in his line. Rates as reasonable as elsewhere, and satisfaction guaranteed.

IRA T. BARGER,
9febly Spring Mills

THE
Keystone Mutual Benefit Association.
——OF——
—ALLENTOWN, PA.—
Offers the cheapest and best
—LIFE INSURANCE,—
In amounts from $500 to $8000.
——O——
AGENTS WANTED.
Send for Circulars. Address as above.
24 feb6m

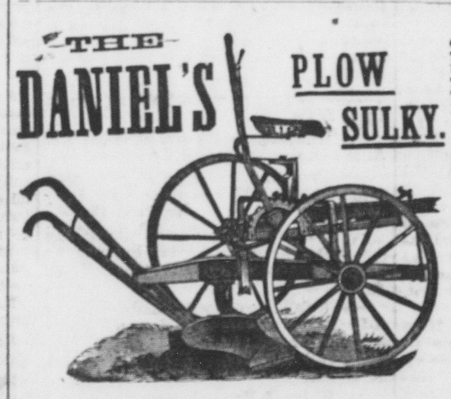
PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE
Spring Term opens April 7, 1887.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthy spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Scientific Course of Four Years.
2. A Full Latin Scientific Course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the General Scientific Course, (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE IN AGRICULTURE.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE IN CHEMISTRY.
6. A reorganized course in MECHANIC ARTS, combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. SPECIAL COURSES are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for books and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young adies under charge of competent lady Principal. For Catalogues, or other information, address,
GEO. W. ATHERTON, President,
lymar9 State College, Centre Co., Pa.

THE DANIEL'S PLOW SULKY.



WILL WORK EQUALLY AS WELL ON ROUGH STONY LAND AS ON THE WESTERN PRAIRIES. IT IS UNLIKE ANY OTHER SULKY IN THE WORLD. CAN BE ATTACHED TO ANY COMMON WALKING PLOW IN FIVE MINUTES TIME, AND IS WARRANTED NOT TO INCREASE THE DRAFT ONE POUND. SO SIMPLE A CHILD STRONG ENOUGH TO DRIVE A TEAM CAN OPERATE IT. WILL TURN A SQUARE CORNER WITHOUT RAISING THE PLOW. THE ONLY PLOW MADE WITH A FOOT LEVER TO START THE POINT OF PLOW ABRUPTLY IN THE GROUND OR ELEVATE IT TO SKIM OVER THE TOP OF FAST STONES, AROUND ROOTS, ETC.

We want a good, live man to act as agent in every town in the U. S. Write us for our liberal terms and prices.

E. S. DANIELS & CO.,
HAVANA, N. Y.

McCORMICK BROS, | McCORMICK BROS,

CENTRE CENTRE | HALL, HALL, | PA. PA.

—DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF—

-:- FURNITURE -:-

Bed Room Suits, Parlor Suits,
Side Boards, Lounges, Tables,
Bedsteads, Wood and Cane-Seat Chairs,

Undertaking a Specialty.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

JAS. H. LOHR.
CENTRE HALL, PA., AGENT FOR
Covenant Mutual Benefit Association, of Galesburg, Ill., special agent for the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Mifflin and Huntingdon, This Co., is strictly for Odd Fellows and their wives.
Also agent for the Union Central Life Ins. Co. o Cincinnati, and for various first class fire insurance companies. Rates same as any other agency. 5decly

CLEMANT DALE.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from first national bank. jan87

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO.,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Receive Deposits and allow Interest; Discount Notes; Buy and Sell Government Securities;
JAS. A. BEAVER, President. J. D. SHUGERT, Cashier

J. D. MURRAY,
Centre Hall, Pa.,
Dealer in DRUGS, popular Patent Medicines Whiskey, Brandy, Wine, and Holland Gin kept and sold for medicinal purposes only. Store open every day in the week. may

J. ZELLER & SON,
DRUGGISTS, Bellefonte, Pa.
Dealer In
DRUGS, —— DRUGS
CHEMICALS
PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS, &c
Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes always kept

Hotels.

BUSH HOUSE.
W. R. Teller, proprietor, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to country trade. june16y

CUMMINGS HOUSE.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EMANUEL BROWN, Proprietor.
The traveling community will find this hotel equal to any in the county in every respect, for man and beast, and charges very moderate. Give it a trial
28june tf

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE.
BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA
G. G. McMILLEN, Prop'r.
Good Sample Rooms on First Floor.
☞Free Buss to and from all trains.☜
Special rates to witnesses and jurors. 8jun

CENTRE HALL HOTEL.
D. J. MEYER, Prop'r.
FOR SUMMER BOARDERS AND TRANSIENT CUSTOM.
Good Table, healthy locality, pure mountain water, surrounded by finest natural scenery in the state. Schools and churches convenient. Terms very reasonable. 16aug tf

IRVIN HOUSE,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.
S. WOODS CALDWELL, Proprietor.
Terms reasonable. Good sample rooms on first floor.

CAMERON HOUSE,
LEWISBURG, PENN'A
STETTLER & CODER ..... Proprietor
SPECIAL RATES TO COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS OVER SUNDAY.
Good Livery attached. Free 'Buss to and from all trains. lap.y

DR. W. HOSTERMAN,
Dentist, Centre Hall,
Residence on Main street. Office in residence. Will give satisfaction in all branches of his profession. Ether administered 14apr

DR. S. G GUTELIUS.—
Dentist, Millheim Offers his professional services to the public. He is prepared to perform all operations in the dental profession He is now fully prepared to extract teeth absolutely without pain. my 2 78

J. L. SPANGLER, C. P. HEWES
SPANGLER & HEWES,
ATTTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PENN'A.
Special attention to collections; practice in all the courts; Consultation in German and English

JOHN KLINE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. Can be consulted in English or German. 7m'y84

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney-at-Law
Collections promtly made and special attention given to those having lands or property for sale. Will draw up and have acknowledged Deeds, Mortgages bonds&c. Bellefonte, Pa.

J. H. ORVIS, C. M. BOWER, E. L. ORVIS.
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office opposite the Court House, on 2d floor of Furst's building. jan85

D. F. FORTNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office in old Conard building, Bellefonte.

DR. H. S. CLEMENS,
whose regular office is in Allentown, Pa. will visit Bellefonte one a month and Centre Hall every two months, for the purpose of examining and prescribing for patients. Will visit Bellefonte May 10 & 11, 1887, from 6 p. m. Tuesday to 7 p. m. Wednesday; and Centre Hall on Friday, May 13. Dr. Clemens is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, of 25 years experience, and practices largely by inhalations. Please send to office (Allentown, Pa.) for testimonials.
22dec1y

H. K. HOY, M. D.,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
Office No. 4 South Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office Hours, 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2, and 7 8, p. m. 11may4m

SALESMEN
WANTED
to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age.
Chase Brothers. (Refer to this paper.) ROCHESTER, N. Y.

S. A. LIST,
LEWISBURG BOOKBINDERY.
All kinds of binding, at reasonable rates. Newspapers, magazines, pamphlets, etc., bound and re bound in first class style. 10f3m

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN,
White and red wheat, rye, shelled corn oats and barley wanted at the Centre Hall Roller Mill—for which the highest market prices will be paid, Grain taken on storage tf

NEWS OF THE WEEK

—Tornadoes swept over Blue Springs and Papillian, Nebraska, on the evening of the 13th. In Blue Springs the school-house was demolished and its janitor fatally injured. Half an hour later a girl lying on a lounge near a window was killed by lightning. At Papillion several buildings were moved from their foundations. A. J. Potter, a hotel keeper, was killed by lightning at Oreill.

—Three distinct shocks of earthquake were felt in Tucson, Arizona, on the afternoon of the 13th. Tombstone was also shaken.

—The boiler of the Richmond Paper Manufacturing Company's mill in Richmond, Virginia, burst on the 13th, killing two men.

—A passenger train collided with a "wild" engine on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, near Waynesboro, Mississippi, on the afternoon of the 13th. Robert Shenault, fireman, was killed, and Willian Tew, engineer, severely injured.

—B. M. Green, a "confidence man," has been arrested in Buffalo on the charge of having swindled a lady in Baltimore out of $60. When arrested he was about to leave for California with a young lady of Buffalo, whom he had engaged as a governess, representing himself to be a San Francisco millionaire. He had induced her to advance $150 to pay her expenses to San Francisco, stating that when he arrived there the amount would be refunded to her.

—Martin Prendergast and John Donnelly were drowned in the St. Lawrence river, at Montreal, on the 13th. By the capsizing of a boat at Milwaukee, on the 13th, August Saelow and Ferdinand Bush were drowned.

—Policeman Julian Arnold was shot dead, and Ernest I. Padgett, a companion, was wounded in Alexandria, Virginia, about 1 o'clock on the morning of the 15th, while trying to arrest two men whom they overheard planning a robbery. When they called on the men to surrender both drew revolvers and fired. The one who shot Arnold escaped, the other, who had a struggle with Padgett, was captured, and identified as John Curran, of Washington. He refused to tell the name of his accomplice.

—William A. Sanford shot and killed his 16-year-old son Hamlet near Washington, Indiana, on the evening of the 13th. The youth was walking in his sleep, and his father, mistaking him for a burglar, fired.

—John B. Fassett and wife, each about 60 years of age, were burned to death in their mill at Mooretown, near Waterbury, Vermont, on the evening of the 14th. The mill caught fire, and the couple, who had rooms over the saw department, perished.

—The Wooster Strawboard Works at Wooster, Ohio, were burned on the morning of the 15th. They were owned by Albert Imgard, of New York. Loss, $40,000; insurance, $14,000.

—Heavy rains fell throughout the Rio Grande Valley during the night of the 14th, and a flood was the consequence. At Laredo a large ferry boat was sunk and the Custom House was washed away.

—At Emporia, Kansas, on the 14th, the jury in the case of Yarborough, charged with killing the son of Robert Laird Collier, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. During the night Yarborough attempted suicide by cutting his throat, and his recovery is doubtful.

—At Willis, Texas, early on the morning of the 15th, an armed mob broke into the jail and opened fire on Andrew McGeche and J. B. Walker, charged with shooting a young man named Powell. McGeche was shot dead, and Walker badly wounded, but the latter may recover.

—Dangerous forest fires are reported in Worcester county, Massachusetts. In response to a telegraphic call for aid a steamer and 1500 feet of hose, together with a dozen men, were sent early on the afternoon of the 16th from the city of Worcester to Still River, where "a sweeping conflagration was reported as threatening the village and an immense number of railroad ties belonging to the Boston and Maine Railroad Company." A telegram from Marquette, Michigan, says that smoke from forest fires is making navigation perilous on Lake Superior. On the 15th, the propeller Jay Gould, from Chicago to Duluth, with merchandise, lost her bearings on account of smoke and ran ashore off White Fish Point. The propeller Peerless heard her signals of distress, and after three hours succeeded in releasing her. Forest fires are visible from Duluth, Minnesota, and seem to be approaching the shores of Lake Superior.

—At Lacrosse, Wisconsin, on the evening of the 15th, Miss Letzke and John Beyer went boating with two other friends. Beyer, to frighten Miss Letzke, rocked the boat; it capsized and he and she were drowned. Two colored men were drowned at Richmond, Virginia, on the morning of the 16th, by the upsetting of a boat.

—At Waterbury, Connecticut, on the 16th, Alexander Broomfield, aged 55 years, shot and wounded Warren S. Frost and then committed suicide. Frost is one of the foremen of the Waterbury Brass Company. Several years ago Broomfield was discharged from the mill for drunkenness, and had always, in consequence, cherished a grudge against Frost. The latter's injuries are not considered dangerous.

—A telegram from Dodge City, Kansas, says that A. F. Soule, of Rochester, New York, "who built, at his own expense, a canal, nine miles long, for irrigating purposes, at an expense of one million dollars, has announced his intention of extending it so that one million acres of land hereabouts will always yield a full crop. He has donated $50,000 to the Presbyterian College located here, and has bought the First National Bank for $75,000, and also the Dodge City Water Works."

—George E. Reed, for two years City Treasurer of Bismarck, Dakota, has disappeared, leaving a "shortage" of $9000 in his accounts, and he is believed to be in Canada.

—The fiftieth anniversary of the foundation of the Baltimore *Sun* was celebrated on the 17th in Baltimore. The *Sun* building was beautifully decorated with evergreens and flowars, and thousands of people visited it, while hosts of friends congratulated A. S. Abell, the founder. Among the telegrams received was one from President Cleveland. The 17th also marked the retirement of Mr. Abell from any participation in the managemont of the *Sun*. His sons, George W., Edwin F. and Walter Abell, having been admitted into partnership with their father, will continue its publication upon the same system which has been followed for fifty years.

—The residence of John A. Cheever, at Cedarhurst, Long Island, was robbed of over $3000 worth of silverware on the morning of the 17th.

—B. J. Waters, a deputy constable at Kansas City, Missouri, found a white substance on the pump chain of his cistern on the 16th. The city chemist pronounced the powder arsenic, and said "there was enough of it to kill the whole neighborhood." Major J. M. Goodspeed attempted to kill his wife in Cincinnati, early on the morning of the 17th, and, believing her dead, gave himself up to the police. She will recover. He is regarded as insane.

—The Comptroller of the Currency on the 17th, authorized the Equitable National Bank, of Cincinnati, to begin business with a capital of $350,000, and the First National Bank of Kansas City, with a capital of $100,000.

—In New Haven on the morning of the 18th, while Mrs. Martin Fenney, aged 35 years, while entering a factory where she worked her husband drew a pocket knife and stabbed her in the breast, inflicting a wound which is likely to prove fatal. She left her husband a few weeks ago because he was jealous. Near Tahlequah, in the Indian Territory, a few days ago, John Blair, James Christie and French Christie, being drunk, got into a quarrel. James Christie shot and mortally wounded Blair, and was killed by his antagonist, who then severly wounded French Christie in the shoulder. Francis Stokes, a deputy U. S. Marshal, shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide, at Carrizo, Texas, on the evening of the 17th. Domestic trouble was the cause.

—Five men were injured, three fatally, by a boiler explosion in a saw mill at Gallipolis, Ohio, on the 17th.

—Lola, a girl bull-fighter, was thrown in the ring at Mazatlan, Mexico, on the 17th, and fatally injured.

—Large forest fires have again started on the Michigan peninsula. News was received at Marquette on the evening of the 18th, that a camp of over 300 men had been surrounded by fire, and that eight men and a timber contractor had escaped through "a mile of flame and smoke, leaving 300 Italians in the camp fighting for their lives."

—In the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, of Missouri, on the 17th, the Grand Master recommended that in the future no one engaged in the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage be admitted to membership.

—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania, in session at Scranton, on the 18th, elected officers, as follows: Most Worthy Grand Master, John W. Haney, of Pittsburg; Right Worthy Deputy Grand Master, James P. Robbins, of Philadelphia; Right Worthy Grand Warden, Rev. Dr. David Croft, of Wyalusing; Right Worthy Grand Secretary, James B. Nicholson, of Philadelphia; Right Worthy Grand Treasurer, M. Richards Muckle, of Philadelphia; Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, Francis Rea, of Philadelphia.

—Four tons of nitro-glycerine exploded eight miles from Duluth, Minnesota, on the 18th. Nine dwellings, and as many other buildings were totally or partially wrecked, and the trees in the vicinity were torn into shreds. The shock was plainly felt in Duluth and many panes of glass were broken in Oneota, five miles distant. The loss is estimated at $40,000. The nitro-glycerine was valued at $6000, and the loss in unmixed materials was also heavy. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

—The white lead and paint works at College Point, Long Island, were burned on the evening of the 18th. Loss, $75,000; insurance about $30,000.

—The heaviest rain and hail storm ever known at Asheville, North Carolina, prevailed there on the 19th. Several buildings were flooded and the telegraph office and a store were damaged by lightning.

—Abner G. Cody, an expert passer of counterfeit money, was arrested near Painted Post, New York, on the evening of the 17th. He is 72 years of age.

—A passenger train on the International and Great Northern Railroad was stopped at McNeill Station, a few miles from Austin, Texas, on the evening of the 18th, by about twenty robbers, who rifled the express car. A number of shots were fired. One report says a man was slightly wounded in the hand, and another that two men were killed. The mails were not touched, but the passengers had to surrender their valuables. Fifty mounted and armed men have gone from Austin to McNeill.

—At San Francisco on the 19th, Philip Keyenberg, aged 26 years, shot and killed Mary Fessler, aged 23, and then shot and killed himself. The cause is believed to be the woman's refusal to marry him. Morris Johnson, being drunk and jealous, tried to kill his wife in Indianapolis on the afternoon of the 18th. He was prevented by a neighbor, whereupon he ran up stairs and committed suicide.

—At Savannah, on the 19th, William Fuller, a colored artilleryman, was blown to pieces during the firing of a salute in honor of the passage of the Fifteenth Amendment.

—A sleeping car on the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad was thrown from the track near Salida, Colorado, at 5 o'clock on the morning of the 19th, Grace Leslie, leading lady of the Kate Castleton troupe, was killed, and Dr. George Cox and Conductor Aubrey were severely injured.

—A passenger train on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad ran into some cattle near Pueble, Colorado, on the morning of the 18th. The engine and mail and express cars were ditched. Three tramps were stealing a ride on the train, and one of them was killed, the other two being slightly injured. The wife and mother of Melvin Huntress, of Portsmouth, New Hamsphire, were killed on the afternoon of the 19th, by an engine while driving over a railroad crossing in a wagon. Two men employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks were killed by a train at Dean's Station, near New Brunswick, New Jersey, on the afternoon of the 19th.

—The Secretary of the Interior, on the 19th, made a requisition on the Secretary of the Treasury for $9,000,000, to be used during the present month in payment of pensions.

—The Broad Street National Bank, of Trenton, N. J., was, on the 19th, authorized to begin business with a capital of $100,000.

—By the explosion of a boiler in a planing mill at Fulton, Kentucky, on the 18th, three men were killed and six others injured, one perhaps fatally.

—Sayles & Nichols' mill at Pasoag, Rhode Island, was nearly destroyed by fire on the morning of the 20th. The building and machinery are insured for $52,000. One hundred and seventy-five persons are thrown out of employment. Baker's lumber yard and the Comstock planing mill, in Adrian, Michigan, were burned on the morning of the 20th. Loss, $50,000. The ferry boat Tappan Zee was burned at Nyack, New York, on the morning of the 20th loss, $25,000; insurance $10,000. Incendiarism is suspected. Three Louisville and Nashville Railroad stock-pens, with ten freight cars, a quantity of freight and seven horses, including the racer George L., were burned in New Orleans on the 19th. Loss, $20,000. Ulrich & Riffert's corset factory, in Pittsburg, was burned on the morning of the 20th, and several adjoining buildings were damaged. The fire is attributed to incendiarism. Lewis & Co's foundry and machine works, in South Pittsburg, were destroyed by fire on the evening of the 20th. Loss, $100,000, covered by insurance.

—A man giving the name of Henry Lamoureux, and his age as 34 years, entered the Central Station at Chicago on the 20th and said he was the murderer of a policeman named Girard, recently assassinated at Kankakee. Lamoureux said he lived four miles from Kankakee, and he shot the policeman because he saw his wife meet the officer in the alley where the body was subsequently found. Girard had always borne a good reputation. Thirteen years ago, David Silver, of Rumford, Maine, disappeared, and was not heard of afterwards. His father, who had just died, made a confession that he killed his son in self defence with a sled stake and buried the remains under his barn.

—A can of gasoline exploded in the house of a man named Grim at Ryan, Ohio, on the 19th. Mr. and Mrs. Grim and Mrs. Betts were badly burned. Mrs. Grim's arms may have to be amputated, and Mrs. Betts is not expected to recover.

—The village of Lake Linden; or Torch Lake, in Keweenaw county, Michigan, was destroyed by fire on the 20th, nothing being left in the place except a saloon and one small store. The fire started in a brick block. Over 200 buildings were consumed. The loss is estimated at $1,500,000. The insurances amount to about $735,000. A fierce gale of wind promoted the spread of the flames. It is rumored that several lives were lost, but this is not verified.

—The Sheriff of Williamson county, Texas, with a large posse, is pursuing the men who robbed the International and Great Northern Railroad train at McNeil Station of about $4000. Bloodhounds are used to track the fugitives.

—At Greenville, Ohio, on the evening of the 19th, a mysterious robbery took place at the house of John W. Spayd, a wealthy citizen. "He was at home at the time. His wife was out riding. The thief got $17,000 in currency and gold. Both Mr. and Mrs. Spayd are so much excited that they can give no statement of how the theft occurred."

—Forest fires are still burning in the Michigan Peninsula, but are abating in many places. The losses through the wind storm of two weeks ago and these fires are estimated as high as $3,000,000.

—Andrew Hoodle was killed and Gustavus Keinwerra dangerously injured by an explosion of ignited alcohol and shellac in a beer tub, which they were varnishing, in Chicago, on the evening of the 19th.

—A despatch from Newburgh, New York, says forest fires are devastating the Shawangunk Mountains. Thousands of dollars' worth of timber have already been destroyed, and the damage to young timber is incalculable. There are forest fires on the east fork of Black river, in Wisconsin. N. B. Holway had 3,000,000 feet of logs destroyed, and the Messrs. Altees also lost considerable. Forest fires are raging throughout Marquette, Alger, Baraga, Houghton and Keweenaw counties in Michigan. Large forces of men are fighting the fires in Houghton county. The weather continues dry and hot, and the whole country for many miles along the lake shore, as well as the lake itself, is involved in clouds of smoke.

The first virtue is to restrain the tongue; he approaches nearest to perfection who knows how to be silent, even though he is in the right.

An egotist will always speak of himself either in praise or censure; but a modest man ever shuns making himself the subject of his conversation.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

In the Senate on the 17th the House resolution giving the thanks of the General Assembly to General Wagner for his patriotic services in behalf of the better management of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools was concurred in. Bills were passed finally for the protection of German carp in public lakes and streams; to regulate the practice of homœopathic pharmacy, and extending the jurisdication of justices of the peace. Bills were passed finally "providing civil rights for all people regardless of race or color;" regulating the admission of attorneys to the bar; authorizing churches to abandon burying grounds; amending the act relating to game and fish. Several appropriation bills were passed, among them the bill for the celebration of the Constitutional Centennial, with an amendment increasing the appropriation $100,000. Adjourned.

In the Senate on the 18th, House bills were passed finally appropriating $100,000 to provide for the participation by the State in the National Constitutional Anniversary Celebration; relating to the lien of mechanics and others upon buildings; amending the Marriage License law so as to provide that the parties may make their applications before an Alderman or Justice of the Peace, who shall forward it to the Clerk of the Court; taxing all order checks, dividers, coupons, pass books and other paper representing the wages of an employe not redeemed in thirty days; and appropriating $550,000 for the purchase of the House of Refuge in Philadelphia. Appropriation bill was passed finally. A conference report on the Wholesale Liquor License bill was agreed to. Adjourned.

The State Senate on the 19th adjourned *sine die*. Before adjourning, in the Senate, the rules were suspended and the vote defeating the Six Months' School Term bill was reconsidered, and the bill passed finally. John C. Grady was elected president pro tempore, the Democrats complimenting John B. Selheimer with their votes. Mr. Grady was sworn in, made a speech acknowledging the honor conferred upon him, and reviewing approvingly the labors of the session. He then declared the Senate adjourned without day.

HOUSE.

In the House on the 16th, the Anti-Discrimination bill was reported back with amendments reducing the number of Commissioners to three, making the word "railroad" apply to bridges and ferries operated in connection with railroads; striking out the exceptions which permitted railroads to give preference in furnishing cars or motive power for transportation of perishable freight; also the section giving Commissioners the right to suspend the short haul principle. Adjourned.

In the House, on the 17th, the conference report on the Revenue bill was adopted—140 to 26. Senate bills were passed appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs, and supplementary to the act carrying into effect Section 5 of Article XIV of the Constitution relative to the salaries of county officers and the payment of fees received by them into the State or county treasury in counties containing over 150,000 inhabitants. Senate bill for the inspection of buildings in Philadelphia was passed finally; also the following: Supplement to the Mechanics' Lien law; to prevent the adulteration of candy and confectionery; prohibiting the employment of children under 12 years of age in mills, manufactories or mines; to secure to laborers the benefit of the Exemption laws. The Grade Crossing bill was amended and laid over to be printed. Adjourned.

In the House on the 18th a conference report on the Congressional Reappointment bill was agreed to 101—to 72. Bills were passed finally providing for an increase in the building inspectors in Philadelphia; to secure to laborers the benefit of the exemption law and to prevent the crossing at grade of streets, roads and highways by steam railroads or of steam railroad by streets, roads or highways. The conference report on the Gettsburg Memorial Tablets bill was agreed to. Adjourned.

In the House on the 19th, the Senate amendments to the bill regulating the employment of labor and abolishing blacklisting were concurred in. Senate amendments were also concurred in to the bill taxing all orders, checks, dividends, coupons, pass-books, or other paper representing the wages of an employe not redeemed in thirty days; amending the Marriage License Act, and for the condemnation of the Frankford and other turnpikes. Adjourned.

THE old-fashioned idea of using a sage leaf or two on the teeth at each brushing has come up again. Sage is said to whiten the teeth, and is a very aromatic substitute for tooth powder.

THE MARKETS.

PROVISIONS—		
Beef city fam bl	—	@10 50
Hams	22 00	@23 00
Pork Mess	16 50	@17 00
Prime Mess, new	15 50	@16 00
Sides smoked	— 9¾	@— —
Shoulders smoked	— 7	@— 7¾
do in salt	— 6¾	@— 7
Smoked Beef	— 15	@— 16
Lard Western bls	7 37½	@— —
Lard loose	6 87½	@ 7 25
FLOUR—		
West. and Pa. sup.	3 —	@— —
Pa. Family	3 75	@ 3 90
Minn Clear	4 00	@ 4 25
Pat. Wns Wh't	4 65	@ 5 20
Rye Flour	2 75	@ 2 85
GRAIN—		
Wheat No. 1 red	1 03½	@— —
Rye	— 53	@— —
Corn, No. 2 White	— —	@— —
No. 3	— —	@— 49
Oat, No. 1 White	— 35	@— —
No. 2 do	— 37½	@— —
No. 2 Mixed	— 35	@— —
FISH—		
Mackerel, Large 1s	38 —	@45 —
No. 2 Shore	— —	@18 —
Herring, Lab	5 50	@ 6 50
SUGAR—		
Powdered	5.78	@6
Granulated	5.70	@5 13-16
Confec. A	5¼	@—
HAY AND STRAW—		
Timothy, choice	14 50	@15 —
Mixed	10 00	@11 50
Cut Hay	13 00	@14 00
Rye Straw	13 50	@— —
Wheat Straw	— —	@— —
WOOL—		
Ohio, Penna., and W. Va. Fleece XX and above	*3	@35
Common	30	@—
Unwashed medium	29	@31

EASTERN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Carrying on Bargaing by Means of Hand-Squeezing.

In the customary open-air markets of Eastern countries—especially in those devoted to transactions in hides, leather, wool, grain and fruit—it is no uncommon thing to see a couple of sedate-looking traders seated on the ground, each with his right hand concealed in his neighbor's capacious sleeve, and engaged, to all appearances, in squeezing each other's fingers. For a few minutes they will remain in this position, one nudging the other occasionally, but without exchanging a word; and then, rising, they will separate and go their way. Sometimes the performance is varied a little. A couple of merchants will stand in the middle of a brawling and gesticulating crowd, by which they are surrounded and observed; one will raise the end of his long robe or unroll the muslin veiling his turban, and under cover of this the pair will begin to clasp hands and fingers as before. The spectacle is extremely funny to the Western traveler who does not understand what is going on; but in point of fact the traders are simply engaged in what they call "fixing the price," or bargaining, by means of a code of manual signs almost universally used by Eastern merchants, who are compelled to do much of their business in the open air, surrounded by people who are quite as curious about every affair in progress as the principals themselves.

This system of dealing has been adopted for a very simple reason. Most ordinary transactions between buyer and seller in Eastern markets are carried on with a vast amount of noise, swearing and gesticulation; but yet more remarkable is the active part taken in the negotiations by the spectators—the idlers, loafers and busybodies, who abound in all Oriental markets. Every one has something to say, some advice to give or suggestion to make. And as the unwritten code of the East does not permit the parties to resent the meddling of the crowd, it is impossible under ordinary circumstances, to arrange any matter of business without the knowledge of half the market. And so it is that the Moslem merchants avail themselves of a code of manual signs, expressed by pressure of the hand or finger in concealment. This code of mercantile signs is in general use throughout the Southern part of Western Asia, as well as in the harbors and trading stations of Arabia, the Red Sea, the Persian Gulf and Eastern Africa.

A Bird's Bath.

His performance before entering the bath was even more amusing. The bathing-dish, a broad, deep plate, stood upon a towel on a table. The bird alighted on the table, and began first to peck the towel, pulling the fringe, working on any loose thread he discovered, and industriously enlarging any small hole he chanced to find. In thus doing he often turned over the edge, when he sprang back as though he had seen a ghost. Recovering from the shock, he circled around the dish with little hops, occasionally giving a gentle peck at the edge of the dish, or a snip at the water with his beak. Thus he waltzed around the bath perhaps forty times, now and then going so far as to jump up on the edge, make a dash at the water, and back off as if it were hot, or to give a hop into the middle of the water and out again so quickly that one could hardly believe he touched it. When, after all this ceremony, he did go in to stay, he made most thorough work, splashing in a frantic way, as though he had but a moment to stay, and in one minute getting more soaked than many birds ever do. After this short dip he dashed out, flew to a perch, and in the maddest way jerked and shook himself dry; pulling his feathers through his beak with a snap, and making a peculiar sound which I can liken only to the rubbing of machinery that needs oil.

A Small Blunder.

A lady on the lookout for a steady nurse-girl to take charge of the children entered a servants' registry, where her eyes fell on a respectable young woman from Normandy, who looked the very picture of health. "I like your appearance," said madame, "but tell me why you left your former situation." "A simple oversight, ma'am. One day as I was nursing Mrs. L——'s baby, I looked out of a window to listen to a man who was singing in the yard. Mrs. L—— gave me twopence to throw down to him, but alas! instead of the money I dropped the child out of the window!"

The Latest Folly.

We have had pink teas and yellow lunches, but the latest fad has been a Greek dinner. The table was decorated with garlands of roses, and the center ornament was a Greek lyre with golden strings. The walls were hung with rugs and festooned with roses. The guests reclined on couches, and each wore a laurel wreath tied with purple ribbon. The menu was written in Greek, among the dishes being wild boar, roast kid and hare. An intermission of about half an hour took place in the middle of dinner, when burning Oriental drinks were served in silver tankards.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT

A hero, whether he wins or loses, is a hero.

Cheerfulness is the weather of the heart.

You get the truth habitually from equals only.

We stand in our own sunshine oftener than others do.

Do not stop to tell all you know unless you are in a great hurry.

Tears sprinkled across life's highway settle in the dust of sorrow.

Some persons are able to make haste only when going backward.

If you are not wiser and better at the end of a day, that day is lost.

Money and kind words given in charity are all flowers in our future.

The best kind of parlor magic is that which converts gloom into sunshine.

It is no honor, credit or profit to cheat a person who knows less than you do.

Of ten persons spoken ill of, the speaker knows nothing whatever of nine.

A bald-headed expression is generally understood better than a long-haired one.

Better think what you can make of your children than what you can make for them.

Enthusiasm is the genius of sincerity, and truth accomplishes no victories without it.

The man who by drink muddles his brain will surely muddle your business. Trust him not.

The hill has not yet lifted its face to heaven that perseverance will not gain the summit at last.

The angels are doing a good deal of plowing this year with the implements of thought.

We accomplish more in the sunshine of what we think of ourselves than in what others think of us.

To smile at the jest which plants a thorn in another's breast is to become a principal in the mischief.

Never trust a man who does not think enough of himself to keep his think-shop always in order.

No person can be a useful man or a good man who does not think more of humanity than of himself.

A good word is an easy obligation; but not to speak ill requires only our silence, which costs us nothing.

You are the only one to blame for the escape of your secret. If you cannot keep it, why should anyone else?

The less you deal with vice in youth, the greater your mental and physical vigor as old age comes pleasantly on.

If a married couple will go one month without jawing each other, as they can, they will abandon the habit entirely.

Words are spiritual forces, angels of blessing or of cursing. Unuttered, we control them; uttered, they control us.

The seeds of love can never grow but under the warm and genial influence of kind feelings and affectionate manners.

Never throw stones at a child who has to live in a glass bottle, and who is not to blame for what it cannot prevent.

Humor is the laugh of charity; literature is the vestibule of religion; piety is the persuasive element of the best literature.

As a mound of earth is raised by the ants or the sands in the hour glass, so religion, learning and riches increase only by degrees.

A moment's work on clay tells more than an hour's work on brick. So work should be done on children's hearts before they harden.

Cool is the water when the brook runs deep. Sound is the judgement and cool the temper of him whose mind runs to contemplation.

Money and time are the heaviest burdens of life, and the unhappiest of mortals are those who have more of either than they know how to use.

Every person who uses profane language ought to be compelled to wear his words, printed in large type, so all could see and read his character.

No man's life is free from struggles and mortifications, not even the happiest, but every one may build up his own happiness by seeking mental pleasure.

He is rich whose income is more than his expenses, and he is poor whose expenses exceed his income.

Laws that protect persons in their rights are blessings; but we have no right to rob others of their rights and properties honestly acquired and held.

Every poor man who rises above the common level receives two educations. First, from his instructors; the second, the most personal and important, from himself.

It is better to meet danger than to wait for it. He that is on the lee shore and foresees a hurricane, stands out to sea, and encounters a storm to avoid a shipwreck.

Do not harrow the feelings of a child with severe denunciation and condemnation such as you are tempted to use with hardened sinners.

A public place where the laborer, mechanic and tradesman may meet his friends and neighbors is a want which the gin-shop supplies, and so long as it has nearly a monopoly of this form of society its position will be unassailable. The classes who frequent these places do not, as classes, go there to drink, but they drink because they are there, having gone there for society. The temperance problem is how to abolish the gin-shop, and that practically means how to supply a social substitute. The English coffee-house system is the best substitute yet invented. In the present form the movement seeks to establish "cocoa-houses," and a pamphlet before us mentions that in Liverpool twenty-nine houses capable of seating at once an aggregate of 3,500 men have been opened and are financially successful. Their success, the fact that they pay, means that they meet the social want and attract men from the gin-shops. The association having the enterprise in charge, declared this year a dividend of ten per cent., and carried a considerable sum besides over into the new year as a surplus for contingencies.

Remotely Akin.

Our friends are like the buttercups
That turn plain fields to gold
With bounty manifold;
While Love is like the sweet wild rose
Which fills a hidden place
With fragrance, color, grace;
Nor yet the dower scorns
Of beauty saving thorns.

And Friendship is a country rich
In meadows, waters, woods—
A land of quiet moods;
But Love is like a mountain fair;
Joys, tumult, dangers flow
Adown its aisles below,
While high against the skies
Its solemn summits rise.

Or, Love a summer sunrise shines,
So rich its clouds are hung,
So rich its songs are sung;
And Friendship's but broad common day.
With light enough to show
Where fruit with brambles grow;
With warmth enough to feed
The grain of daily need.

And Love, a royal river, flows
To give, to strongly bless—
Or bright, with swift caress;
While Friendship has a lake's repose;
A lake that placid lies
Beneath the placid skies,
And holds the heavens aneigh
To soothe the downcast eye.

Or, Love's a church, dear, beautiful;
And Friendship is a home
Where one for rest may come.
Like praying spire, Love, too,
Has entered in the blue;
Midway its clear bells sound,
Sweetening the air around,
While noises of the street
About its portals meet.

A FAMILY FEUD.

"There!" said I, "how do you like the way I have rendered that red autumn leaf?"

"It's capital!" said Simon, absently.

Now, I can always tell my brother Simon's tone exactly whether he is attending or not. And this time he was not!

We were up in the garret of the old Battersley house, where I still kept my easel and paints, and lay figures and things, although it was more than a year since the agent had warned us that Battersley was no longer our property, and compelled us to move into the little cottage on the salt marshes.

"I wonder at your lack of spirit, child," mamma had said, plaintively.

"Oh, what is the use of having spirit?" I retorted, recklessly. "I must have a studio? And there isn't a room in this little beehive that has a good north light! Wasn't I born and brought up at Battersley? And why shouldn't I keep my studio in the garret, as long as there is nobody else there but the rats and ghosts? I tell you, one gets inspirations in an old house like that! And I'm going to redeem all the family fortunes with my pencil before I get through!"

But mamma only sighed.

Since the disastrous law-suit had been decided against us, she had fallen into the way of sitting aimlessly by the fire, as if there was nothing else left to do or think of in life.

But I cared nothing for the judges of the supreme court, nor for the distant heir-at-law, who had turned us out of Battersley.

I came there every day to dream and to work, and to build up those castles in the air which reared their etherial pinnacles in the morning, and dissolved nightly into the thin, gray mist through which I walked to the little sea-marsh cottage.

And this morning Simon had climbed up the steep, garret stairs, with a bunch of the silver tresses of the "Grandfather Graybeard," which was now ripening about the hedges of the woods, and ventured to pass an opinion on my work without ever looking at it.

"Simon," said I, "you don't know what you are saying."

"You are right, Baby!" he said. "I wasn't thinking of the picture. Do you know, Baby, you've got to turn out of this?"

"What for?" said I, calmly sorting over the clusters of "Grandfather Graybeard," to get the silkiest plumes. "I've heard that before. I am not to be frightened away by mere shadows."

"But it's substance this time," said my brother. "Our dear cousin is here. He is coming to Battersley."

How do you know?" I questioned.

"Jones, the steward, told me. He landed in the Bavataria on Saturday."

"And this is Tuesday. Oh, he won't rush out to his new possessions the very first thing!" said I, cavalierly. "When he comes I'll go!"

"What sort of a man is he," said Simon, thoughtfully.

"What does it matter to us?" I retorted.

"Why, I suppose he has some sort of a right to Battersley, or the supreme court wouldn't have adjudged it to him," said Simon.

"Pshaw!" said I. "Law isn't always equity. He's a selfish, abominable old usurper, that's what he is!"

"Well, have it your own way," said Simon. "I'm going over to Hawley on the pony to-day. Don't you want to come?"

"I should like to," said I, wistfully, "but if that picture is to go in the autumn exhibition there is no time to lose."

So I settled to my work after Simon had whistled his dogs away and clattered down the stairs.

The morning had been clear and golden-bright, but at noon, when I sat down in the deep sill of the old garret window to read an odd volume of "Anne of Geierstein," and eat my lunch, I noticed that dark clouds had swept over the sky, and an uneasy wind was rifling the dead-gold of the hickory boughs, and long before it was night the gathering gloom warned me that it was time to desist from my labors.

I began to put away my things in a leisurely way. I did not dislike the old garret at twilight. I enjoyed the eerie shadows that peopled its dim recesses, the elm boughs against the window-panes, the creaking groans which seemed, ever and anon, to thrill through the old chimney-stack without any apparent cause; the skurry of the bright-eyed mice across the floor.

There was a portrait of my great-great-great-aunt Battersley behind the big red chest—a hard favored old dame, whose canvas had been rent apart by some untoward accident, nobody knew how, many years ago, thereby banishing it to this unfrequented region. And I used to fancy that she looked at me by times, with a curious, icy gaze as I went to and fro.

"Hush!" I said, suddenly, to myself, with a tin tube of ultra-marine in my hand; "there are footsteps down stairs. Somebody is moving about there."

I knew it wasn't ghosts, Aunt Battersley to the contrary, notwithstanding. It did not believe it was burglars. At the same, time however, I wanted to get out of the house as quick as possible, for dusk was deepening into night, and I knew that the tide, rising swiftly over the marshes, would roar like a wild wolf around my path, if I did not make haste.

Most probably the heir-at-law had arrived. Well, let him come!

Silently as a shadow, I glided down the back stairway to the little side-door, which was my usual mode of egress and ingress; but, to my amazement, there was a pile of trunks heaped up against it, which I could no more stir than I could shake the foundation of the tower of Babel.

And to reach the front door I should have to cross the great hall with its waxed floor, which was already illumined by the glow of a Gypsy fire built in the monster fireplace in the sitting-room.

"No," said I to myself, with a hasty survey of the tightly-shuttered windows, whose bolts and bars were tightened by a year's corroding rust, "I must go back to the garret and hide there."

In the midst of my perplexity a sense of the ridiculousness of my position dawned upon me. I laughed all to myself as I glided noiselessly up the stairs, groping my way in the dark.

"Cousin Battersly," I said to myself, "you don't know how near you are to one of your relations. The chimney smokes, does it? Well, I only wish it would smoke you out! Damp down there, is it? I only hope it will give your old bones a new lease of rheumatism!"

It was so dark up in the garret now that I could not even tell whether my great-great-grand-aunt's eyes were watching me or not.

There was just a "glimmering square" where the hall window was, a moaning rustle of dry leaves against the mossy, shingled-roof, and a herd of mice pattering across the floor.

I sat at the head of the stairs and listened, with my chin in my hands.

"He is sending his servant to the inn for something in the shape of supper," I thought. "Ah! he don't know that the inn is three good miles off. He hasn't a bad voice—it is low and pleasant. I'm not sure but that he speaks with a slight foreign accent. That I don't like. In my mind, Americans should be Americans. Now he's making coffee. And it smells delicious! Dear me, I didn't know before how hungry I was!"

Here I descended two or three steps.

"I wonder what he is like," I thought. "I've a great mind to slip down and peep through the crack of the door. My goodness me, what would mamma say? And Simon? How good that coffee does smell! And the chimney don't smoke any more."

Softly I crept down. Goblin-like I glided across the hall and peeped around the big mahogany door, which stood conveniently ajar.

The old room was all aglow with ruddy light. Close to the hearth, whose blazing logs cast so brilliant an illumination around, a wooden chair was drawn up, and there sat a young handsome man, leaning thoughtfully back, as if his dark, Spanish eyes saw far beyond the leap of the flames or the columns of blue smoke.

"He isn't Old Crab Battersley at all," said I to myself. "He's like the hero of a novel."

And then I took a second look.

"Then who is he?" I asked myself—"and what business has he here?"

All of a sudden the trembling coffee-pot, which was placed on a bed of coals, boiled over. The hero of romance stooped to remove it, and in the change of position his eyes unexpectedly met mine.

I took refuge in instantaneous flight, but I was too late. He had seen me, and sprang to his feet. But the hall was only lighted by the red stream of brilliance from the blazing logs, and I had the advantage of being thoroughly acquainted with the premises. If I could once hide away behind my great-great-grand-aunt's picture in the garret—But even as this possibility flashed across my mind I slipped on the lower stair, a sharp needle-like pang of pain shot through my ankle, and I sank helpless to the floor.

My captor hastened to the rescue.

"Are you hurt?" said he, with solicitude.

"Yes!" I cried out sharply. "I have sprained my ankle."

"But—I beg your pardon!" he said. "I—I don't quite know who you are, nor how you came here."

"I am Barbara Battersley," said I, defiantly.

"My cousin?" with a sudden brightness in his face.

"Yes, I suppose so," I ungraciously admitted.

"What can I do for you?" he questioned, earnestly.

"You can let me alone!" I cried, contracting my brows, as a fresh spasm of pain thrilled my nerves.

He looked at me, half smiling.

"I could, I suppose," said he; "but don't you think I had better help you in by the fire, and then go for the nearest doctor, if you'll kindly direct me to one?"

His manner was kindly, although a little satirical. I was heartily ashamed of myself.

"I beg your pardon!" I said. "You couldn't help my clumsiness, and you cannot prevent the pain. But—"

At this moment there came a volley of thundering knocks at the door. It was Simon, come to see what on earth had become of me.

"It's raining like the deluge," said he, "and the tide is up, and—hello! who is this?—and why are you so pale? Is anything the matter?"

I don't know what happened just then. I believe I fainted.

When I came to my senses mamma was there, and the doctor, and cousin Battersley's Italian servant, who knew exactly what to do in every emergency.

And my ankle was bandaged up, and they had made an impromptu couch for me with two old packing-boxes and a scarlet plush rug.

And mamma was crying and declaring that she did not know what she should have done if it had not been for Rudolph Battersley's kindness and presence of mind.

We stayed there all night, because of the rain and the rising tide. We stayed there during the next week, because Rudolph declared that he could never get settled without my taste and mamma's advice and Simon's help.

And we concluded to remain there forever, because Rudolph—who was only the grandson of the cross old kinsman who had sued us and was since dead—assured us that he saw our shadow of right in his grandfather's claim, supreme court or no supreme court: and that he should return at once to Switzerland if he didn't agree to live on there, just as if there never had been any lawsuit.

"There!" cried Simon laughing, "Baby has always been sighing for a hero of romance, and I guess she has found him at last."

But when cousin Rudolph told me, just six months afterward, that he could not be happy unless I would promise to become his wife, I could scarcely credit my own ears.

"It's because you want to settle the family dissensions," said I, almost inclined to cry.

"No, it isn't," said he; "it's because I love you, Baby."

"How can you possibly care for me?" said I, with a sudden burst of humility.

He turned me gently toward the mirror, which hung close by.

"Look in the glass, Baby," said he, "and see."

So we are to be married, and my wedding is to put an end to the quarrels which have rent the Battersley family for more than a generation.

Forms of Taking an Oath.

Quite a chapter might be written upon the methods of taking oaths in various countries in both ancient and modern times. In some parts of China a witness is sworn upon a saucer at the moment he takes the oath. In Egypt the custom prevailed of swearing by the goose. This is said to have been on account of the veneration in which the goose was held in that country.

In Madagascar the people swear either by their sovereign or by their mother, and there are two forms of witnessing the oath, one to "strike the water," and the other to "spear the calf.

According to Oldfield, in his "Expedition into the interior of Africa, by the Niger," at Iddah, "placing a naked sword or knife to the throat is looked upon as the strongest proof of innocence, and the most solemn form of oath they can administer. In this manner the King is sworn, or sometimes at the point of a poisoned arrow.

We learn from "Bruce's Travels" that in Abyssinia a much less savage form of swearing is in use. He says: "They took the two fore-fingers of my right hand, one after the other, and kissed them—a form of swearing used there, at least among those who call themselves Christians.

The most ancient form of swearing of which we have any record is that mentioned in the Bible in Genesis, where Abraham swearing his oldest servant, required him to place his hand under his (Abraham's) thigh. This form is mentioned in several places in the Old Testament. Anciently the Jews swore by Jerusalem, by the temple, by the God of Israel, and also by broken glass, this last form being similar to the Chinese custom of breaking a saucer against the witness box.

The ancient Greeks and Romans swore by Jupiter, Minerva, Neptune, and other gods and goddesses, laying their head upon the altar of divinity sworn by taking a particularly solemn oath; the ancient Germans by their gods, by their swords and by their beards; the Scandinavians, beside appealing to the gods, touched a bloody ring in the hands of a priest. The Hindoo swears by the Oeda, and a Mohammedan is sworn on the Koran.

Suicides of Children.

We have no means of knowing whether suicides among children are proportionally more numerous within the last few years than they were previously. Attention has been specially directed to those most lamentable occurrences recently, and this may account for the fact that an increased number of cases are from time to time under notice. There is something especially distressing in the fact that consciousness may be, and often is, so painfully influenced by circumstances in the early stages of life that death is sought as a relief from misery. It seems to us that well within the limits of sanity a perverse, or morally cowardly, or very much worried consciousness may reason out the proposition that life is not worth living and conclude to die. Precisely the same processes which go on in the mind of an adult may be in operation in the mind of a child. There is, in short, no reason why the young should not commit suicide as well as the old, if only hope, which, in a very practical way, may be said to be an essential of life—is crushed out of existence. The mind in which hope dies may court death, and yet be in some sense morbid. It is difficult, but it is possible, to slay hope in the life of a child, and when this is accomplished it is not unreasonable to suppose that despair may end in self-slaughter. The intense haste of life and enterprise is doubtless one of the causes of suicides and there be no question that our system of forced education, and the premature imposition of hideous brain tasks on the young, press heavily on the consciousness. We venture to think this subject of suicides among children is one which ought to be taken into very serious consideration by those who are responsible for the operation of laws which may ultimately render the population more erudite, but which will not, unless greatly modified, make them happier, or, in a social sense, more prosperous than heretofore.

—Short back and long front tabs are the distinguishing marks of new wraps.

COFFEE AND TEA.

A Glance at the Wholesale Trade in New York.

Part of Wall street is not Wall street at all. Down by the ferry, around Front and Water streets, there is no stock and bond flavor whatever. Things down there smack of China, of Java, of Brazil and of Cuba, but of nothing nearer home. Down there the big men in tea, coffee, sugar and molasses rule the roost. If there is any boarding house keeper who wants to buy these table luxuries by the ton or the cargo, just drop around, but otherwise stick to the corner grocery. There is where the solid men of New York and Brooklyn nimbly hunt the spry sixpence. At home these heavy citizens are never asked to do anything, but down there on the market they skip around like valets to Mammon. With a panful of green coffee in one hand and a little paper of Oolong in the other, they jump to serve their master's whims.

It seems funny to see the millionaire pumping a long flat stick up and down through the bunghole of a hogshead of molasses on the street, running his diamond-studded fingers along it, and scooping the saccharine treacle into his gold-plugged mouth. He is an expert, but he cannot lick his fingers any better than the rude, untutored urchin who steals a lesson at it when the expert turns his back.

Over on the office steps stands a man whose trotters will by and by be spurning the dust of Central avenue from their hoofs. Looking at him sifting coffee. How complacently he rattles the sieve. Look at him waft it from side to side, and toss its contents up and down like a pancake. What is he doing? Blowing the chaff out of it. It's a sample and the purchasing jobber is at hand. He has just roasted a few handfuls in his own little roaster in the office, for he himself bought the coffee green.

Four times a year—in March, June, September and December—the Dutch government sells coffee at public auction in Padang. The Dutchman there measures his coffee by the picul (136 pounds) and values it by the guilder (fifty cents) so the New Yorker just figures on the equivalent of, say, twenty cents a pound and cables his limit to his agents, and they bid the Dutch auctioneer so much and no more. The day after the sale everybody in the trade knows who bought and what he bought at. The conundrum then is: What profit is he satisfied with? What will he sell at?

One funny thing about the Java coffee business is that there are about five times as many pounds of it sold over the grocer's counter, as there are grown on the island. As Mark Twain says, this would look like a discrepancy or hiatus, but we've got to accept facts as we find them.

Coffee from Padang to New York, after a voyage of 100 days, arrives more or less sweated. This part is all skimmed off in Brooklyn warehouses and sold as "skimmings" to jobbers at a reduced price. It was never known to go any further than that, because the retailers never sell you anything but "pure old Government Java."

In the testing room of a large firm of tea brokers in Water street half a dozen men of critical palates sit around a revolving table sipping tea from delicate china cups. It's a tea party, but what a tea table! No cloth, no milk, no sugar, no gossip! A circle of cups outside of a ring of canisters, a copper kettle of boiling water, and that's all—strictly business. They sip and they smack and they spit. A brass spittoon, as high as the table, and looking like a German trombone straightened out receives all the ejected liquor.

Some time ago New York started tea auctions every week and Chicago is following suit, but tea is a commodity that loses its flavor very easily, and Chicago's unsavory origin probably has a good deal to do with her failure to rival the metropolis as a tea mart. The Wall street auctions have become quite a social affair. Coffee, sandwiches, and napkins are passed around among the guests. When they sit down facing the auctioneer's rostrum, pencils and catalogue's in hand, you might easily imagine them a group of reporters sitting in execution on the latest imported lecturer. It is an ordinary thing for 10,000 half chests to be sold. This means 450,000 pounds, and when a couple of spoonfuls make a nice cup of tea, look at the delight in store for our grandmothers.

An Expert's Opinion of Exercise.

Take the heart—itself a very bundle of muscular fibers. We know that as long as we live, whether sleeping or waking that wonderful organ keeps up its wonderful contractions and expansions. But, when we use our muscles, their contractile force upon the blood-vessels helps the blood along its channels, and thus takes a little labor from the propelling heart. It beats faster but with less effort. While helping the heart, muscular exercise helps the lungs also. More exercise means for the lungs more breath; that is, more air inspired and more carbonic-acid gas expired. By deeper breathings the involuntary muscles are strengthened.

While the lungs and heart are doing better work under the stimulus of muscular exercise, the heart pumping the blood more certainly to the farthermost tissue of the body and the lungs more rapidly purifying the blood, other organs are benefited. The diaphragm, that muscle separating the lungs and heart from the stomach and liver, is rising and falling, and, with the increased expansion and contraction of the walls of the thorax, is moving all the contents of the abdomen to activity. The liver, the great gland of the body, has not only more blood sent to it, but is actuated to action.

—In cotton dress goods are some beautiful styles in plain cloths for skirts in all the shades of blue, brown, tan, mode and buff, and raised stripe effects for the overskirts. These raised stripes are in all colors, and match nicely with the plain grounds. Tufted effects in rich colors are also introduced in combination with plain grounds.

FASHION NOTES.

—Pompadour silks are recommended for dressy frocks for young girls.

—The safest colors for cheap portieres ars olive-green and brick-red.

—Fine woolen tissues are streaked with silk of a lighter shade, forming stripes or squares, and a small pattern of silk dots, clover-leaves, or small flowerets of silk, imitating embroidery in relief, is scattered all over upon the dark ground.

Extremely pretty capotes for the spring are composed of birds' wings. Sometimes the wings are dyed of all colors; sometimes they are left of their own natural tint; they cover the capote almost entirely, with the exception of a small puffing of silk or crape at its back.

—In the new fancy woolen materials introduced for the spring and summer season we remark that small white patterns very frequently occur. In some fabrics irregular white stripes form a sort of check pattern, in others large white dots are scattered over plain or striped colored grounds.

—Some of the new woolen novelties have woolen grounds in light or dark shades of pure colors, on which in high relief are lines of plush and frise flower designs in natural colors and realistic to a degree in treatment. These goods are high priced, and intended only for parts of plain wool costumes.

—While combinations of plain and fancy or figured goods, often in strongly contrasted colors, remain extremely popular, many handsome dresses are made of the same color throughout, but of two fabrics, and for these refined toilets exquisitely fine cashmere and moire are especially favored.

—New surahs, with diagonal twill, are shown in rich, solid colors and in many fancy plaid and stripes. These are to be made up as entire gowns, and not in combination with vest. Stuart collar and cuffs of velvet. The skirts are laid in extra wide kilts, with folds of the velvet inserted at regular intervals.

—English walking-hats, in fine Milan, with the high side of fancy Italian braid ornamented in Tuscan-work, are shown in golden-brown, black and all the dark colors of the season. The popular English turban shape is shown in Milan crown, with the heavy roll in front of fancy Italian braid. Other hats have a crown of fancy straw with a border. A shape in Milan and fancy straw popular abroad is an English walking-hat, quite high on one side, low on the other and sloping downward at the back. No startling novelties are shown in the shapes of hats, and it is probable that many of the standard shapes of the past season will be popular again.

—We are always on the look out for novelties, and pleased when we have anything new and pretty to introduce to our lady readers; we therefore hasten to mention the very elegant vests of light-colored ribbed silk which have just come into fashion. These dainty little vests are prettily trimmed with crochet work, and charming to wear with spring toilets; they combine comfort with elegance, for they are very useful as chest-protectors against the east wind which so often blows at this season of the year even when the sun shines brightest. One model is of pale blue silk trimmed with a peaked shoulder-piece, composed of small rosettes worked in crochet with silk. Another is trimmed down the front with three strips of white Cluny lace insertion.

—Handsome Roman-striped satins are much employed for trimming kilted and box-plaited skirts of faille Francaise, and also for garnitures on costumes of fine cloth or vigogne. Velvet is also combined with these stripes (which for the skirt very frequently run horizontally), and among elegant dinner gowns are Bengaline and velvet-striped petticoats, with Russian polonaise above, made of the richest satin duchess in one plain color of Suede, golden fawn, nut-brown, silver or English violet—which last-named color is a trifle deeper than the old-fashioned bishops' purple. This stylish overdress is made very long, with full draping at the sides, and a very graceful adjustment over the tournure, the chosen shade of the lustrous satin invariably according in tint with one of the colors in the Roman-shaped petticoat,

—Among the new skirt draperies are two directly opposing styles, the bell skirt and the inverted bell skirt, the one designed for ladies inclined to stoutness, which shows the back of the skirt draped with an effect of extreme fulness at the bottom and a decided collapse as it nears the back of the hips and waist. The extreme of this style is for slender woman, the fulness coming just below the waist. Upon some of the models these folds are unduly distended at the sides and over the tournure. The effect, when arranged in moderation, is excellent. Beyond this it is not only inartistic but often absolutely grotesque, especially when the fabric is light or white, these tints naturally adding to the appearance of great size. They destroy all natural symmetry, and often impart to a really graceful figure an exceedingly ludicrous and "squatty" appearance.

—Models for summer bonnets sent over from Paris are made of silk etamine, Persian gauze in exquisitely lovely tints, and zephyr silk muslin embossed with raised velvet figures. The brim of the bonnet is covered with dark velvet in black, golden-brown, terra cotta or Japanese red, and the garnitures are light aigrettes and crape flowers. Pretty day bonnets, to be worn at 5 o'clock teas, etc., are of fancy rough straw trimmed with velvet and high mentures of French flowers, and also of dainty nets worked with colored beads in shaded effects; and coquettish shirred silk bonnets trimmed with gold or silver powdered aigrettes and sprays of white lilac in softest velvet. Huge butterflies, both of bronze and gold-powdered gauzes are again used upon summer bonnets by leading milliners. Straw round hats in dove color and mushroom shades are trimmed with golden-brown picot velvet, ribbon loops mixed with golden-brown tulle, into which are set large plaques of scarlet Japan poppies.

HORSE NOTES.

—Tanner's Vernette trotted a mile in 2.25 and repeated in 2.23½ on the 11t.h

—The belief is gaining ground that Kingston will not start for the Withers stakes.

—The little pacer Seventy-six wears no boots or toe-weights and is a very good actor.

—R. L. Reed, of New York, recently paid $2500 for the b. g. John H., trial of 2.26

—Russella, the full sister of Maud S., 208¾, has by her side, on Mr. Bonner's farm, a bay colt, by Startle, sire of Majolica, 2.15.

—Belle F. 2.15¼, and Woodmont, the pacer, record 2.23¾, are to contend for a purse of $1750 at the Detroit Driving Park on July 1.

—Budd Coble has arrived in Chicago from California with his stable, including Oliver K., Bonnie McGregor and Charley Hogan.

—A. B. Banks, of Linneus, Mo., has bought of W. C. France the b. c Frankfort, 2 years, by Onward, dam Lady Bolton by Bolton, for $1000.

—Charles Lowther, of New York city, has purchased of Sire Brothers the ch. g. George V., record 2.20, by Masterlode, dam by Magna Charta.

—The new track being built at Yonkers, N. Y., should be very fast, as it is built on a bog, which makes the mold and loam of which it is made up springy, but not hard.

—F. F. Pierce, of Gallatin, Tenn., has bought of Z. E. Simmons, of Lexington, Ky., the b. c. Detorest, 3 years, by Dictator, dam Remembrance by George Wilkes, for $4500.

—Rataplan is lame, and Major Hubbard has stopped him in his work. Commodore Kittson was about to match Rataplan against The Bard, but, of course, will not do it now.

—Domestic, Wilkins, Ben Starr, Edwin C., Mambrinette, Protection and Wilkesbrino will probably be named for the Cleveland $5000 guaranteed stake for 2.25 class horses.

—Gretchen, the dam of Clingstone, 2.14, died in foaling a full brother to the "Demon" trotter on May 7th. The colt is alive. Mr. Gordon now has a sister and two brothers to Clingstone.

—Sir Joseph will, it is said, be retired from active training for the present in consequence of his "roaring," and will be put under treatment for the cold he contracted before he arrived East.

—The following officers have been elected by the Columbus (O.) Driving Association: President, S. C. Belknap; Vice President, F. H. McKinnie; Treasurer, F. A. Brodbeck; Secretary, C. E. Conrade.

—Marvin M. Morse, of Paw Paw, Ill., who succeeds T. J. Vail as Secretary of the National Trotting Association, is a well-known banker and turfman who has been a member of the Board of Review for eight years.

—Wood Martin, Dr. James A. Marshall and Joshua Evans made excellent judges at the Suffolk trotting meeting. They stood up for the people and showed fair play to all. Such judges will revive trotting in Philadelphia.

—John T. Strickland finds the pacer Brint Medium a hard horse to train. Brint has plenty of speed and goes well until he hears another horse behind him, when he invariably stops and dances until everything has gone by.

—At R. Gentry & Son's Elmwood Stock Farm, Rosa Kenney, 25 years old, the dam of Messenger Chief, dropped a bay filly colt by Gambetta, name Rosetta. Also the dam of Earnestine dropped a bay bolt by Gambetta.

—E. J. Baldwin believes in California horses being fed California hay, and has shipped a supply to his stables in the East. The greater part of California's hay crop is cut from the wheat fields just before the wheat heads out, and is cured like timothy or clover hay.

—The betting for the Suburban is 5 to 1 Tremont, 8 to 1 The Bard, 15 to 1 Ben All, Bob Fisher, Rupert Quito and Sir Joseph, 20 to 1 Blue Wing, Billy Gilmore, Exile, Bonnie Prince, Guenn and Rataplan, 30 to 1 Alf Estill, Barnum, Electric, Kirkman, Lafitte and Wickham.

—The late Mrs. Hiram Woodruff willed to Isaac Woodruff a cane presented to her husband twenty-two years ago. It is a heavy ebony stick. On an embossed gold head is inscribed: "Presented to Hiram Woodruff by his friend William M. Rose, September 18, 1865."

—Lochiel, by Prince Charlie, recently won the Newmarket handicap at Melbourne, Australia, under 112 pounds, beating twenty-three. He is a brown horse, 5 years old, from the mare Nellie Moore, which was purchased in England in foal to Prince Charlie, and foaled Lochiel in New Zealand.

—The crack Western 2-year-old Badge, by The Ill-Used, dam Baroness by Kentucky, was put up at auction at Lexington on May 9th to close the partnership of McClelland & Rutherfurd, and brought $3000, Byron McClellend being the purchaser. Badge cost only $120 at Mr. Belmont's sale a year ago.

—Labold Bros. are said to have won handsomely on Montrose's victory in the Kentucky Derby. From the time the betting opened the colt has always been in the front, or near it, but never an actual favorite. As to the money lost on Banburg, it is very heavy, for in all the large cities he was at even money, or 6 to 5, with plenty of takers.

—The J. L. Rose consignment of California trotting stock, just sold at New York, did not command very high figures. The highest price, $3500, was paid for a 2-year old bay colt, very large for his age, but with fine trotting action and decided promise of speed, by Sultan, dam Lady Graves, by Nutwood; F. C. Fowler, of Modus, Conn., was the purchaser.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

CENTRE HALL, PA., MAY 25, 1887.

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

SPRING GOODS SPRING GOODS SPRING GOODS SPRING GOODS

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

—O—SPRING -:- GOODS.—O—

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

We wish to announce to our many customers in Penns Valley that we are daily receiving new goods. The Spring Styles are out and we are getting them early in the season. Come along and see the New Styles.

0 0 0 0 0 0 0

FISH! FISH! FISH! FISH!
FISH! FISH! FISH! FISH!

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

We have just receivee a large lot of Fish, and are sending them out at astonishing low figures. We ask all to come and examine goods and prices.

W. H. BARTHOLOMEW.

Centre Hall.

LOCAL ITEMS.

——Ice cream dealers report a rush on Saturday evening.

——David Keller, of Boalsburg, has gone on a trip to the west.

——Wm. W. Spangler, publishes letters testamentary on the estate of Francis Hessel.

——Gotlieb Strohmeier is turning out quite a large amount of marble work this season.

——Candidate Miles had to stop over at this place a few days this week on account of a sick horse.

——Byron Garis left for Altoona where he expects to work for some time putting up stone wall.

— Miss Sadie Deininger, who spent several months in Williamsport, returned home on Saturday, last.

——We hear of a large number of horses in this section, having the distemper. It seems to be going around.

——Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lewisburg, Centre and Spruce Creek railroad, is advertised in Reporter.

——Mr. Ed. Kline, of the Loop, lost a valuable horse, the other day, which is said to have been worth $200. We did not learn from what disease.

—A large turtle was caught in the Redmill dam, the other day, by Jacob Harpster. It weighed 24 pounds, and was the largest one caught there yet.

——Rev. Fischer poured some hot shot into intemperance, on last Sabbath evening, and produced some startling facts and statistics bearing upon the subject.

——Mr. Jacob Schultz one of Miles twp. successful farmers and his son-in-law Mr. Harry M. Limbert, of Farmers Mills, paid us a visit on Saturday last. Call again.

——The name of D. L. Zerby, of Millheim, candidate for Recorder, appears in the list this week. Mr. Zerby, besides his competency, is a man of unimpeachable character and an unfaltering Democrat.

— Arb Katherman spent several days of this week at Mifflinburg, his former home. In his absence the station was in charge of Mr. Orn Dale, of Lemont, who tapped the key, etc. and took care of the "cub."

——The Centre Hall roller mill still has more orders than it can fill for Cream (patent) and Calla Lily flour. These brands rank with the best in the United States, and are giving our town quite a name already.

——On Saturday last Charles Herman, was instantly killed in Mifflin county by the falling of a derrick. A man named Krotzer was so badly hurt that he is not expected to survive and another man was slightly injured.

——Every lady who has a copy of the Reporter, of June 1st, will find printed in it a coupon, which entitles her to a 25 cent pattern free. Any one not having a copy of that issue can get one by sending 5 cents to this office. The pattern is shown in another column of the Reporter.

——The Bellefonte hotel bars are having a sort of a monopoly in the liquor trade since license has been refused the saloons of the town. We believe that in some cases the receipts of the bar amount to more than that of the hotel. Restriction in this case makes a monpoly of the business and enriches the few.

——Sam Small told his Minneapolis congregation that if they paid $4 to hear Bernhardt, they would be damned. The statement was not particularly original. A good many men in various cities have declared that they would be d—d if they paid that price. But when the speculators came down to $3, they were on hand.

——Mr. John Hosterman, of the eastern end of Brushvalley, gave our sanctum a call. He says all crops look promising down there. He informs us that he and John Shaffer of Madisonburg, have a new kind of wheat called niggerhead, the seed of which was obtained from Illinois. Mr. Hosterman has a number of acres of it sown, and he informs us it weighs 65 lbs. to the bushel, and is a larger grain than the Fultz.

——The deaths among horses and colts in various sections of this county, still continue. It appears to be true that misfortunes never come singly our farmers are short in their wheat crops and many are loosing their horses too, upwards of 25 or 30 horses and colts have died in Potter township alone, this spring, and we learn of deaths among these animals from all parts of the county.

BRASS BANDS.

THE CANDIDATE'S TERROR.

The electioneering season having fairly opened, and the crop of candidates promising to be quite large makes us think of the brass bands of this valley and county, and how they have made the poor candidates sweat and shell out for an unexpected serenade. A few years ago there were about fifteen of these blowing institutions in this county, and by the time a candidate had heard them all toot he generally found his exchequer blowed out, and himself wishing the fellow who invented brass bands was in Halifax as much as he wished himself in the office he was 'lectioneering for. It took a V or an X for each one of these bands, and it was enough to make a fellow of ordinary means feel like making an assignment until they all had bled him.

One of the first—the first band—in this valley was the one some 40 or 50 years ago, in Haines township, known then as Moyer's band, because the leader and membership principally belonged to that family, in whose blood there runs a natural taste for music. The Moyer band was composed of about 24 pieces, many of which were reed instruments, the balance were brass horns. This band met at public gatherings, such as batallions, church festivals, and for practice at Aaronsburg and at Weaver's, in the lower part of Haines. It existed a number of years and discoursed good music. Some who were members of this band, are still living, Mr J. G. Meyer, of Aaronsburg, the leader, being one.

A little later there was the Jacksonville band, all brass horns, and was noted for good music and especially for one member with long hair like a woman's, hanging down his back, who was quite a curiosity. This band generally attended all the Democratic meetings on this side and its brass horns, good music, and long haired man, all tended to help draw a crowd. This band is blown out.

The next band, and a very excellent one, was the Boalsburg Saxe-horn band, with Dr. Fisher as one of its leaders. This band, besides furnishing music for public meetings, gave concerts throughout the county and was a credit to Boalsburg. But all the wind has been knocked out of it, after tooting some 15 years.

Next we had the Pine Grove Mills band, also a good one, with 20 brass pieces. This institution was welcome wherever it went, on account of the fine music it discoursed—but it too, after a bright career of ten years, has busted

Bellefonte, for a long time flourished a good band, far back as 40 years, we remember it coming over here to help blow on the railroad at our meetings, and it also gave concerts in the valley at various times. This band, also, has gone up the spout.

Next came the Millheim band, with about 25 pieces, about 22 years ago, and the equal of any band in its day in the county. It tooted all around at fairs and meetings, and still has wind enough left to toot on for a goodly number of years yet.

The Rebersburg band of about 20 pieces was organized about 18 years ago, and was quite a stylish one in its equipment and charming in its blowing qualities, and it still blows charmingly.

Next came the Centre Hall band, about ten years ago; its career was short but brilliant, living about five years, when, like a brilliant meteor, it blew itself out.

Next came the Farmers Mills band, organized about 8 years ago, which has sounded sweet music on both sides of the county, and seems to be good enough for another ten years blow.

The Tusseyville band is about 10 years old, and has made for itself a name for good brass band music; it still is in existence, and once in a while comes across here to serenade Centre Hallers.

Spring Mills of late years, has a brass band, and it is also gaining for itself a reputation for fine music. It is still ablowing and can't be beat for one of its age.

Linden Hall has a good band, some 10 years old, and is a well trained institution; it is always ready to blow and knock the blues out of a fellow by its sweet strains. It has not blowed out, and we trust will not.

Pleasant Gap and Zion, both have number one bands, which have been in existence 12 to 14 years, and are known all over the county, and since the Bellefonte band has gone up, that town now falls back upon Pleasant Gap and Zion when they want good music.

Philipsburg also had a fine band, and we think still has; Pine Hall also has a band which is a credit to that locality.

Thus it will be seen, by the time a candidate ran the gauntlet of all these concerns, his bank account would get down to zero. There was no mercy—the bands would give him a blow and he had to shell out, and if he didn't get the office he was after, he at least could console himself after his defeat by humming the new tunes he had heard at five dollars a piece.

DECORATION PROGRAM.

The program of Samuel Shannon Post, for Decoration Day, is as follows: Post leaves Centre Hall in the morning for the Union. Services at the Union at 8 a. m; at Spring Mills at 10 a. m. Addresses at both places by Rev. Kerr; Georges Valley services at 1 p. m; Spruce-town at 2.30 p. m Addresses by Mr. Culberson, Esq., of Lewistown. Services at Centre Hall at 6 p. m. Addresses by Revs. King and Kerr. Tusseyville band to be at Centre Hall. Memorial sermon on Sunday evening, May 29, in the Reformed church, by Rev. Land. All citizens of this place and vicinity are requested to attend the preliminary meeting in the Post Room on Friday evening May 27, to assist in making arrangements for the 30th. All Sunday schools and organizations are invited to participate in the ceremonies on the day.

FIRE AT HOUTZDALE.

For the last few days mountain fires have been in full blast in the woods near Houtzdale. The fire has been burning in the coal district of Berwind, White & Co., and destroyed some thirty dwellings belonging to miners and the town of Houtzdale was threatened with a similar fate, assistance from neighboring towns enabled them to get it under control.

NO COURT THE FIRST WEEK.

All the important cases to be tried the first week of court have been settled or postponed and no session will be held. Jurors drawn for the first week need not attend. Jurors summoned for the second week commencing Monday, June 20 will be required. Judge Cummin, of Lycoming county, will preside.

BURNED TO DEATH.

The daily News says, at noon on Friday last Maggie Grayden, a 15-year-old girl living with the family of William Long, of the firm of W. H. Long & Co., at Howard, was so terribly burned that she lived only twenty-four hours afterwards. At noon she went to the cook stove to start a fire. She did not know that there was any fire in the stove and accordingly she poured some kerosene oil on it from a glass can. The sparks of fire in the stove set fire to the stream of oil and it ran like a flash up the stream, bursting the can and throwing a flood of fire all over Maggie's person. She ran out of the house screaming for aid. Her father, Mr. John Graden, was working on a roof near by. He came to her assistance and quickly did what he could, wrapping her in blankets and throwing her to the ground.

She lived in agony until Saturday, dying about 12 o'clock. The funeral will occur on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

NOTES ON THE FLY.

——Notice:—Persons fishing at the head of Penns creek, need no whisky, no rattlesnake having been seen along that part of the stream for twenty years.

——Any preacher who can fish the run from Garrety's down to near Taylor run, without swearing, let him come on.

——The editor and local, hooked 40 trout in a five hours fish, on Friday.

——A 23 inch trout is reported to have been caught at Spring Mills, a few days ago. That beats landlord Bibby right in front of his nose and within a few rods of his table.

Simon Harper, Tuesday, bagged 54 speckled beauties, at Pennscreek, with the fly, and some of them 11 inchers. Pretty good, for you, lieutenant.

Wit McCormic, also, same time and place, hooked a nice mess of 'em.

——An attempt was made to rob the store of Wolf & Son, in this place on Sunday night. The bolt on the heavy door lock was broken off, also the latch rest, by prying between the double doors. This would have gained an entrance for the burglars, but an iron cross-bar inside stopped further progress. On Monday morning 5 augers and a chisel were found on the door steps, belonging to Ezra Trumbine, having been stolen from his tool chest which he had at the station Charles Bollinger's smith shop, across the road, was also broken open, same night, and no doubt by the same party, perhaps to obtain tools for breaking open the store door. We understand, however, nothing was found missing from the smith shop.

COLLISION ON THE BRANCH.

On last Thursday afternoon the freight train going east ran into the work train standing on the main track, in the mountains below Coburn. A flagman was stationed above the work train but it seems that the engineer of the freight did not see him and drove ahead at full speed and plunged into the work train. Both engines were badly used up and were taken to the shops for repairs. From what we have learned no one was injured, the engineer saved himself by umping in time.

15 TO 4, A BAD SCORE.

On last saturday afternoon the Bellefonte boys went to State College, to cross bats with the latter team. The game as usual resulted in annother easy victory for the College team who no doubt can down any thing in this part of the State Bellefonte seems to be a failure in the line of base ball, and should try some thing easier, where a little bit of chance or luck does the winning.

——Boy's school suits, $2.50 and up at Lyon & Co.

——Hats, caps, boots and shoes, at S. & A. Loebs, new stock and very low.

——French and English sateens crinkled seersuckers in dark and light colors. LYON & CO.

——All kinds of house furnishing goods, best assortment ever brought to Centre county, and at a bargain, at S. & A. Loebs.

——A full line of ready-made clothing, for spring and summer, for men and boys, all prices, and latest styles—bargains and satisfaction guaranteed, at S. & A. Loebs.

—— Shires & Kennedy are putting out a large number of their fence machines in different sections of the state. They say opposition is the life of trade with them.

——Dr. D. C. Kellar, of Union Deposit, Dauphin Co., spent a few days in this place. Rumor is afloat, to the effect that he is about to steal away one of Centre Hall's fair ones.

——Thomas Wait, of Rebersburg, saw a deer the other day, but did not shoot it.—*News.*

Yes, guess it was one of those dears a fellow often sees Saturday nights.

——Samuel Shannon Post, of Centre Hall, has invited all the Sunday-schools to unite with it in celebrating Memorial day.

The ceremonies will be imposing as usual, and program as announced in Reporter last week.

——Mr. S. R. Stover, who has been confined to the house for several months, died at midnight on Wednesday, the 18th in Mill Hall, aged 68 years. He leaves a widow, but no children the latter all being dead. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon at one o'clock; interment in Ceder Hill cemetery.

——On the 11th inst. in Clay township, Huntingdon county, a son of Asbury Black, aged about 14 years, while assisting his father in peeling bark, accidentally threw his hand across the log on which his elder brother was chopping, and before the ax could be stayed it came down, cutting the boy's hand entirely off

——The hotel stand at Potters Mills is one of the old landmarks—it was put up when the Lewistown pike was made about 63 years ago. The court seems to have had no respect for old age, and refused it license. John Emerick, of our town, and grandpap Gast, of Mifflinburg, are among the few living ones who witnessed the construction of the Lewistown and Bellefonte turnpike.

——Graham & Son, have just opened up another lot of those elegant, fine kid hand turn pomp soles, button ladies' shoes, soft flexible soles, neat and dressy, a nice lot of misses and children's spring heel shoes, ladies' common sense shoes, all sizes, ladies and children's slippers, all kinds and sizes, Men's and boys shoes of every description. Give us a call and we will guarantee you will get the worth of your money every time. Try a pair of Hill's Waukenphasis $3 shoes, the best shoe for the money, every pair warranted. E. GRAHAM & SON.

AT PADDY MOUNTAIN.

TROUT, CHUBS AND OTHER EXTRAS.

A pleasant fishing party was on the morning train, Tuesday, bound for Paddy Mountain, it consisted of Daniel and Mrs. Hess, and Mrs. Ed. Hess, of Linden Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Himes and son Eugene, of Osceola, who were joined at Centre Hall by Mr. and Mrs. F. Kurtz, Walter Kurtz, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Kurtz. The forenoon was spent fishing in which all took a hand, or rod, and all took some fish, while to his fish Mr. Hess took a good ducking—the stones in Penns creek being so treacherously slippy you know. If any one wishes to learn about the character of the stones in that creek, inquire of Mr. Hess for further particulars, but be sure to stand a stone's throw from him when doing so, for prudential reasons. All caught trout, some hooked horn chubs for variety, and at 12 all had reported at Frank Bradford's railroad headquarters. Here the ladies spread a royal table, with roast turkey, chicken, and all the extras found on a Continental hotel bill of fare. An hour spent at the table eating and chatting, most of the party again shouldered their rods and made for the stream, but a rain setting in cut the afternoon short and catch short with short trout. Mr. Hess in the meantime mounted the first freight, where he hung himself close to the engine to dry and stopped off at Spring Mills to do some business that did not require stepping on slimy stones. The rest of the party, with about 100 fish, took the 3.17 train for home, having greatly enjoyed themselves. Mr. Himes caught the largest trout, Mrs. Himes the biggest chub and littlest trout, and the rest did so-so, the aggregate being satisfactory. The evaporation from the wet fisherman's breeches on the freight doubtless brought on the afternoon rain. He had got wet, 'tis true, but, as a recompense, has added to his knowledge of geology.

A striking addition to the pleasures of a fishing trip, is when you have the ladies along, their work comes in about noon, when all are sure of the best and biggest kind of "bite" to make up for bites not had along the stream.

SAD ACCIDENT.

A sad accident occurred on the railroad, at Spring Mills, on last Friday, about 4 o'clock, to a young man named Gray, a flagman, on a freight. Young Gray, whose age is about 19, was standing on the caboose, to the rear of which two freight cars were hooked to be shifted to another track. It seems he stood under the back door of the caboose, when there was a sudden jerk by the engine, which threw him off; his leg was run over by the next car, the wheels striking it about the foot and passing upward to above the ankle, crushing the limb so badly that Dr. Van Valzah found amputation below the knee necessary, in which operation he was assisted by Dr. Alexander. Gray was also severely hurt in the hip and received some painful injuries about the head.

COMMUNICATIONS.

SPRING MILLS.

The rain on Tuesday was welcome.

On Thursday, 19, a wreck occurred on the L. & T. Railroad two miles west of Laurelton by the east bound freight train running into the construction train, engineer Neyhart of the freight was running along at the rate of 50 miles an hour and paid no attention to the flagman of the construction train who was on duty and gave the proper signals in due time, and dashed into the engine of the construction train, demolishing both engines and four or five cars. The engineers and firemen saved themselves by jumping. No one hurt.

A very serious accident occurred last Friday evening while the construction train was doing some shifting the flagman, Wm. Gray, while on the hind part of the train it made a sudden stop and threw him off; three cars had passed over him and when pulled from under the cars was a pitiful object, having one of his limbs about four inches below the knee all mangled; his head and body otherwise badly bruised. He was carried to his home, where Dr. VanValzah, assisted by Dr. Alexander, amputated the limb below the knee. At this writing is doing very well.

Mrs. J. F. Potter, of Bellefonte, is visiting her brother, C. A. Krape.

Jessie Long, of Penn Cave House, will have about 20 summer boarders.

The stone for the new M. E. church are being hauled on the ground.

Wm. Zeigler, who went to Bellefonte to clerk has returned on account of misunderstanding in the wages.

D. H. Ruhl is the only circus man in town.

Shem Spigelmyer, of Antis Fort, was in town on Saturday.

Mr. I. J. Grenoble's family is leaving this week for parts unknown to the writer, and taking all their personal property along.

LINDEN HALL.

James M. Ross had a very fine colt die for him this week.

P. H. Meyer and family spent Sunday at Spring mills.

T. C. Heims and family are here on a visit to D. Hess.

Mr. Ed. you remember that mean fellow I complained of last winter; well, he is a nice boy now. He don't leave his best girl at home when he goes away for pleasure, but takes her right along.

Look out for a big affair in our town next month.

T. C. Heims and wife and son, with D. Hess and family, left on Tuesday morning train for Paddy Mt. Tunnel, where they were going to have a nice time fishing for the speckled beauties in Penns creek. Mr. Hess said he would show them how he used to catch trout in his earlier days, they arrived there in due time, the rods jointed and bait adjusted, they were ready. Mr. Hess taking the lead, but somehow he had forgot that the stones of Penns creek were very slippy, and the first haul they made was Mr. Hess out of the creek, and as he had but one suit with him, the rest of the day was put in drying his clothes, and as the rest of the party did not care to take any of his instructions in fishing the catch for the day was small. DUDE.

FISH.

If "variety is the spice of life," surely there was spice among the congenial members of the fishing party, who came to angle for trout in the gurgling streams around Paddys Mountain, on the 24th, inst.

One of the elder ones who thought to return to his boyhood sports had his previous experience brought vividly before him; of course the slippery rocks along the banks were at fault. He was seen leaving on the first freight engine that came that way, "homeward bound," warming and drying himself.

A nother, supposing that a dead (?) bumble bee would serve as a fly for trout, received a reminder in his finger that "not all is gold that glitters.

All told, the good humor and wit that preceded and followed the events, with several sprinklings of rain, proved only how fast time flows when spent pleasantly.

LOCAL MELANGE.

——Buy "Rochester Clothing" at Faubles.

——Another thunder shower, Wednesday evening.

——D. Gentzel, of Gregg had a horse die last week.

——John Weaver is building a new house at Coburn.

— Ice cream every day and evening at Shirk's ice cream parlor.

——Had a dashing thunder shower Tuesday evening, welcome ly to all.

——A blacksnake near 6 feet in length was killed by E. Krater, of Spring Mills.

——For summer silks, satin rhadimaes, summer silk and China silk, go to Lyon & Co.

——C. Dinges has opened an insurance agency in Bellefonte, in Harris' building.

——Sulky plow, advertised in REPORTER, can be bought at a bargain by applying at this office. tf.

——D. H. of L. H., has numerous compliments paid him in this issue on his piscatorial exploits, at P. Mt.

——Men's working shoes as low as 85c and better goods at slightly higher prices. LYON & CO.

——Oil-cloths, every pattern and width new and beautiful stock, at S. & A. Loebs, and very low in price.

——Subscribe for the REPORTER, it is always true to the interests of the public and not the servant of faction.

——Master Willie Shoop sells Williamsport Sunday newspapers and Charlie Krumbine handles the dailies.

——For black silk and moire and striped velvet to match all colored dress goods, be sure to call on Lyon & Co.

— Carpets of every grade, style and price, an entire new stock, largest and handsomest in the county, at S. & A. Loebs.

——A party named H. Fryer and a Mr. Auman had a set-to near Coburn the other day. Auman was taken to jail for want of bail.

——For all wool cheviot checks and silk mixed cloths, of the best quality, at the lowest price, you will find Lyon & Co., just the place.

——The announcement of W. J. Carlin for Register appears in this issue. He is a gentleman and scholar, and Democrat of the straightest sect.

——The merchants of Spring Mills, Penn, Haines and Miles, organized a protective association at Millheim on Friday, and elected H. Beck, president.

——We acknowlege the receipt of a copy of "Historical Sketch of the Lutheran Church in Nippenose Valley," by the author, Rev. T. J. Frederick, a 50 page pamphlet, full of interest.

——The Lutheran general Synod, meets in Omaha, next month. Rev. W E. Fischer, and Wm. Wolf, of this place, and Dr. Rhone, of Bellefonte, are delegates to the Synod, and will leave for Omaha next week.

——Kennedy & Shires have come out ahead in the prosecution against them in Snyder county. It turned out that the parties there had no case at all, and the defendants may now turn and plague the plagues for false arrest.

——Mrs. Samuel Homan, of Farmers Mills, has the most beautiful cactus plant in this region It is four years old and has one hundred and twenty seven flowers and buds, which cover it with wonderful richness and beauty.

——The amount of freight at the Paddy Mt. Tunnel station, last month reached the handsome sum of $5000. The shipments consist principally of prop timber and manufactured lumber. This shows heavy shipments. Frank Bradford, is the agent at that station.

——Read Harry Schroyer's new ad. in this issue. Mr. Schroyer handles carpets only and can show you the best and largest assortment of carpets to be found in this section of the state. Oil-cloths, mats, fancy rugs and novelties are kept in stock.

——Garmans new hotel building at Bellefonte is rapidly going up and will be under roof in the course of a week or so. The building when completed will be a model for convenience and completeness. They expect to have it completed by winter for occupancy.

——Monday will be observed as Decoration day in the lower end. The Post leaves Aaronsburg in the morning for St. Pauls, at Wolfs church at 9; at Aaronsburg at 10; at Millheim at 11; at Madisburg at 2½ p m., and at Rebersburg at 4½ p. m. The Rebersburg and Millheim bands to accompany the Post.

——W. H. Smith, the Clinton county Commissioner's Clerk, died very suddenly on Sunday afternoon while teaching his class at the Methodist Church in Lock Haven. The church was crowded and the greatest excitement prevailed. Mr. Smith had been in politics for at least twenty five years. He was a prominent Mason. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

MARRIED.

On the 19th inst., at Lemont, by Rev J. H. Welch, Mr. Wm. Hoy and Miss. Ada M. Campbell, both of Centre county.

At the residence of the bride's parents in Mifflinburg, on the 19th inst, by Rev. P. M Bickle of Penn'a. College, B. K Focht, Editor of the Lewisburg *Saturday News*, and Miss Edith V., daughter of H. G. Wolf, of Mifflinburg.

Miss Wolf is a niece of Wm. Wolf and of Commissioner John Wolf, of this valley. Mr and Mrs. Wm. Wolf, of our town, attended the wedding.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce that W. J. Carlin, of Miles township, is a candidate for Register, subject to Democratic usages.

We are authorized to announce that D. L. Zerby, of Millheim, is a candidate for Recorder, subject to Democratic usages.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lewisburg, Centre & Spruce Creek R. R. Co., will be held at the office of the company, No. 233 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa., on Tuesday, June 14, 1887, at 12 o'clock, M. Election for President and Directors same day and place. JAS. R. McCLURE, Sec'y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Francis Hessel, late of Potter twp., dec'd., having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will come forward and make immediate settlement and those having claims will present the same duly authenticated according to law.

WM. W. SPANGLER,
Potters Mills, May 25, 6t Executor.

CAUTION.—The following articles have been purchased by the undersigned at constable's sale as the property of John E. Reish, and will be left in his possession at my pleasure, namely: 2 horses, 5 head of young cattle, 1 cow, 4 calves, 3 sheep, 5 lambs, horse gears, 30 acres of wheat and 22 acres of rye in the ground. All persons are hereby cautioned against meddling with the same in any manner. W. L. KURTZ. xmay8

NEW STORE.

Mr. Wm. Shirk announces to the public that he has opened up his new store and hereafter will keep a full line of confectionery, candies, cakes, crackers, nuts, tropical fruits, etc., ice cream parlors open every Saturday. Meat market attached —keeps and sells none but the best of beef. Give him a call. 11may6m

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—The undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, of Wm. Boal, Sr. late of Potter twp, will expose to sale on FRIDAY MAY 27, at 1 o'clock, on the farm near Tusseyville, the real estate of said testator in Potter township: A small FARM, CONTAINING ABOUT 35 ACRES, bounded by lands of Daniel Horner, Oliver W. Love, Jas. Runkle and others. Also a tract of TIMBERLAND, near Klinefelter's saw mill, containing 40 ACRES, bounded by the lands of William Collier and others.

Terms of sale:—10 per cent. cash, balance in 4 months, when deed will be delivered.

JOHN B. LINN,
3tm4 Administrator.

NOTICE.

All unpaid coal accounts on the books of W. H. Bartholomew, not paid on or before July 1, 1887, will be left for collection. R. E. BARTHOLOMEW.
Centre Hall, 5-18, 2m.

THOMPSON'S

MERCHANT TAILORING.
MERCHANT TAILORING.

The time is here to buy Spring Cloth ing.

The question for you to consider, is "Where can I get the best satisfaction?"

We have a large and carefully selected stock to chose from.

Our cutter, who has had experience in the finest city trade, we are convinced can please you.

Our garments are made by none but first-class workmen, the same who were here before the firm dissolved.

Our prices are as low as is consistent with the goods. We have all the latest styles in gent's furnshing goods.

Give us a trial and be convinced.

Next door to post-office,

S. U. THOMPSON.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

SCHROYER'S
CARPET STORE,
Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa.

They must be selling Carpets at very low prices, as they have so many callers who, after examining their large stock, buy some of them before leaving.

A full line of goods is kept, from the cheapest to the best, consisting of Ingrains, extra Supers, Tapestry, Brussels, Body Brussels, Velvet Brussels and Moquettes.

I also keep a full line of Window Curtains and Fixtures, Rugs, Ottomans, and House Furnishing Goods generally.

The best and most complete assortment of goods to be found this side of Philadelphia, may be found at my store.

Carpets cut and made ready to put down. Floor Linen, Ruggets &c. Goods offered to the public are just as represented.

HARRY SCHROYER.

Store No. 8, Bishop Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

W. I. FLEMING,

The fashionable merchant tailor, having retired from the firm of W. I. Fleming & Co., has opened his establishment in Crider's Block, in the room formerly occupied by Dale Bros., next door to the First National Bank, where his old customers will find the finest line of goods at the lowest prices. Special attention given to cutting and fitting. A choice stock of

SPRING GOODS NOW IN.

Call and examine for yourself.

Spring, gentle spring, is here and every man and boy is thinking of a new suit.

I am crowded with work, but I put on a new hand whenever one is needed.

—O—ALL WORK GUARANTEED.—O—

The business boom has struck us and we are ready for it. You need not be alarmed about a great press of work as I will get out your order at the time promised. W. I. FLEMING,
Crider's Block. Bellefonte

PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold at Spring Mills, at 2 o'clock p. m., on SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1887, The real estate of W. B. Evans, dec'd., consisting of a

—HOUSE AND LOT.—

Terms will be made known on day of sale.
DANIEL KENNELLY,
Administrator

CENTRE HALL MARKETS.

Butter	22	Eggs	10
Ham	12	Sides	7
Shoulders	9	Potatoes	40
Lard	7		

GRAIN.

REPORTED WEEKLY BY KURTZ & SON.
Prices subject to fluctuations of market.

Wheat, red	$ 80	Oats	$ 28
Wheat, white	75	Rye	47
Corn, shelled	40	Barley, No. 1	36

Barley No. 2, mixed with oats, bought at oats weight and price.
Wheat mixed with Rye bought at rye weigh and price.

FLOUR AND FEED.

Fancy Pat. Flour	1 45	Bran per ton	15 00
Best Roller Flour	$ 1 35	Bran, retail, cwt.	90
2d Best Roll'r Flour	1 25	Chop per ton	22 00
Middlings per ton	18 50	" retail per cwt	1 25

COAL MARKET,

Broken	$5.00
Egg	5.25
Stove	5.50
Small Stove	5.50
Chestnut	5.25
Pea	3.40
Woodland	4.00
Soft	2.75

The above prices are for cash or grain only.
KURTZ & SON

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,